

Converting Colors

RGB(212, 98, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(212, 98, 125) contains.

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Color

RGB(212, 98, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4627D
RGB	212, 98, 125
RGB Percent	83%, 38%, 49%
CMY	0.1686, 0.6157, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.41, 0.17
HSL	346°, 57%, 61%
HSV	346°, 54%, 83%
XYZ	35.2207, 24.2131, 22.2193
YIQ	135.1640, 59.2770, 32.5650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

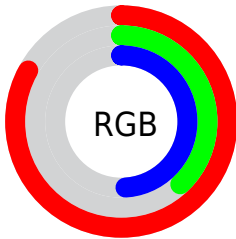
Format	Color
R _Y B	212, 98, 125
Decimal	13918845
CIE Lab	56.30, 47.49, 6.91
CIE LCh	56, 47.994, 8.276
Yxy	24.2131, 0.4313, 0.2965
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292108925 (0xFFD4627D)
YUV	135.1640, -5.0109, 67.3852
Hunter-Lab	49.2068, 41.6530, 7.6724

Details

The RGB color **212, 98, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **98, 212, 185**, and the grayscale version is **135, 135, 135**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 152, 177**, and **154, 44, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **212, 77, 109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **212, 119, 141**.

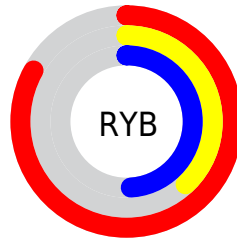
Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (38%)

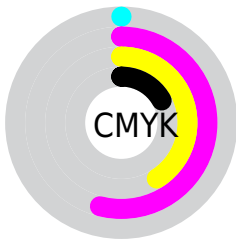
Blue (49%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (49%)

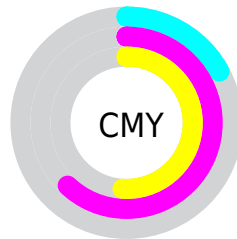


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 212, 98, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 212, 98, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



212, 98, 125



212, 98, 125

255, 255, 255



183, 71, 100



255, 152, 177



154, 44, 76



255, 180, 205



125, 10, 54



255, 208, 233



97, 0, 33



255, 237, 255



70, 0, 9



44, 0, 1



0, 0, 0



212, 98, 125



212, 98, 125




212, 77, 109





212, 119, 141


 212, 56, 93

 212, 140, 157

 212, 34, 76

 212, 162, 174

 212, 13, 60

 212, 183, 190

 212, 0, 50

 212, 204, 206

 212, 225, 222

 212, 246, 238

 212, 255, 254

 212, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



195, 104, 167



212, 98, 125



206, 106, 85

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



212, 98, 125



103, 147, 66



0, 148, 212

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



212, 98, 125



98, 212, 185

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 154, 186



212, 98, 125



32, 153, 103

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



212, 98, 125



147, 137, 47



0, 156, 146



79, 136, 218

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



212, 98, 125



192, 116, 64



0, 156, 146



0, 150, 205

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



212, 98, 125



255, 214, 224



184, 98, 212



128, 103, 109



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



212, 98, 125



255, 89, 129



212, 127, 98



107, 96, 99



171, 0, 40



43, 0, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212, 98, 125



255, 89, 129



98, 184, 212



107, 96, 99



171, 0, 40



43, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 212, 98, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

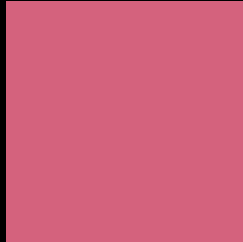
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 212, 98, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 212, 98, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 212, 98, 125.

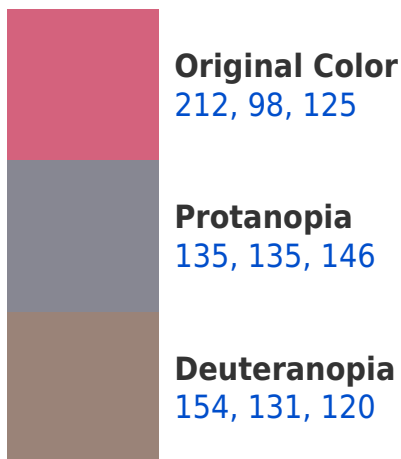



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 212, 98, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
211, 101, 108

Trichromacy



Original Color
212, 98, 125

Protanomaly
163, 122, 138

Deuteranomaly
175, 119, 122

Tritanomaly
211, 100, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color
212, 98, 125

Achromatopsia
135, 135, 135

Achromatomaly
163, 122, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 212, 98, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 98, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 98, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 98, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 98, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 212, 98, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 98, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 98, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 98, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 98, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 98, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 98,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 212, 98, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 98, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212, 98,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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