

Converting Colors

RGB(213, 122, 97)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(213, 122, 97) contains.

RGB(213, 122, 97)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(213, 122, 97)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D57A61
RGB	213, 122, 97
RGB Percent	84%, 48%, 38%
CMY	0.1647, 0.5216, 0.6196
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.54, 0.16
HSL	13°, 58%, 61%
HSV	13°, 54%, 84%
XYZ	36.5578, 28.9283, 14.9662
YIQ	146.3590, 62.2610, 11.5170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

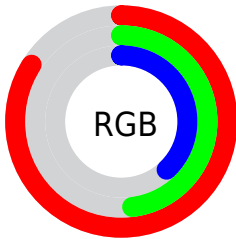
Format	Color
RYB	213, 129, 97
Decimal	13990497
CIELab	60.72, 32.94, 29.06
CIElCh	61, 43.924, 41.416
Yxy	28.9283, 0.4544, 0.3596
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292180577 (0xFFD57A61)
YUV	146.3590, -24.3340, 58.4442
Hunter-Lab	53.7850, 27.2030, 21.1515

Details

The RGB color **213, 122, 97** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **97, 188, 213**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 176, 148**, and **154, 71, 50** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **213, 105, 76**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **213, 139, 118**.

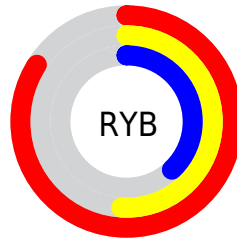
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (48%)

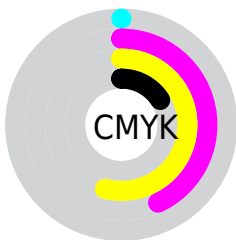
Blue (38%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (38%)

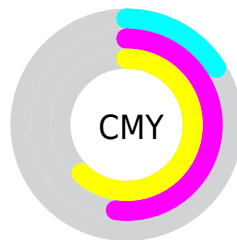


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (16%)


Magenta (52%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 213, 122, 97 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 213, 122, 97 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 213, 122, 97

 213, 122, 97

255, 255, 255

 183, 96, 73

 255, 176, 148

 154, 71, 50

 255, 203, 175

 126, 47, 28

 255, 232, 202

 98, 22, 5

 255, 255, 230

 70, 0, 0


 46, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 213, 122, 97

 213, 122, 97

 213, 105, 76

 213, 139, 118

■ 213, 89, 54

■ 213, 155, 140

■ 213, 72, 33

■ 213, 172, 161

■ 213, 55, 12

■ 213, 189, 182

■ 213, 46, 0

■ 213, 206, 203

■ 213, 222, 225

■ 213, 239, 246

■ 213, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220, 114, 133



213, 122, 97



190, 136, 72

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213, 122, 97



55, 165, 120



109, 145, 222

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213, 122, 97



97, 188, 213

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 157, 219



213, 122, 97



0, 166, 161

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213, 122, 97



113, 159, 86



0, 164, 197



169, 131, 205

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



213, 122, 97



168, 145, 67



0, 164, 197



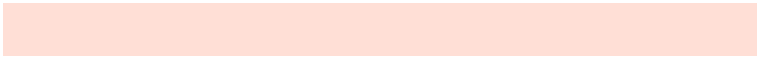
82, 150, 224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213, 122, 97



255, 223, 214



213, 97, 190



128, 108, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213, 122, 97



255, 125, 89



213, 178, 97



107, 99, 96



171, 37, 0



43, 9, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 188, 213



89, 219, 255



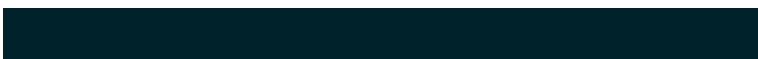
97, 132, 213



96, 105, 107



0, 134, 171



0, 34, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 213, 122, 97 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

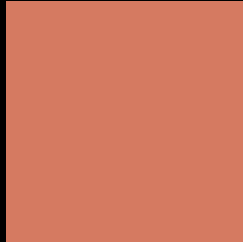
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 213, 122, 97 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

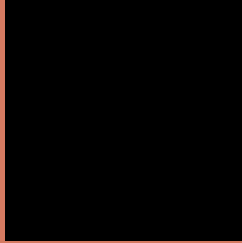
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 213, 122, 97 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 213, 122, 97.

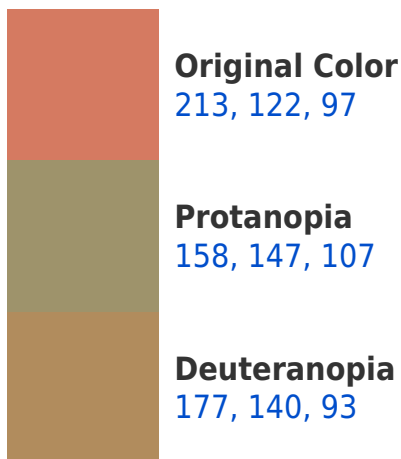



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 213, 122, 97.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
215, 118, 127

Trichromacy



Original Color
213, 122, 97

Protanomaly
178, 138, 103

Deuteranomaly
190, 133, 94

Tritanomaly
214, 119, 116

Monochromacy



Original Color
213, 122, 97

Achromatopsia
146, 146, 146

Achromatomaly
170, 137, 128

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 213, 122, 97 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 122, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 122, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 122, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 122, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 213, 122, 97 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 122, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 122, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 122, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 122, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 122, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 122,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 213, 122, 97 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 122, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
122, 97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor