

# Converting Colors

RGB(209, 193, 221)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(209, 193, 221) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(209, 193, 221)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D1C1DD
RGB	209, 193, 221
RGB Percent	82%, 76%, 87%
CMY	0.1804, 0.2431, 0.1333
CMYK	0.05, 0.13, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	274°, 29%, 81%
HSV	274°, 13%, 87%
XYZ	58.4156, 56.9157, 76.3136
YIQ	200.9760, 0.5480, 12.1000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

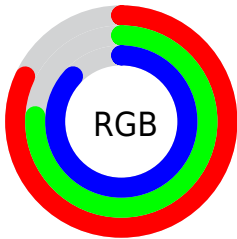
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	209, 193, 221
Decimal	13746653
CIE Lab	80.13, 10.75, -11.91
CIE LCh	80, 16.041, 312.060
Yxy	56.9157, 0.3048, 0.2970
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291936733 (0xFFD1C1DD)
YUV	200.9760, 9.8718, 7.0370
Hunter-Lab	75.4425, 6.1893, -7.1649

# Details

The RGB color **209, 193, 221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **205, 221, 193**, and the grayscale version is **201, 201, 201**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 249, 255, and **154, 139, 166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **200, 171, 221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **218, 215, 221**.

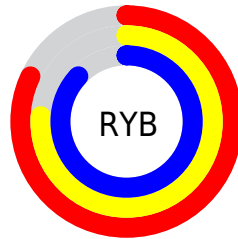
# Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (76%)

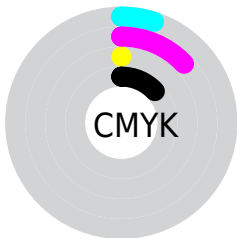
Blue (87%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (87%)

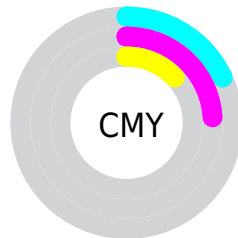


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 193, 221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 193, 221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 209, 193, 221

255, 255, 255


 255, 249, 255

 209, 193, 221

 181, 166, 193

 154, 139, 166

 128, 114, 140

 103, 89, 114

 79, 66, 90

 56, 44, 66


 34, 23, 44

 14, 0, 24


 0, 0, 0

 209, 193, 221


 209, 193, 221

 200, 171, 221


 218, 215, 221

 190, 149, 221

 228, 237, 221

 181, 127, 221


 237, 255, 221


 171, 105, 221


 247, 255, 221

 162, 83, 221

 255, 255, 221

 152, 60, 221

 143, 38, 221

 133, 16, 221

 126, 0, 221

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



190, 198, 228



209, 193, 221



223, 189, 208

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 193, 221



219, 195, 171



161, 208, 204

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 193, 221



205, 221, 193

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171, 207, 189



209, 193, 221



204, 200, 170

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209, 193, 221



229, 191, 179



187, 204, 176



161, 206, 218

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 193, 221



229, 188, 198



187, 204, 176



164, 208, 199



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 193, 221



251, 245, 255



193, 205, 221



125, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 193, 221



239, 217, 255



221, 193, 219



105, 99, 110



99, 0, 173



26, 0, 46



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 193, 205



255, 217, 233



193, 221, 195



110, 99, 103



173, 0, 74

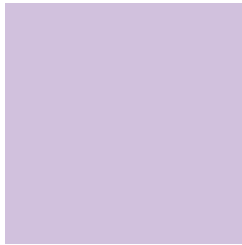


46, 0, 20



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 193, 221 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

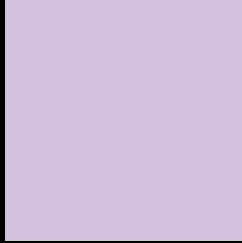
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 193, 221 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 209, 193, 221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 193, 221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 193, 221.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
209, 193, 221

**Protanopia**  
195, 197, 224

**Deuteranopia**  
208, 193, 221



**Tritanopia**  
207, 195, 210

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
209, 193, 221

**Protanomaly**  
200, 196, 223

**Deuteranomaly**  
208, 193, 221

**Tritanomaly**  
208, 194, 214

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
209, 193, 221

**Achromatopsia**  
201, 201, 201

**Achromatomaly**  
204, 198, 208

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 193, 221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 193, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 193, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 193, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 193, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 193, 221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

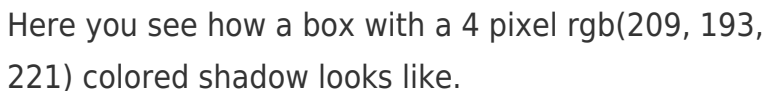
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 193, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 193, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 193, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 193, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 193, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 193,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 193, 221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 193, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
193, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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