

Converting Colors

RGB(210, 188, 146)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(210, 188, 146) contains.

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Color

RGB(210, 188, 146)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2BC92
RGB	210, 188, 146
RGB Percent	82%, 74%, 57%
CMY	0.1765, 0.2627, 0.4275
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.30, 0.18
HSL	39°, 42%, 70%
HSV	39°, 30%, 82%
XYZ	49.7499, 51.7434, 34.5595
YIQ	189.7900, 26.5940, -8.3980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

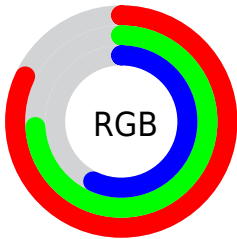
Format	Color
RYB	180, 210, 146
Decimal	13810834
CIELab	77.13, 1.54, 24.14
CIELCh	77, 24.187, 86.342
Yxy	51.7434, 0.3657, 0.3803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292000914 (0xFFD2BC92)
YUV	189.7900, -21.5885, 17.7242
Hunter-Lab	71.9329, -2.4293, 21.8677

Details

The RGB color **210, 188, 146** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C9C999**. A complement of this color would be **146, 168, 210**, and the grayscale version is **190, 190, 190**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 244, 200**, and **155, 135, 95** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **210, 181, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **210, 195, 167**.

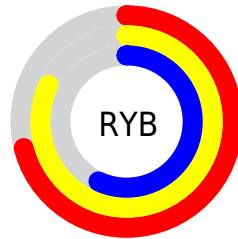
Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (74%)

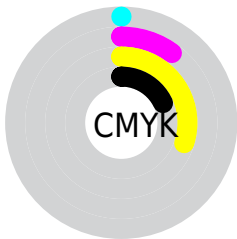
Blue (57%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (57%)

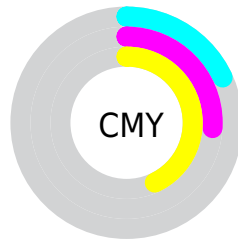


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)


Magenta (26%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 210, 188, 146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 210, 188, 146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 210, 188, 146

 210, 188, 146


255, 255, 255

 182, 161, 120

 255, 244, 200

 155, 135, 95

 255, 255, 228

 128, 110, 71

 102, 85, 48

 77, 62, 26

 54, 41, 2

 31, 20, 0

 0, 0, 0

 210, 188, 146

 210, 188, 146

■ 210, 181, 125

■ 210, 195, 167

■ 210, 174, 104

■ 210, 202, 188

■ 210, 166, 83

■ 210, 210, 209

■ 210, 159, 62

■ 210, 217, 230

■ 210, 152, 41

■ 210, 224, 251

■ 210, 145, 20

■ 210, 231, 255

■ 210, 138, 0

■ 210, 239, 255

■ 210, 246, 255

■ 210, 253, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



228, 181, 154



210, 188, 146



186, 195, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



210, 188, 146



127, 203, 209



217, 179, 216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



210, 188, 146



146, 168, 210

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



191, 186, 230



210, 188, 146



135, 199, 227

Square

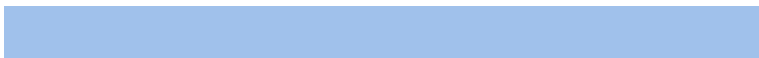
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



210, 188, 146



138, 203, 187



160, 193, 235



233, 175, 194

Rectangle

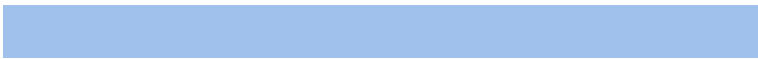
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



210, 188, 146



169, 199, 159



160, 193, 235



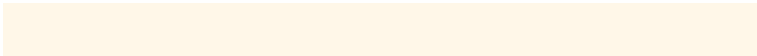
209, 181, 222

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



210, 188, 146



255, 247, 232



210, 146, 168



128, 123, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



210, 188, 146



255, 223, 161



200, 210, 146



105, 101, 94



168, 110, 0



41, 27, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



146, 168, 210



161, 193, 255



156, 146, 210



94, 98, 105



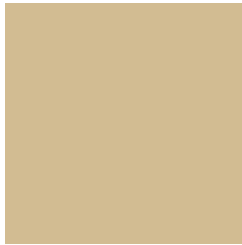
0, 58, 168



0, 14, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 210, 188, 146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

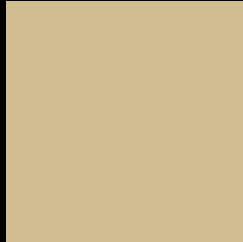
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 210, 188, 146 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

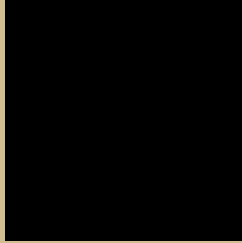
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 210, 188, 146 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 210, 188, 146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 210, 188, 146.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
210, 188, 146

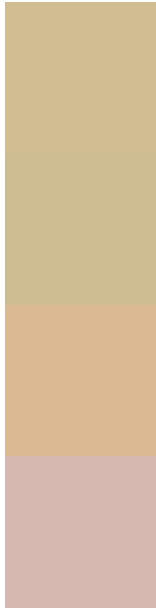
Protanopia
203, 190, 147

Deuteranopia
223, 183, 147



Tritanopia
216, 181, 195

Trichromacy



Original Color

210, 188, 146

Protanomaly

206, 189, 147

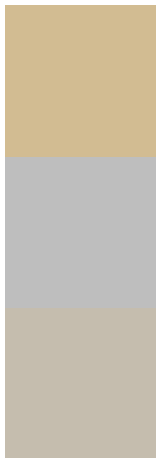
Deuteranomaly

218, 185, 147

Tritanomaly

214, 184, 177

Monochromacy



Original Color

210, 188, 146

Achromatopsia

190, 190, 190

Achromatomaly

197, 189, 174

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 210, 188, 146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(210, 188, 146) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 188, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 188, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 188, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 210, 188, 146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 188, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 188, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 188, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 188, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 188, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 188,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 210, 188, 146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 188, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
188, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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