

Converting Colors

RGB(209, 188, 238)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(209, 188, 238) contains.

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Color

RGB(209, 188, 238)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1BCEE
RGB	209, 188, 238
RGB Percent	82%, 74%, 93%
CMY	0.1804, 0.2627, 0.0667
CMYK	0.12, 0.21, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	265°, 60%, 84%
HSV	265°, 21%, 93%
XYZ	59.7103, 55.6948, 88.4920
YIQ	199.9790, -3.5340, 20.0020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

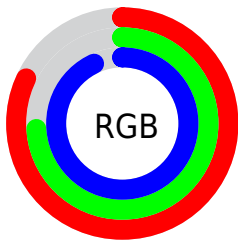
Format	Color
R _Y B	209, 188, 238
Decimal	13745390
CIE Lab	79.44, 16.85, -22.09
CIE LCh	79, 27.783, 307.331
Yxy	55.6948, 0.2928, 0.2732
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291935470 (0xFFD1BCEE)
YUV	199.9790, 18.7444, 7.9114
Hunter-Lab	74.6289, 12.2165, -18.0634

Details

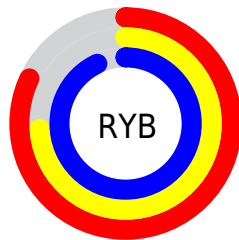
The RGB color **209, 188, 238** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C4CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **217, 238, 188**, and the grayscale version is **200, 200, 200**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 244, 255**, and **154, 135, 182** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **195, 164, 238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **223, 212, 238**.

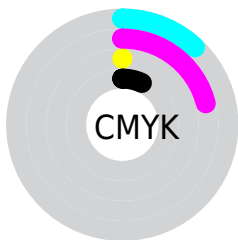
Distribution



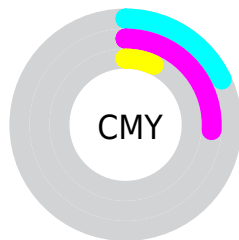
- Red (82%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 188, 238 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 188, 238 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 209, 188, 238

 209, 188, 238

255, 255, 255

 181, 161, 210

 255, 244, 255

 154, 135, 182

 128, 109, 155

 102, 85, 129

 78, 62, 104

 54, 40, 79

 32, 19, 56

 12, 0, 35

 0, 0, 9

■ 209, 188, 238

■ 209, 188, 238

■ 195, 164, 238

■ 223, 212, 238

■ 181, 140, 238

■ 237, 236, 238

■ 168, 117, 238

■ 250, 255, 238

■ 154, 93, 238

■ 255, 255, 238

■ 140, 69, 238

■ 126, 45, 238

■ 112, 21, 238

■ 100, 0, 238

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174, 197, 248



209, 188, 238



236, 181, 217

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 188, 238



233, 188, 150



128, 212, 202

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 188, 238



217, 238, 188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151, 210, 176



209, 188, 238



209, 197, 145

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209, 188, 238



247, 181, 167



181, 205, 155



121, 210, 227

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 188, 238



246, 178, 200



181, 205, 155



134, 211, 193

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 188, 238



246, 240, 255



188, 217, 238



122, 119, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 188, 238



218, 191, 255



234, 188, 238



113, 108, 120



77, 0, 184



24, 0, 56

Inverse Universe

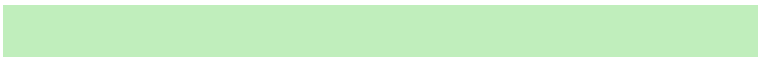
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



238, 188, 217



255, 191, 228



192, 238, 188



120, 108, 115



184, 0, 106



56, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 188, 238 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

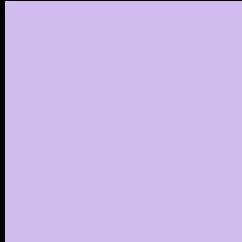
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 188, 238 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

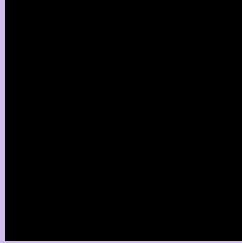
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 209, 188, 238 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 188, 238.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 188, 238.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
209, 188, 238

Protanopia
186, 195, 243

Deuteranopia
196, 192, 237



Tritanopia
204, 193, 209

Trichromacy



Original Color
209, 188, 238

Protanomaly
194, 192, 241

Deuteranomaly
201, 191, 237

Tritanomaly
206, 191, 220

Monochromacy



Original Color
209, 188, 238

Achromatopsia
200, 200, 200

Achromatomaly
203, 196, 214

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 188, 238 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 188, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 188, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 188, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 188, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 188, 238 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 188, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 188, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 188, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 188, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 188, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 188,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 188, 238 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 188, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
188, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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