

Converting Colors

RGB(209, 61, 115)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(209, 61, 115) contains.

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Color

RGB(209, 61, 115)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D13D73
RGB	209, 61, 115
RGB Percent	82%, 24%, 45%
CMY	0.1804, 0.7608, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.45, 0.18
HSL	338°, 62%, 53%
HSV	338°, 71%, 82%
XYZ	31.0578, 18.1306, 18.0823
YIQ	111.4080, 70.8740, 48.1700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

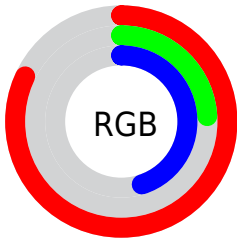
Format	Color
RYB	209, 61, 115
Decimal	13712755
CIELab	49.65, 61.40, 3.26
CIElCh	50, 61.482, 3.043
Yxy	18.1306, 0.4617, 0.2695
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291902835 (0xFFD13D73)
YUV	111.4080, 1.7709, 85.5882
Hunter-Lab	42.5800, 55.6823, 4.6276

Details

The RGB color **209, 61, 115** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **61, 209, 155**, and the grayscale version is **111, 111, 111**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 119, 167**, and **149, 0, 67** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 40, 102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **209, 82, 128**.

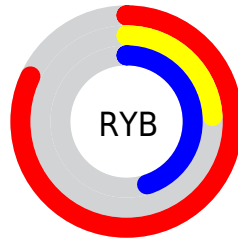
Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (24%)

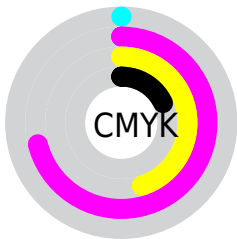
Blue (45%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (45%)

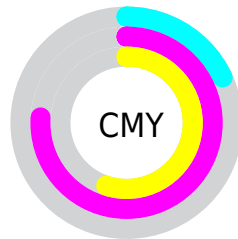


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)
















Magenta (76%)





Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 61, 115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 61, 115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 209, 61, 115	 209, 61, 115
 255, 255, 255	 179, 26, 91
 255, 119, 167	 149, 0, 67
 255, 147, 194	 120, 0, 45
 255, 176, 222	 91, 0, 25
 255, 205, 250	 65, 0, 3
 255, 234, 255	 30, 0, 1
	 0, 0, 0

 209, 61, 115	 209, 61, 115
 209, 40, 102	 209, 82, 128

■ 209, 19, 88

■ 209, 103, 142

■ 209, 0, 76

■ 209, 124, 155

■ 209, 145, 168

■ 209, 166, 181

■ 209, 186, 195

■ 209, 207, 208

■ 209, 228, 221

■ 209, 249, 234

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184, 76, 166



209, 61, 115



205, 73, 64

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 61, 115



84, 131, 11



0, 136, 211

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 61, 115



61, 209, 155

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 141, 174



209, 61, 115



0, 138, 68

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209, 61, 115



137, 118, 0



0, 142, 122



0, 123, 223

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 61, 115



189, 89, 32



0, 142, 122



0, 138, 201

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 61, 115



255, 201, 221



155, 61, 209



128, 96, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 61, 115



255, 38, 117



209, 81, 61



105, 94, 98



168, 0, 61



41, 0, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 61, 115



255, 38, 117



61, 189, 209



105, 94, 98



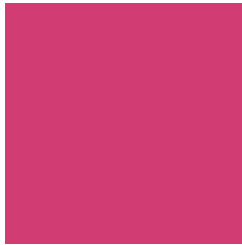
168, 0, 61



41, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 61, 115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

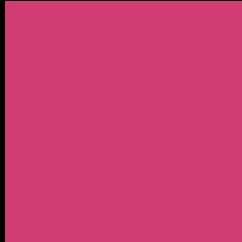
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 61, 115 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 209, 61, 115 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 61, 115.

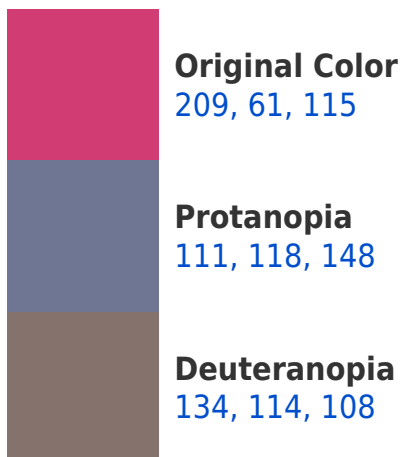


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 61, 115.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

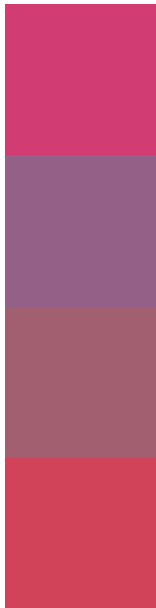
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
207, 70, 74

Trichromacy



Original Color

209, 61, 115

Protanomaly

147, 97, 136

Deuteranomaly

161, 95, 111

Tritanomaly

208, 67, 89

Monochromacy



Original Color

209, 61, 115

Achromatopsia

111, 111, 111

Achromatomaly

147, 93, 112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 61, 115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 61, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 61, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 61, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 61, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 61, 115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 61, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 61, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 61, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 61, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 61, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 61,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 61, 115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 61, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209, 61,  
115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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