

Converting Colors

RGB(209, 133, 143)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(209, 133, 143) contains.

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Color

RGB(209, 133, 143)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1858F
RGB	209, 133, 143
RGB Percent	82%, 52%, 56%
CMY	0.1804, 0.4784, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.32, 0.18
HSL	352°, 45%, 67%
HSV	352°, 36%, 82%
XYZ	39.6399, 32.3135, 30.1345
YIQ	156.8640, 42.0860, 19.2220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

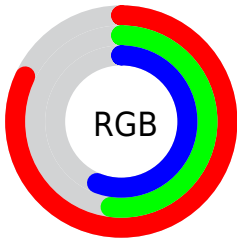
Format	Color
R _Y B	209, 133, 143
Decimal	13731215
CIE Lab	63.60, 30.46, 6.91
CIE LCh	64, 31.232, 12.777
Yxy	32.3135, 0.3883, 0.3165
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291921295 (0xFFD1858F)
YUV	156.8640, -6.8350, 45.7233
Hunter-Lab	56.8450, 24.9954, 8.3609

Details

The RGB color **209, 133, 143** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **133, 209, 199**, and the grayscale version is **157, 157, 157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 187, 197**, and **153, 82, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 112, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **209, 154, 161**.

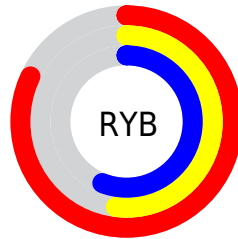
Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (52%)

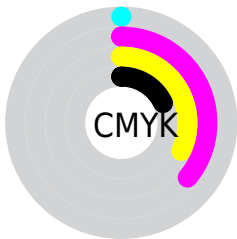
Blue (56%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (56%)

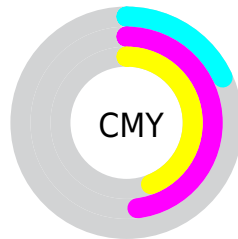


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 133, 143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 133, 143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 209, 133, 143

 209, 133, 143

255, 255, 255

 180, 107, 117

 255, 187, 197

 153, 82, 93

 255, 215, 225

 125, 58, 69

 255, 244, 253

 99, 34, 47

 73, 8, 27

 49, 0, 0

 7, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 209, 133, 143

 209, 133, 143

 209, 112, 125

 209, 154, 161

 209, 91, 107

 209, 175, 179

 209, 70, 89

 209, 196, 197

 209, 49, 70

 209, 217, 216

 209, 28, 52

 209, 238, 234

 209, 8, 34

 209, 255, 252

 209, 0, 28

 209, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



199, 135, 171



209, 133, 143



204, 138, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 133, 143



130, 164, 112



91, 161, 207

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 133, 143



133, 209, 199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58, 167, 191



209, 133, 143



97, 168, 137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209, 133, 143



161, 156, 99



65, 169, 165



134, 153, 208

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 133, 143



194, 144, 105



65, 169, 165



77, 164, 203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 133, 143



255, 227, 231



199, 133, 209



128, 111, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 133, 143



255, 143, 158



209, 161, 133



105, 94, 95



168, 0, 22



41, 0, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 133, 143



255, 143, 158



133, 181, 209



105, 94, 95



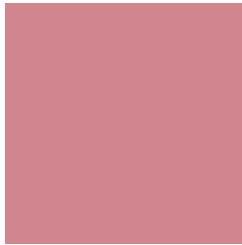
168, 0, 22



41, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 133, 143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

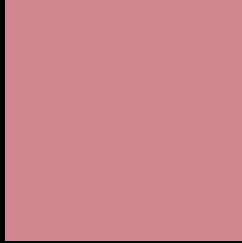
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 133, 143 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 209, 133, 143 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 133, 143.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 133, 143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
209, 133, 143

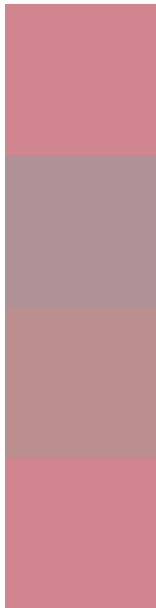
Protanopia
157, 154, 154

Deuteranopia
175, 149, 140



Tritanopia
209, 133, 143

Trichromacy



Original Color
209, 133, 143

Protanomaly
176, 146, 150

Deuteranomaly
187, 143, 141

Tritanomaly
209, 133, 143

Monochromacy



Original Color
209, 133, 143

Achromatopsia
157, 157, 157

Achromatomaly
176, 148, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 133, 143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(209, 133, 143) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 133, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 133, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 133, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 133, 143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 133, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 133, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 133, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 133, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 133, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 133,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 133, 143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 133, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
133, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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