

Converting Colors

RGB(209, 158, 137)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(209, 158, 137) contains.

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Color

RGB(209, 158, 137)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D19E89
RGB	209, 158, 137
RGB Percent	82%, 62%, 54%
CMY	0.1804, 0.3804, 0.4627
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.34, 0.18
HSL	18°, 44%, 68%
HSV	18°, 34%, 82%
XYZ	43.0367, 39.8152, 29.0837
YIQ	170.8550, 37.1370, 4.2810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

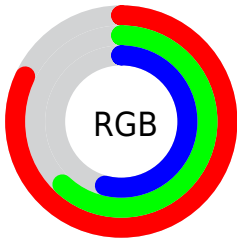
Format	Color
R _Y B	209, 167, 137
Decimal	13737609
CIE Lab	69.34, 16.11, 18.33
CIE LCh	69, 24.405, 48.687
Yxy	39.8152, 0.3845, 0.3557
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291927689 (0xFFD19E89)
YUV	170.8550, -16.6905, 33.4532
Hunter-Lab	63.0993, 11.3218, 16.8415

Details

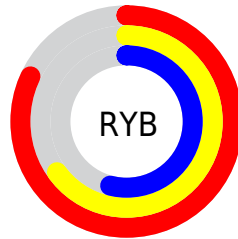
The RGB color **209, 158, 137** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **137, 188, 209**, and the grayscale version is **171, 171, 171**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 213, 190**, and **153, 106, 87** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 143, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **209, 173, 158**.

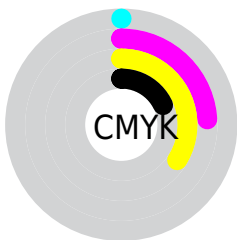
Distribution



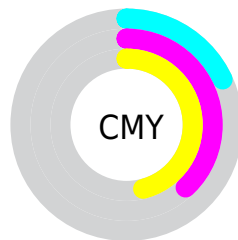
- Red (82%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 158, 137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 158, 137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 209, 158, 137

 209, 158, 137

255, 255, 255

 181, 132, 112

 255, 213, 190

 153, 106, 87

 255, 241, 218

 126, 82, 64

 255, 255, 247

 100, 59, 41


 74, 37, 21

 50, 16, 0

 26, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 209, 158, 137

 209, 158, 137

 209, 143, 116

 209, 173, 158

 209, 128, 95

 209, 188, 179

 209, 114, 74

 209, 202, 200

 209, 99, 53

 209, 217, 221

 209, 84, 33

 209, 232, 242

 209, 69, 12

 209, 247, 255

 209, 61, 0

 209, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



215, 154, 156



209, 158, 137



193, 165, 126

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 158, 137



122, 181, 160



162, 167, 211

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 158, 137



137, 188, 209

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131, 174, 212



209, 158, 137



106, 182, 183

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209, 158, 137



146, 178, 140



109, 179, 202



189, 159, 199

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 158, 137



179, 170, 126



109, 179, 202



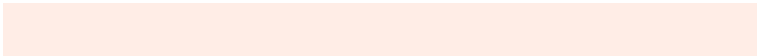
151, 169, 213

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 158, 137



255, 237, 230



209, 137, 189



128, 117, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 158, 137



255, 181, 150



209, 193, 137



105, 97, 94



168, 49, 0



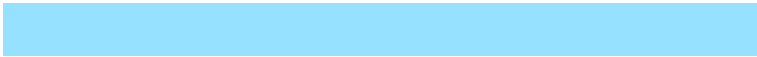
41, 12, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137, 188, 209



150, 225, 255



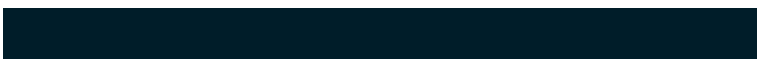
137, 153, 209



94, 102, 105



0, 119, 168



0, 29, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 158, 137 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

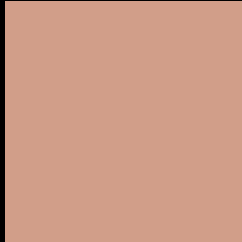
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 158, 137 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

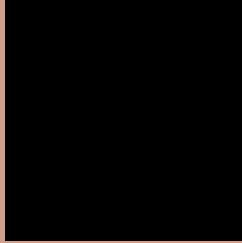
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 209, 158, 137 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 158, 137.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 158, 137.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
209, 158, 137

Protanopia
179, 169, 142

Deuteranopia
197, 163, 136



Tritanopia
212, 154, 166

Trichromacy



Original Color
209, 158, 137

Protanomaly
190, 165, 140

Deuteranomaly
201, 161, 136

Tritanomaly
211, 155, 155

Monochromacy



Original Color
209, 158, 137

Achromatopsia
171, 171, 171

Achromatomaly
185, 166, 159

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 158, 137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(209, 158, 137) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 158, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 158, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 158, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 158, 137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 158, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 158, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 158, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 158, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 158, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 158,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 158, 137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 158, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
158, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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