

# Converting Colors

RGB(209, 181, 146)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(209, 181, 146) contains.

<b>RGB(209, 181, 146)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(209, 181, 146)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D1B592
RGB	209, 181, 146
RGB Percent	82%, 71%, 57%
CMY	0.1804, 0.2902, 0.4275
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.30, 0.18
HSL	33°, 41%, 70%
HSV	33°, 30%, 82%
XYZ	48.0067, 48.6784, 34.0598
YIQ	185.3820, 27.9230, -4.9490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

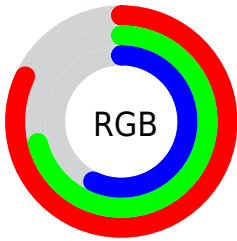
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">196, 209, 146</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13743506</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">75.25, 4.87, 21.56</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 22.106, 77.278</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.6784, 0.3672, 0.3723</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291933586</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFD1B592</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">185.3820, -19.4153, 20.7130</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.7699, 0.7235, 19.8952</a>

# Details

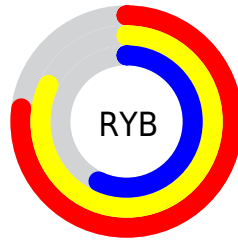
The RGB color **209, 181, 146** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **146, 174, 209**, and the grayscale version is **186, 186, 186**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 237, 200**, and **154, 128, 95** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 172, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **209, 190, 167**.

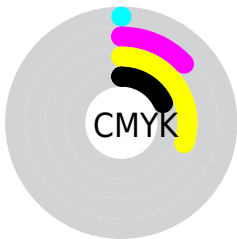
# Distribution



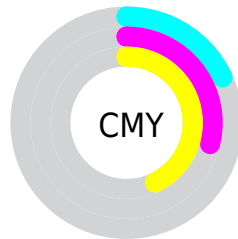
- Red (82%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 181, 146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 181, 146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 209, 181, 146

 209, 181, 146

255, 255, 255

 181, 154, 120

 255, 237, 200

 154, 128, 95

 255, 255, 228

 127, 103, 71

 101, 79, 49


 76, 56, 27

 53, 35, 2

 30, 14, 0

 0, 0, 0

 209, 181, 146

 209, 181, 146

 209, 172, 125

 209, 190, 167

 209, 162, 104

 209, 200, 188

 209, 153, 83

 209, 209, 209

 209, 144, 62

 209, 218, 230

 209, 135, 41

 209, 227, 250

 209, 125, 21

 209, 237, 255

 209, 116, 0

 209, 246, 255

 209, 255, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



223, 175, 156



209, 181, 146



188, 188, 146

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 181, 146



130, 197, 197



203, 176, 213

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 181, 146



146, 174, 209

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



177, 183, 224



209, 181, 146



132, 195, 214

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209, 181, 146



144, 196, 176



151, 190, 224



221, 172, 195

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 181, 146



173, 192, 153



151, 190, 224



195, 178, 218



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 181, 146



255, 245, 232



209, 146, 174



128, 121, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 181, 146



255, 214, 163



206, 209, 146



105, 100, 94



168, 94, 0



41, 23, 0

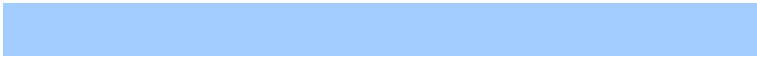


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



146, 174, 209



163, 204, 255



149, 146, 209



94, 99, 105



0, 75, 168



0, 18, 41



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 181, 146 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

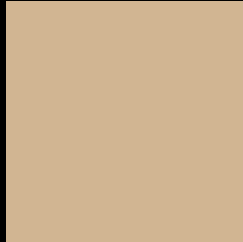
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 181, 146 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

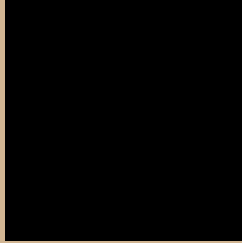
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

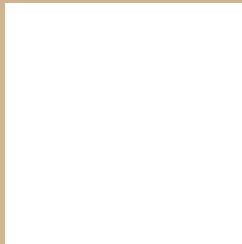
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 209, 181, 146 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 181, 146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 181, 146.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
209, 181, 146

**Protanopia**  
197, 185, 148

**Deuteranopia**  
217, 178, 147



# Tritanopia

214, 175, 189

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
209, 181, 146

**Protanomaly**  
201, 184, 147

**Deuteranomaly**  
214, 179, 147

**Tritanomaly**  
212, 177, 173

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
209, 181, 146

**Achromatopsia**  
185, 185, 185

**Achromatomaly**  
194, 184, 171

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 181, 146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(209, 181, 146) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 181, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 181, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 181, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 181, 146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 181, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 181, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 181, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 181, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 181, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 181,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 181, 146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 181, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
181, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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