

Converting Colors

RGB(209, 126, 102)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(209, 126, 102) contains.

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Color

RGB(209, 126, 102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D17E66
RGB	209, 126, 102
RGB Percent	82%, 49%, 40%
CMY	0.1804, 0.5059, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.51, 0.18
HSL	13°, 54%, 61%
HSV	13°, 51%, 82%
XYZ	36.1536, 29.4363, 16.3466
YIQ	148.0810, 57.1720, 10.1320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

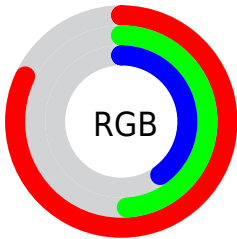
Format	Color
R _Y B	209, 133, 102
Decimal	13729382
CIE Lab	61.16, 29.67, 26.75
CIE LCh	61, 39.946, 42.033
Yxy	29.4363, 0.4412, 0.3593
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291919462 (0xFFD17E66)
YUV	148.0810, -22.7179, 53.4260
Hunter-Lab	54.2553, 23.9989, 20.1151

Details

The RGB color **209, 126, 102** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **102, 185, 209**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 179, 153**, and **151, 76, 55** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 110, 81**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **209, 142, 123**.

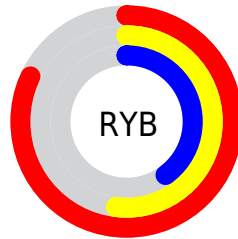
Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (49%)

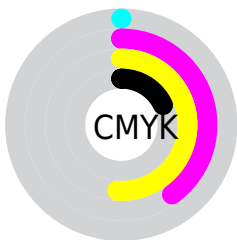
Blue (40%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (40%)

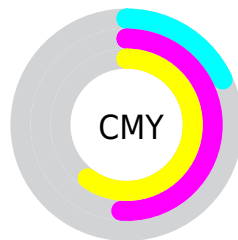


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 126, 102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 126, 102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 209, 126, 102


255, 255, 255

 255, 179, 153


 255, 207, 180

 255, 236, 208

 255, 255, 236

 209, 126, 102

 180, 100, 78

 151, 76, 55

 123, 52, 33

 95, 28, 11

 68, 3, 0


 44, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 209, 126, 102

 209, 110, 81

 209, 126, 102

 209, 142, 123


 209, 94, 60

 209, 158, 144

 209, 77, 39

 209, 175, 165

 209, 61, 18

 209, 191, 186

 209, 47, 0

 209, 207, 207

 209, 223, 227

 209, 239, 248

 209, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



215, 119, 135



209, 126, 102



188, 138, 80

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 126, 102



68, 164, 125



117, 146, 216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 126, 102



102, 185, 209

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36, 157, 214



209, 126, 102



0, 166, 161

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209, 126, 102



117, 159, 94



0, 164, 194



169, 133, 200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 126, 102



167, 146, 76



0, 164, 194



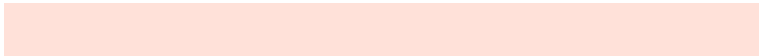
95, 150, 218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 126, 102



255, 225, 217



209, 102, 186



128, 110, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 126, 102



255, 134, 99



209, 179, 102



105, 96, 94



168, 38, 0



41, 9, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



102, 185, 209



99, 220, 255



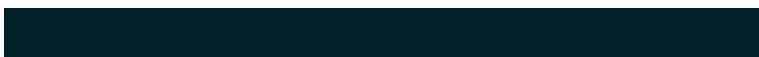
102, 132, 209



94, 102, 105



0, 131, 168



0, 32, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 126, 102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

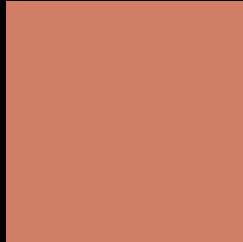
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 126, 102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 209, 126, 102 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 126, 102.

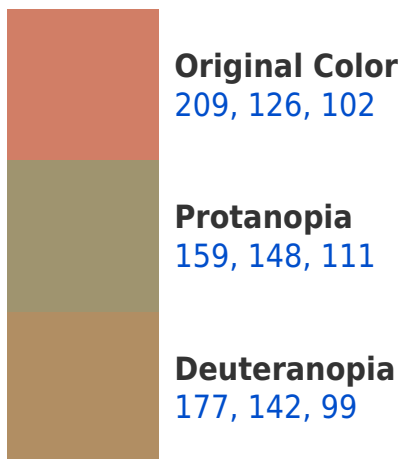


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 126, 102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
211, 122, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color

209, 126, 102

Protanomaly

177, 140, 108

Deuteranomaly

189, 136, 100

Tritanomaly

210, 123, 120

Monochromacy



Original Color

209, 126, 102

Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly

170, 140, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 126, 102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 126, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 126, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 126, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 126, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 126, 102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 126, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 126, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 126, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 126, 102); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 126, 102); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 126, 102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 126, 102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 126, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
126, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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