

Converting Colors

RGB(209, 69, 198)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(209, 69, 198) contains.

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Color

RGB(209, 69, 198)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D145C6
RGB	209, 69, 198
RGB Percent	82%, 27%, 78%
CMY	0.1804, 0.7294, 0.2235
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 0.05, 0.18
HSL	305°, 60%, 55%
HSV	305°, 67%, 82%
XYZ	38.6157, 21.8888, 55.6158
YIQ	125.5660, 42.0310, 69.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

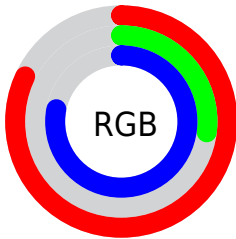
Format	Color
R _Y B	209, 69, 198
Decimal	13714886
CIE Lab	53.91, 68.99, -39.34
CIE LCh	54, 79.419, 330.306
Yxy	21.8888, 0.3325, 0.1885
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291904966 (0xFFD145C6)
YUV	125.5660, 35.7100, 73.1716
Hunter-Lab	46.7854, 65.4554, -37.7306

Details

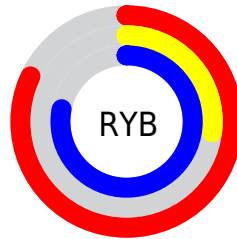
The RGB color **209, 69, 198** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **69, 209, 80**, and the grayscale version is **125, 125, 125**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 127, 255**, and **151, 0, 144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 48, 196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **209, 90, 200**.

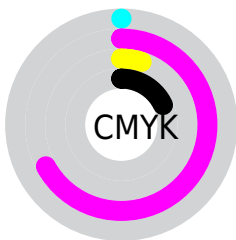
Distribution



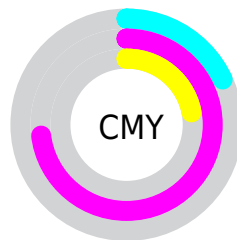
- Red (82%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 69, 198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 69, 198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



209, 69, 198



209, 69, 198

255, 255, 255



180, 35, 170



255, 127, 255



151, 0, 144



255, 156, 255



123, 0, 118



255, 185, 255



95, 0, 92



255, 214, 255



68, 0, 68



255, 244, 255



41, 0, 45



0, 1, 23



0, 0, 0



209, 69, 198



209, 69, 198

■ 209, 48, 196

■ 209, 90, 200

■ 209, 27, 195

■ 209, 111, 201

■ 209, 6, 193

■ 209, 132, 203

■ 209, 0, 193

■ 209, 153, 205

■ 209, 174, 206

■ 209, 194, 208

■ 209, 215, 209

■ 209, 236, 211

■ 209, 255, 213

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119, 110, 249



209, 69, 198



244, 31, 131

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 69, 198



156, 126, 0



0, 158, 197

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 69, 198



69, 209, 80

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 158, 128



209, 69, 198



86, 144, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209, 69, 198



208, 97, 0



0, 154, 55



0, 153, 248

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 69, 198



245, 43, 86



0, 154, 55



0, 158, 175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 69, 198



255, 204, 251



78, 69, 209



128, 97, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 69, 198



255, 51, 239



209, 69, 130



105, 94, 104



168, 0, 155



41, 0, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 69, 198



255, 51, 239



69, 209, 148



105, 94, 104



168, 0, 155



41, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 69, 198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

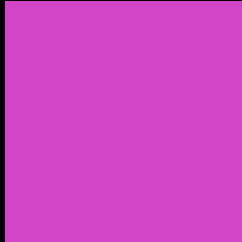
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 69, 198 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

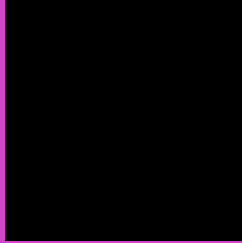
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 209, 69, 198 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 69, 198.

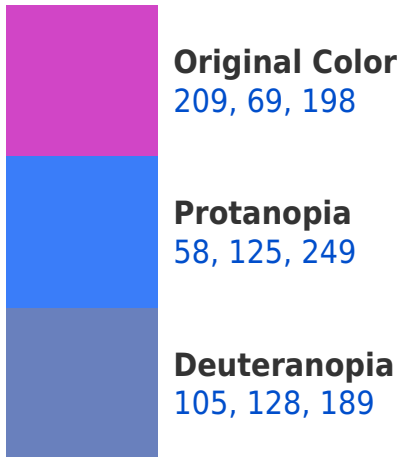


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 69, 198.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
199, 98, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color

209, 69, 198



Protanomaly

113, 105, 230



Deuteranomaly

143, 107, 192



Tritanomaly

203, 87, 139

Monochromacy



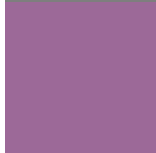
Original Color

209, 69, 198



Achromatopsia

126, 126, 126



Achromatomaly

156, 105, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 69, 198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(209, 69, 198) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 69, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 69, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 69, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 69, 198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 69, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 69, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 69, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 69, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 69, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 69,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 69, 198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 69, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209, 69,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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