

Converting Colors

RGB(212, 179, 145)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(212, 179, 145) contains.

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Color

RGB(212, 179, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4B391
RGB	212, 179, 145
RGB Percent	83%, 70%, 57%
CMY	0.1686, 0.2980, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.32, 0.17
HSL	30°, 44%, 70%
HSV	30°, 32%, 83%
XYZ	48.3823, 48.2816, 33.5573
YIQ	184.9910, 30.5820, -3.5780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

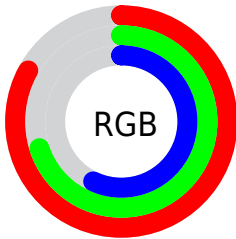
Format	Color
RYB	210, 212, 145
Decimal	13939601
CIELab	75.00, 6.98, 21.81
CIElCh	75, 22.894, 72.260
Yxy	48.2816, 0.3715, 0.3708
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292129681 (0xFFD4B391)
YUV	184.9910, -19.7156, 23.6869
Hunter-Lab	69.4849, 2.6907, 20.0057

Details

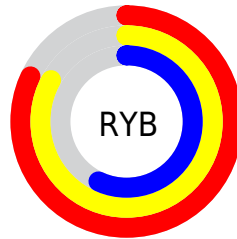
The RGB color **212, 179, 145** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **145, 178, 212**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 235, 199**, and **156, 126, 94** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **212, 169, 124**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **212, 189, 166**.

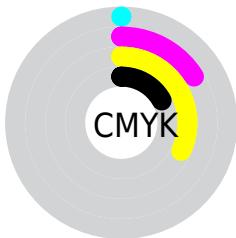
Distribution



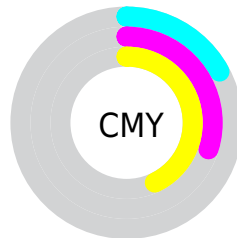
- Red (83%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 212, 179, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 212, 179, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 212, 179, 145

 212, 179, 145


255, 255, 255

 184, 152, 119

 255, 235, 199

 156, 126, 94

 255, 255, 227

 130, 101, 70

 104, 77, 48

 78, 55, 26


 55, 33, 1


 31, 12, 0


 0, 0, 0

 212, 179, 145


 212, 179, 145

 212, 169, 124

 212, 189, 166

 212, 158, 103

 212, 200, 187

 212, 148, 81


 212, 210, 209

 212, 137, 60

 212, 221, 230

 212, 127, 39

 212, 231, 251

 212, 116, 18

 212, 242, 255

 212, 108, 0

 212, 252, 255

 212, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225, 173, 157



212, 179, 145



192, 186, 143

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



212, 179, 145



128, 197, 193



199, 176, 216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



212, 179, 145



145, 178, 212

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



172, 184, 226



212, 179, 145



127, 195, 212

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



212, 179, 145



145, 196, 171



144, 190, 224



219, 171, 198

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



212, 179, 145



176, 190, 149



144, 190, 224



190, 179, 220

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



212, 179, 145



255, 244, 232



212, 145, 179



128, 121, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



212, 179, 145



255, 207, 158



212, 212, 145



107, 102, 96



171, 87, 0



43, 22, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 178, 212



158, 206, 255



145, 145, 212



96, 102, 107



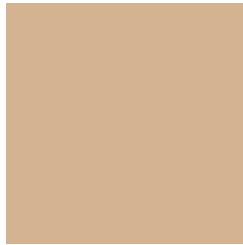
0, 84, 171



0, 21, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 212, 179, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 212, 179, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

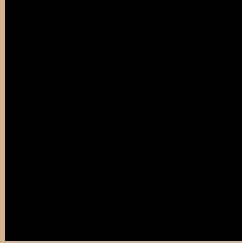
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 212, 179, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 212, 179, 145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 212, 179, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
212, 179, 145

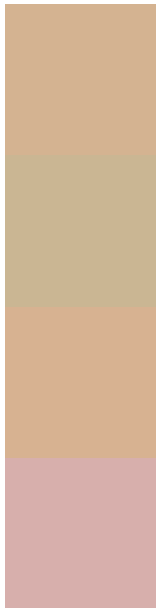
Protanopia
196, 184, 148

Deuteranopia
216, 177, 145



Tritanopia
217, 173, 187

Trichromacy



Original Color

212, 179, 145

Protanomaly

202, 182, 147

Deuteranomaly

215, 178, 145

Tritanomaly

215, 175, 172

Monochromacy



Original Color

212, 179, 145

Achromatopsia

185, 185, 185

Achromatomaly

195, 183, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 212, 179, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(212, 179, 145) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 179, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 179, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 179, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 212, 179, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 179, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 179, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 179, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 179, 145); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 179, 145); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 179, 145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 212, 179, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 179, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
179, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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