

Converting Colors

RGB(213, 115, 175)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(213, 115, 175) contains.

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Color

RGB(213, 115, 175)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D573AF
RGB	213, 115, 175
RGB Percent	84%, 45%, 69%
CMY	0.1647, 0.5490, 0.3137
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.18, 0.16
HSL	323°, 54%, 64%
HSV	323°, 46%, 84%
XYZ	41.3092, 29.5027, 44.0748
YIQ	151.1420, 39.1480, 39.4360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

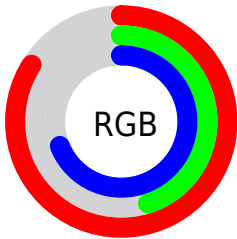
Format	Color
R_{YB}	213, 115, 175
Decimal	13988783
CIE _{Lab}	61.22, 45.88, -14.80
CIE _{LCh}	61, 48.211, 342.117
Yxy	29.5027, 0.3596, 0.2568
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292178863 (0xFFD573AF)
YUV	151.1420, 11.7620, 54.2495
Hunter-Lab	54.3164, 40.7005, -10.0891

Details

The RGB color **213, 115, 175** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **115, 213, 153**, and the grayscale version is **151, 151, 151**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 169, 231**, and **156, 63, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **213, 94, 167**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **213, 136, 183**.

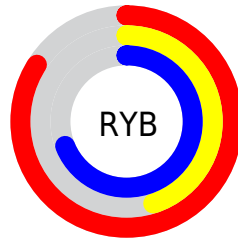
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (45%)

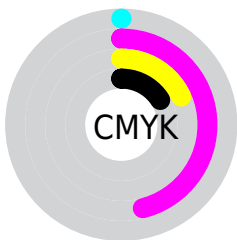
Blue (69%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (69%)

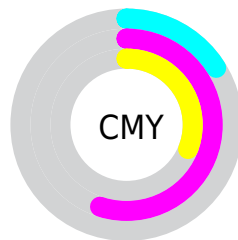


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (31%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 213, 115, 175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 213, 115, 175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 213, 115, 175

255, 255, 255

 255, 169, 231

 255, 197, 255

 255, 226, 255

 213, 115, 175

 184, 89, 148

 156, 63, 122

 129, 36, 98

 102, 0, 74

 75, 0, 51

 52, 0, 30

 19, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 213, 115, 175

 213, 115, 175

■ 213, 94, 167

■ 213, 136, 183

■ 213, 72, 158

■ 213, 158, 192

■ 213, 51, 150

■ 213, 179, 200

■ 213, 30, 142

■ 213, 200, 208

■ 213, 9, 134

■ 213, 222, 216

■ 213, 0, 130

■ 213, 243, 225

■ 213, 255, 233

■ 213, 255, 241

■ 213, 255, 249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173, 130, 211



213, 115, 175



228, 111, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213, 115, 175



156, 151, 60



0, 167, 204

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213, 115, 175



115, 213, 153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 169, 164



213, 115, 175



109, 161, 82

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213, 115, 175



194, 136, 65



34, 167, 120



0, 159, 228

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



213, 115, 175



224, 116, 105



34, 167, 120



0, 168, 192

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213, 115, 175



255, 219, 241



153, 115, 213



128, 106, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213, 115, 175



255, 115, 201



213, 115, 126



107, 96, 103



171, 0, 105



43, 0, 27

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



213, 115, 175



255, 115, 201



115, 213, 202



107, 96, 103



171, 0, 105



43, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 213, 115, 175 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

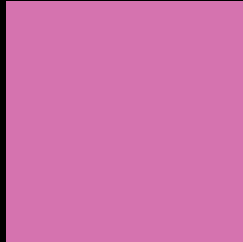
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 213, 115, 175 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 213, 115, 175 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 213, 115, 175.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 213, 115, 175.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
213, 115, 175

Protanopia
134, 146, 197

Deuteranopia
152, 144, 170



Tritanopia
209, 124, 133

Trichromacy



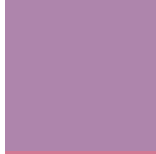
Original Color

213, 115, 175



Protanomaly

163, 135, 189



Deuteranomaly

174, 133, 172



Tritanomaly

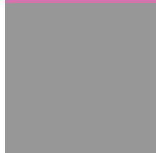
210, 121, 148

Monochromacy



Original Color

213, 115, 175



Achromatopsia

151, 151, 151



Achromatomaly

174, 138, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 213, 115, 175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 115, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 115, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 115, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 115, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 213, 115, 175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 115, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 115, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 115, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 115, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 115, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 115,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 213, 115, 175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 115, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
115, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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