

Converting Colors

RGB(209, 230, 182)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(209, 230, 182) contains.

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Color

RGB(209, 230, 182)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1E6B6
RGB	209, 230, 182
RGB Percent	82%, 90%, 71%
CMY	0.1804, 0.0980, 0.2863
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.21, 0.10
HSL	86°, 49%, 81%
HSV	86°, 21%, 90%
XYZ	63.0348, 73.5263, 55.1257
YIQ	218.2490, 2.8920, -19.3800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

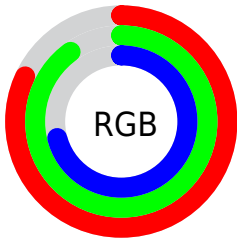
Format	Color
RYB	182, 230, 203
Decimal	13756086
CIELab	88.70, -15.25, 21.11
CIELCh	89, 26.046, 125.850
Yxy	73.5263, 0.3288, 0.3836
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291946166 (0xFFD1E6B6)
YUV	218.2490, -17.8708, -8.1114
Hunter-Lab	85.7475, -18.8390, 21.9067

Details

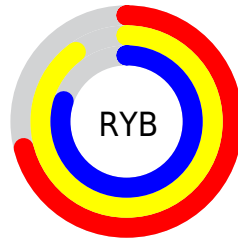
The RGB color **209, 230, 182** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **203, 182, 230**, and the grayscale version is **218, 218, 218**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 238**, and **154, 174, 129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **199, 230, 159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **219, 230, 205**.

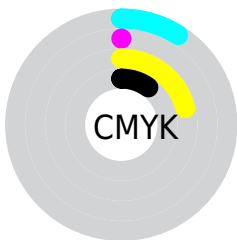
Distribution



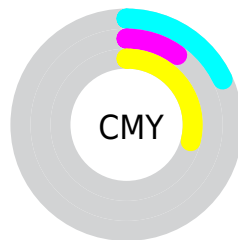
- Red (82%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 230, 182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 230, 182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 209, 230, 182

 209, 230, 182


255, 255, 255

 181, 202, 155


 255, 255, 238

 154, 174, 129

 128, 148, 104

 103, 122, 79

 78, 97, 56

 55, 73, 34

 32, 51, 12

 9, 30, 0

 0, 0, 0

 209, 230, 182

 209, 230, 182

 199, 230, 159


 219, 230, 205

 189, 230, 136

 229, 230, 228

 179, 230, 113

 239, 230, 251

 169, 230, 90

 249, 230, 255

 159, 230, 67

 255, 230, 255

 149, 230, 44

 139, 230, 21

 129, 230, 0

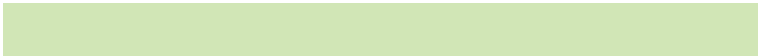
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



237, 223, 173



209, 230, 182



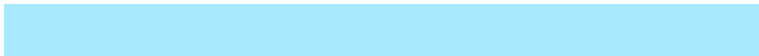
181, 235, 202

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 230, 182



169, 231, 255



255, 205, 219

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 230, 182



203, 182, 230

Split Complementary

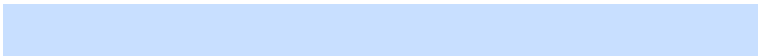
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 208, 244



209, 230, 182



200, 223, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



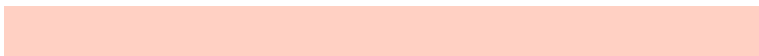
209, 230, 182



154, 236, 251



233, 215, 255



255, 208, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 230, 182



165, 237, 218



233, 215, 255



255, 205, 227

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 230, 182



248, 255, 240



230, 203, 182



124, 128, 119



0, 0, 0



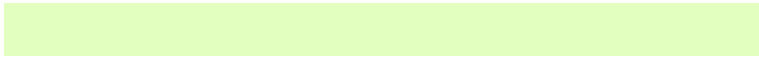
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 230, 182



227, 255, 191



185, 230, 182



110, 115, 103



100, 179, 0



29, 51, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



203, 182, 230



219, 191, 255



227, 182, 230



108, 103, 115



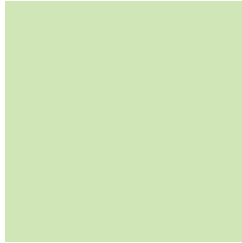
78, 0, 179



22, 0, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 230, 182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 230, 182 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

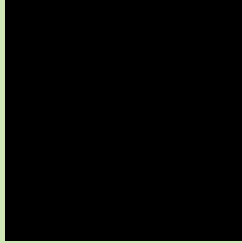
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

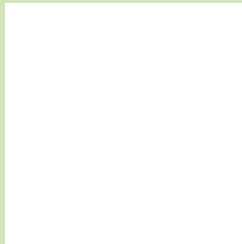
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 209, 230, 182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 230, 182.

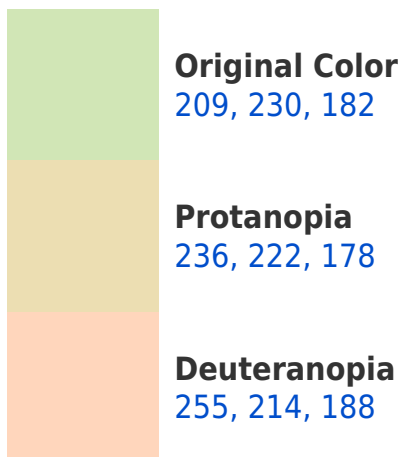


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 230, 182.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

217, 222, 240

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 230, 182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 230, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 230, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 230, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 230, 182) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 230, 182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 230, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 230, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 230, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 230, 182); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 230, 182); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 230, 182) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 230, 182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 230, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
230, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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