

Converting Colors

RGB(210, 195, 206)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(210, 195, 206) contains.

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Color

RGB(210, 195, 206)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2C3CE
RGB	210, 195, 206
RGB Percent	82%, 76%, 81%
CMY	0.1765, 0.2353, 0.1922
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.02, 0.18
HSL	316°, 14%, 79%
HSV	316°, 7%, 82%
XYZ	57.2340, 57.1881, 66.4144
YIQ	200.7390, 5.4090, 6.6010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

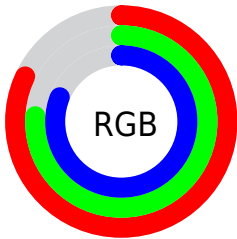
Format	Color
R _{YB}	210, 195, 206
Decimal	13812686
CIE Lab	80.29, 7.20, -3.61
CIE LCh	80, 8.053, 333.399
Yxy	57.1881, 0.3165, 0.3162
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292002766 (0xFFD2C3CE)
YUV	200.7390, 2.5937, 8.1219
Hunter-Lab	75.6228, 2.7552, 0.8656

Details

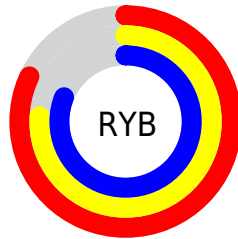
The RGB color **210, 195, 206** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **195, 210, 199**, and the grayscale version is **201, 201, 201**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 252, 255, and **156, 141, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **210, 174, 200**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **210, 216, 212**.

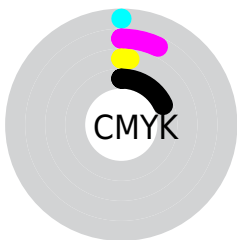
Distribution



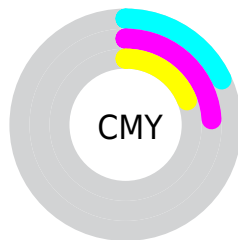
- Red (82%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 210, 195, 206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 210, 195, 206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 210, 195, 206

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 252, 255

■ 210, 195, 206

■ 182, 168, 179

■ 156, 141, 152

■ 129, 116, 126

■ 104, 91, 101

■ 80, 68, 77

■ 57, 46, 54


■ 36, 25, 33

■ 15, 0, 10


■ 0, 0, 0

 210, 195, 206


 210, 195, 206

 210, 174, 200


 210, 216, 212

 210, 153, 195

 210, 237, 217

 210, 132, 189


 210, 255, 223

 210, 111, 184

 210, 255, 228

 210, 90, 178

 210, 255, 234

 210, 69, 172

 210, 255, 240

 210, 48, 167

 210, 255, 245

 210, 27, 161

 210, 255, 251

 210, 6, 156

 210, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



202, 197, 212



210, 195, 206



215, 194, 199

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



210, 195, 206



205, 199, 184



181, 203, 207

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



210, 195, 206



195, 210, 199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



182, 204, 200



210, 195, 206



196, 201, 187

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



210, 195, 206



212, 196, 186



188, 203, 192



185, 202, 212

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



210, 195, 206



216, 194, 193



188, 203, 192



181, 204, 205

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



210, 195, 206



255, 250, 254



199, 195, 210



128, 125, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



210, 195, 206



255, 232, 249



210, 195, 199



105, 94, 102



168, 0, 123



41, 0, 30

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



210, 195, 206



255, 232, 249



195, 210, 206



105, 94, 102



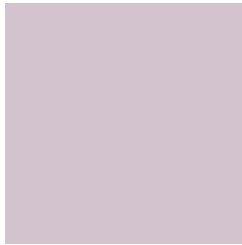
168, 0, 123



41, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 210, 195, 206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

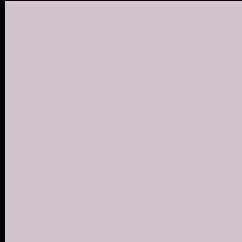
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 210, 195, 206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

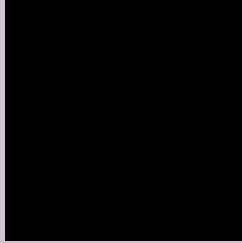
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

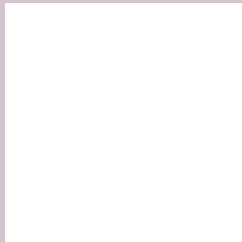
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 210, 195, 206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 210, 195, 206.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 210, 195, 206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
[210, 195, 206](#)

Protanopia
[200, 198, 208](#)

Deuteranopia
[215, 193, 206](#)



Tritanopia
211, 194, 210

Trichromacy



Original Color

210, 195, 206

Protanomaly

204, 197, 207

Deuteranomaly

213, 194, 206

Tritanomaly

211, 194, 209

Monochromacy



Original Color

210, 195, 206

Achromatopsia

201, 201, 201

Achromatomaly

204, 199, 203

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 210, 195, 206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(210, 195, 206) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 195, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 195, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 195, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 210, 195, 206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 195, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 195, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 195, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 195, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 195, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 195,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 210, 195, 206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 195, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
195, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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