

Converting Colors

RGB(209, 61, 255)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(209, 61, 255) contains.

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Color

RGB(209, 61, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D13DFF
RGB	209, 61, 255
RGB Percent	82%, 24%, 100%
CMY	0.1804, 0.7608, 0.0000
CMYK	0.18, 0.76, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	286°, 100%, 62%
HSV	286°, 76%, 100%
XYZ	46.0132, 24.1128, 96.8368
YIQ	127.3680, 25.9340, 91.7100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

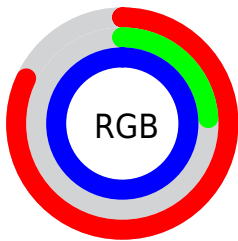
Format	Color
R _Y B	209, 61, 255
Decimal	13712895
CIE Lab	56.20, 81.39, -67.85
CIE LCh	56, 105.964, 320.184
Yxy	24.1128, 0.2756, 0.1444
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291902975 (0xFFD13DFF)
YUV	127.3680, 62.9226, 71.5913
Hunter-Lab	49.1048, 81.3286, -82.5492

Details

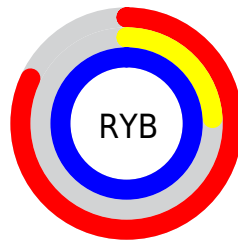
The RGB color **209, 61, 255** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **107, 255, 61**, and the grayscale version is **127, 127, 127**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 123, 255**, and **149, 0, 197** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203, 35, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215, 87, 255**.

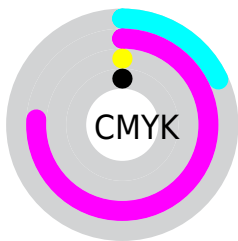
Distribution



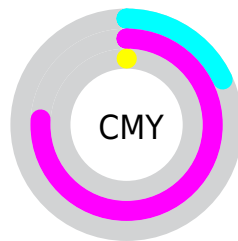
- Red (82%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 61, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 61, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 209, 61, 255

 209, 61, 255

255, 255, 255

 179, 16, 226

 255, 123, 255

 149, 0, 197

 255, 153, 255

 120, 0, 169

 255, 182, 255

 90, 0, 142

 255, 212, 255

 60, 0, 115

 255, 242, 255

 28, 0, 90

 0, 0, 65

 0, 3, 42

 0, 1, 20

■ 209, 61, 255

■ 209, 61, 255

■ 203, 35, 255

■ 215, 87, 255

■ 197, 10, 255

■ 221, 112, 255

■ 195, 0, 255

■ 227, 138, 255

■ 233, 163, 255

■ 239, 189, 255

■ 245, 214, 255

■ 251, 240, 255

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 125, 255



209, 61, 255



255, 0, 169

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 61, 255



189, 120, 0



0, 171, 197

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 61, 255



107, 255, 61

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 168, 100



209, 61, 255



104, 149, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209, 61, 255



251, 64, 0



0, 163, 0



0, 169, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 61, 255



255, 0, 108



0, 163, 0



0, 170, 165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 61, 255



241, 196, 255



61, 110, 255



119, 92, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 61, 255



200, 23, 255



255, 61, 207



124, 115, 128



146, 0, 191



49, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 61, 107



255, 23, 78



61, 255, 110



128, 115, 118



191, 0, 45



64, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 61, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

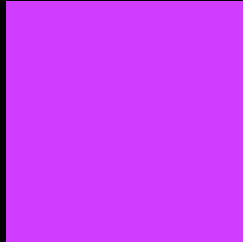
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 61, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

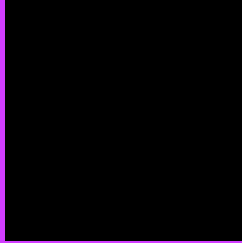
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 209, 61, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 61, 255.

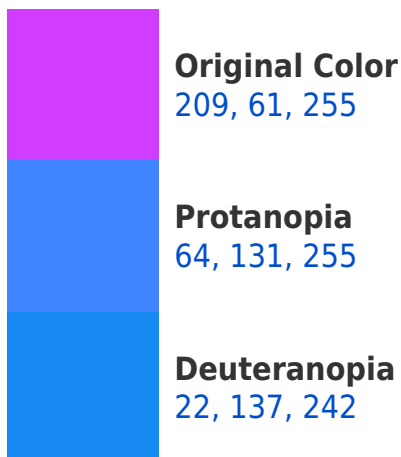


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 61, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
190, 112, 120

Trichromacy



Original Color

209, 61, 255



Protanomaly

117, 106, 255



Deuteranomaly

90, 109, 247



Tritanomaly

197, 93, 169

Monochromacy



Original Color

209, 61, 255



Achromatopsia

127, 127, 127



Achromatomaly

157, 103, 174

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 61, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 61, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(209, 61, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 61, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 61, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 61, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 61, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 61, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 61, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 61, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 61, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 61,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 61, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 61, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209, 61,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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