

Converting Colors

RGB(209, 163, 203)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(209, 163, 203) contains.

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Color

RGB(209, 163, 203)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1A3CB
RGB	209, 163, 203
RGB Percent	82%, 64%, 80%
CMY	0.1804, 0.3608, 0.2039
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.03, 0.18
HSL	308°, 33%, 73%
HSV	308°, 22%, 82%
XYZ	50.1712, 44.0615, 62.3603
YIQ	181.3140, 14.5760, 22.1920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

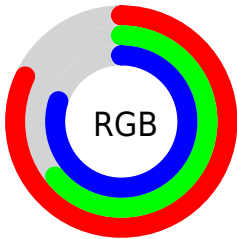
Format	Color
R _Y B	209, 163, 203
Decimal	13738955
CIE Lab	72.27, 23.62, -13.90
CIE LCh	72, 27.403, 329.515
Yxy	44.0615, 0.3204, 0.2814
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291929035 (0xFFD1A3CB)
YUV	181.3140, 10.6912, 24.2806
Hunter-Lab	66.3788, 18.7529, -9.2355

Details

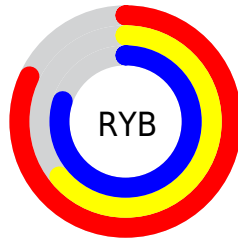
The RGB color **209, 163, 203** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **163, 209, 169**, and the grayscale version is **181, 181, 181**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 218, 255**, and **154, 111, 149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 142, 200**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **209, 184, 206**.

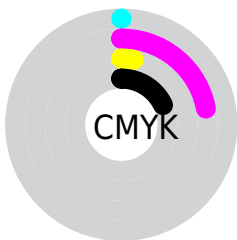
Distribution



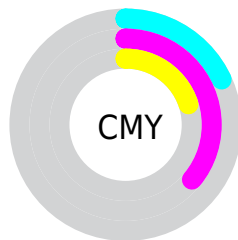
- Red (82%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 163, 203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 163, 203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 209, 163, 203

 209, 163, 203

255, 255, 255

 181, 137, 176

 255, 218, 255

 154, 111, 149

 255, 247, 255

 128, 86, 123

 102, 62, 98

 78, 40, 74

 54, 18, 51


 34, 0, 31


 0, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 209, 163, 203

 209, 163, 203

 209, 142, 200

 209, 184, 206

 209, 121, 198


 209, 205, 208

 209, 100, 195

 209, 226, 211

 209, 79, 192

 209, 247, 214

 209, 58, 189

 209, 255, 217

 209, 38, 187

 209, 255, 219

 209, 17, 184

 209, 255, 222

 209, 0, 182

 209, 255, 225

 209, 255, 228

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181, 171, 221



209, 163, 203



225, 159, 179

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 163, 203



196, 175, 127



102, 191, 201

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 163, 203



163, 209, 169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114, 191, 176



209, 163, 203



169, 183, 133

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209, 163, 203



216, 167, 135



140, 189, 151



114, 187, 220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 163, 203



228, 159, 162



140, 189, 151



103, 191, 193

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 163, 203



255, 237, 253



168, 163, 209



128, 117, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 163, 203



255, 189, 246



209, 163, 181



105, 94, 103



168, 0, 146



41, 0, 35

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 163, 203



255, 189, 246



163, 209, 191



105, 94, 103



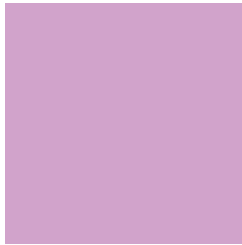
168, 0, 146



41, 0, 35

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 163, 203 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

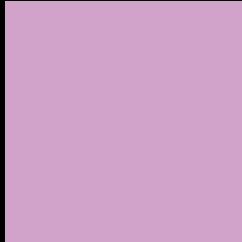
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 163, 203 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 209, 163, 203 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 163, 203.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 163, 203.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
206, 167, 180

Trichromacy



Original Color
209, 163, 203

Protanomaly
184, 171, 209

Deuteranomaly
193, 169, 202

Tritanomaly
207, 166, 188

Monochromacy



Original Color
209, 163, 203

Achromatopsia
181, 181, 181

Achromatomaly
191, 174, 189

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 163, 203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 163, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 163, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 163, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 163, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 163, 203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 163, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 163, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 163, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 163, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 163, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 163,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 163, 203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 163, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
163, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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