

Converting Colors

RGB(20, 180, 202)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(20, 180, 202) contains.

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Color

RGB(20, 180, 202)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	14B4CA
RGB	20, 180, 202
RGB Percent	8%, 71%, 79%
CMY	0.9216, 0.2941, 0.2078
CMYK	0.90, 0.11, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	187°, 82%, 44%
HSV	187°, 90%, 79%
XYZ	27.2704, 37.0555, 61.5922
YIQ	134.6680, -102.4220, -27.0780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

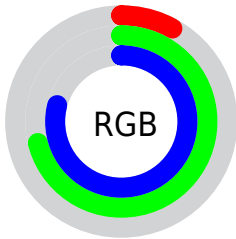
Format	Color
RYB	20, 105, 202
Decimal	1357002
CIELab	67.32, -29.35, -21.75
CIELCh	67, 36.536, 216.541
Yxy	37.0555, 0.2166, 0.2943
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279547082 (0xFF14B4CA)
YUV	134.6680, 33.1947, -100.5638
Hunter-Lab	60.8732, -26.5625, -17.3790

Details

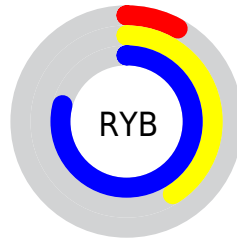
The RGB color **20, 180, 202** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **202, 42, 20**, and the grayscale version is **134, 134, 134**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **107, 236, 255**, and **0, 127, 148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 178, 202**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40, 182, 202**.

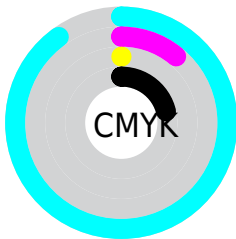
Distribution



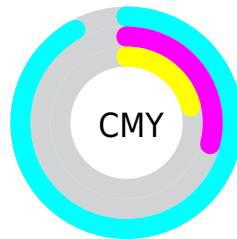
- Red (8%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)





- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 20, 180, 202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 20, 180, 202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 20, 180, 202

 20, 180, 202


255, 255, 255

 0, 153, 175

 107, 236, 255

 0, 127, 148

 139, 255, 255

 0, 101, 122


 170, 255, 255

 0, 77, 97

 200, 255, 255


 0, 54, 73


 231, 255, 255

 0, 34, 51

 0, 2, 30

 0, 0, 0

 20, 180, 202

 20, 180, 202

■ 0, 178, 202

■ 40, 182, 202

■ 60, 185, 202

■ 81, 187, 202

■ 101, 190, 202

■ 121, 192, 202

■ 141, 195, 202

■ 161, 197, 202

■ 182, 200, 202

■ 202, 202, 202

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57, 182, 170



20, 180, 202



70, 174, 224

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20, 180, 202



211, 142, 191



179, 164, 98

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 180, 202



202, 42, 20

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207, 153, 104



20, 180, 202



227, 138, 158

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20, 180, 202



177, 153, 217



225, 143, 126



143, 174, 110

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 180, 202



109, 168, 229



225, 143, 126



189, 161, 98

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 180, 202



186, 247, 255



20, 202, 41



87, 123, 128



0, 0, 0



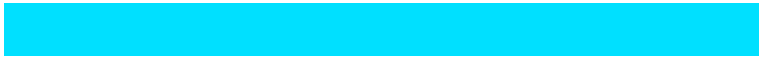
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 180, 202



0, 224, 255



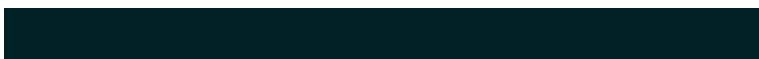
20, 90, 202



92, 101, 102



0, 146, 166



0, 34, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



202, 20, 180



255, 0, 224



202, 132, 20



102, 92, 101



166, 0, 146



38, 0, 34

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 20, 180, 202 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 20, 180, 202 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

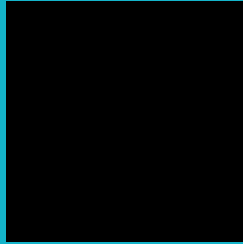
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 20, 180, 202 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 20, 180, 202.

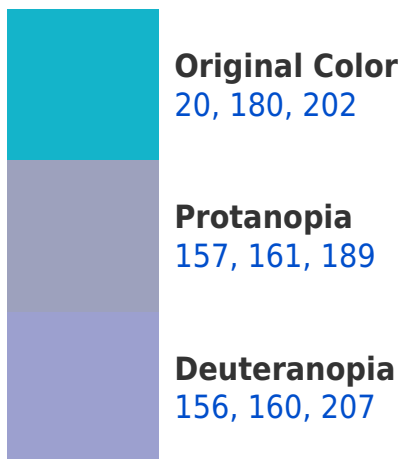


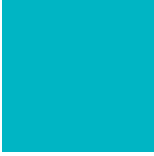
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 20, 180, 202.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 181, 196

Trichromacy



Original Color
20, 180, 202



Protanomaly
107, 168, 194



Deuteranomaly
107, 167, 205



Tritanomaly
7, 181, 198

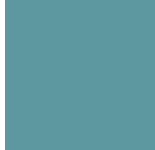
Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 180, 202



Achromatopsia
135, 135, 135



Achromatomaly
93, 151, 159

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 20, 180, 202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 180, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 180, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 180, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 180, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 20, 180, 202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 180, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 180, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 180, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 180, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 180, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 180,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 20, 180, 202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 180, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 180,  
202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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