

Converting Colors

RGB(20, 93, 181)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(20, 93, 181) contains.

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Color

RGB(20, 93, 181)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	145DB5
RGB	20, 93, 181
RGB Percent	8%, 36%, 71%
CMY	0.9216, 0.6353, 0.2902
CMYK	0.89, 0.49, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	213°, 80%, 39%
HSV	213°, 89%, 71%
XYZ	12.5433, 11.3136, 45.2387
YIQ	81.2050, -71.7560, 11.8920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

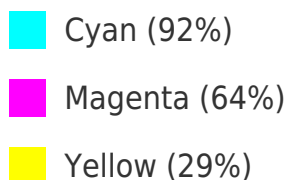
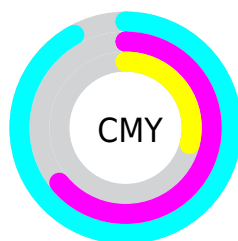
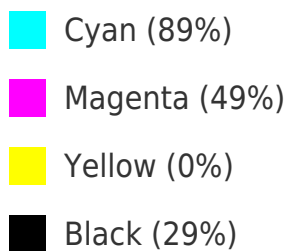
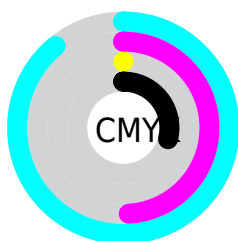
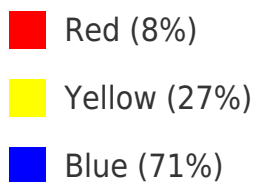
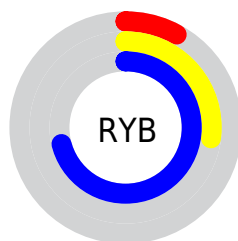
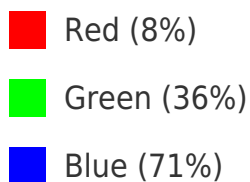
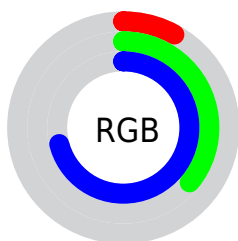
Format	Color
RYB	20, 70, 181
Decimal	1334709
CIELab	40.10, 12.74, -52.51
CIELCh	40, 54.030, 283.634
Yxy	11.3136, 0.1815, 0.1637
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279524789 (0xFF145DB5)
YUV	81.2050, 49.1989, -53.6768
Hunter-Lab	33.6357, 7.7032, -56.1977

Details

The RGB color **20, 93, 181** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **181, 108, 20**, and the grayscale version is **81, 81, 81**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 143, 238**, and **0, 48, 127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **2, 83, 181**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 103, 181**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 20, 93, 181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 20, 93, 181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



20, 93, 181



20, 93, 181

255, 255, 255



0, 70, 154



97, 143, 238



0, 48, 127



128, 169, 255



0, 29, 102



157, 196, 255



0, 0, 77



187, 224, 255



0, 5, 53



217, 252, 255



0, 2, 31



247, 255, 255



0, 0, 2



0, 0, 0



20, 93, 181



20, 93, 181

■ 2, 83, 181

■ 38, 103, 181

■ 0, 82, 181

■ 56, 113, 181

■ 74, 123, 181

■ 92, 133, 181

■ 110, 142, 181

■ 129, 152, 181

■ 147, 162, 181

■ 165, 172, 181

■ 183, 182, 181

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 106, 180



20, 93, 181



121, 73, 159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20, 93, 181



161, 63, 35



0, 113, 68

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 93, 181



181, 108, 20

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43, 108, 22



20, 93, 181



134, 84, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20, 93, 181



172, 46, 76



96, 99, 0



0, 114, 114

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 93, 181



151, 58, 135



96, 99, 0



0, 112, 53

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 93, 181



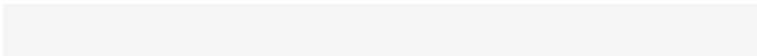
171, 200, 235



20, 181, 106



80, 97, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 93, 181



0, 106, 235



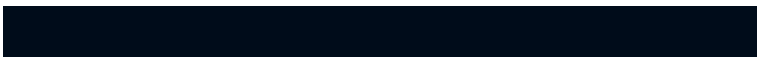
25, 20, 181



80, 84, 89



0, 69, 153



0, 12, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181, 20, 93



235, 0, 106



176, 181, 20



89, 80, 84



153, 0, 69



26, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 20, 93, 181 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 20, 93, 181 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 20, 93, 181 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 20, 93, 181.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 20, 93, 181.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20, 93, 181

Protanopia

45, 91, 179

Deuteranopia




0, 96, 168






Tritanopia

0, 105, 112

Trichromacy

	Original Color 20, 93, 181
	Protanomaly 36, 92, 180
	Deuteranomaly 7, 95, 173
	Tritanomaly 7, 101, 137

Monochromacy

	Original Color 20, 93, 181
	Achromatopsia 81, 81, 81
	Achromatomaly 59, 85, 117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 20, 93, 181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 93, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 93, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 93, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 93, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 20, 93, 181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 93, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 93, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(20, 93, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 93, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 93, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 93,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 20, 93, 181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 93, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 93,  
181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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