

Converting Colors

RGB(209, 130, 142)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(209, 130, 142) contains.

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Color

RGB(209, 130, 142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1828E
RGB	209, 130, 142
RGB Percent	82%, 51%, 56%
CMY	0.1804, 0.4902, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.32, 0.18
HSL	351°, 46%, 66%
HSV	351°, 38%, 82%
XYZ	39.1596, 31.4736, 29.6023
YIQ	154.9890, 43.2320, 20.4800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

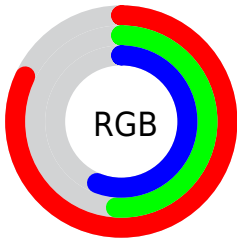
Format	Color
R _Y B	209, 130, 142
Decimal	13730446
CIE Lab	62.91, 31.94, 6.48
CIE LCh	63, 32.593, 11.467
Yxy	31.4736, 0.3907, 0.3140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291920526 (0xFFD1828E)
YUV	154.9890, -6.4036, 47.3676
Hunter-Lab	56.1013, 26.4186, 7.9861

Details

The RGB color **209, 130, 142** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **130, 209, 197**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 184, 196**, and **152, 79, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 109, 124**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **209, 151, 160**.

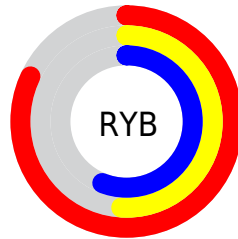
Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (51%)

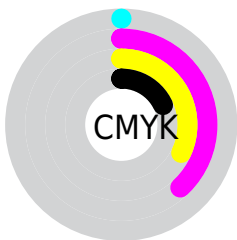
Blue (56%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (56%)

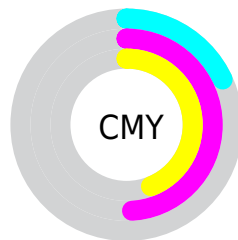


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 130, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 130, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 209, 130, 142

 209, 130, 142

255, 255, 255

 180, 104, 116


 255, 184, 196

 152, 79, 92

 255, 212, 224

 125, 55, 68

 255, 240, 252

 98, 31, 46

 72, 4, 26

 49, 0, 0

 4, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 209, 130, 142

 209, 130, 142

 209, 109, 124

 209, 151, 160

 209, 88, 107

 209, 172, 177

 209, 67, 89

 209, 193, 195

 209, 46, 71

 209, 214, 213

 209, 26, 53

 209, 235, 231

 209, 5, 36

 209, 255, 248

 209, 0, 32

 209, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198, 132, 171



209, 130, 142



205, 135, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 130, 142



129, 162, 108



82, 160, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 130, 142



130, 209, 197

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44, 166, 190



209, 130, 142



93, 166, 133

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209, 130, 142



161, 154, 95



57, 168, 163



129, 151, 209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 130, 142



194, 141, 102



57, 168, 163



67, 162, 202

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 130, 142



255, 227, 231



196, 130, 209



128, 111, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 130, 142



255, 140, 158



209, 156, 130



105, 94, 96



168, 0, 26



41, 0, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 130, 142



255, 140, 158



130, 183, 209



105, 94, 96



168, 0, 26



41, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 130, 142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

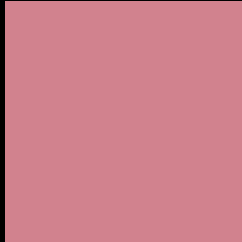
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 130, 142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 209, 130, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 130, 142.

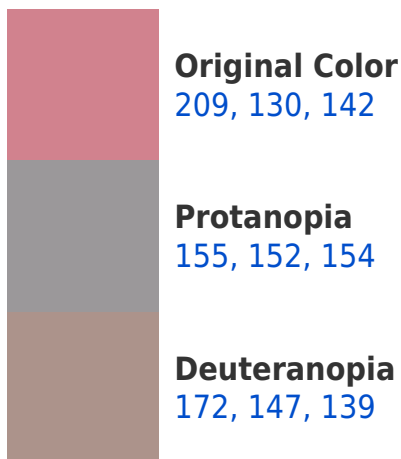



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 130, 142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
209, 130, 140

Trichromacy



Original Color
209, 130, 142

Protanomaly
175, 144, 150

Deuteranomaly
185, 141, 140

Tritanomaly
209, 130, 141

Monochromacy



Original Color
209, 130, 142

Achromatopsia
155, 155, 155

Achromatomaly
175, 146, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 130, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(209, 130, 142) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 130, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 130, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 130, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 130, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 130, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 130, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 130, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 130, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 130, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 130,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 130, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 130, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
130, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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