

Converting Colors

RGB(213, 208, 177)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(213, 208, 177) contains.

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Color

RGB(213, 208, 177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5D0B1
RGB	213, 208, 177
RGB Percent	84%, 82%, 69%
CMY	0.1647, 0.1843, 0.3059
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.17, 0.16
HSL	52°, 30%, 76%
HSV	52°, 17%, 84%
XYZ	57.9323, 62.4322, 50.5922
YIQ	205.9610, 12.9310, -8.5810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

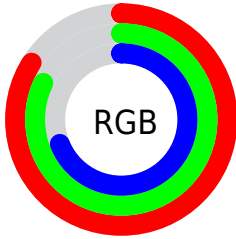
Format	Color
RYB	183, 213, 177
Decimal	14012593
CIELab	83.14, -3.41, 16.03
CIELCh	83, 16.387, 101.997
Yxy	62.4322, 0.3389, 0.3652
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292202673 (0xFFD5D0B1)
YUV	205.9610, -14.2778, 6.1732
Hunter-Lab	79.0141, -7.4003, 17.3468

Details

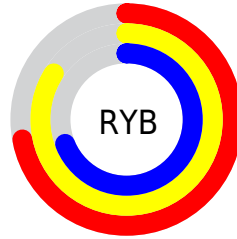
The RGB color **213, 208, 177** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **177, 182, 213**, and the grayscale version is **206, 206, 206**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 233**, and **158, 154, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **213, 205, 156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **213, 211, 198**.

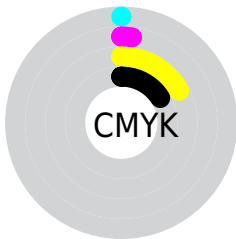
Distribution



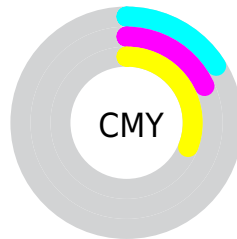
- Red (84%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 213, 208, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 213, 208, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 213, 208, 177

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 233

 213, 208, 177

 185, 180, 150

 158, 154, 124

 132, 128, 99

 106, 103, 75

 82, 79, 53

 58, 56, 31

 37, 35, 8

 9, 13, 0

 0, 0, 0

 213, 208, 177

 213, 208, 177

 213, 205, 156


 213, 211, 198

 213, 202, 134


 213, 214, 220

 213, 199, 113


 213, 217, 241

 213, 196, 92


 213, 220, 255

 213, 193, 71

 213, 223, 255

 213, 190, 49

 213, 226, 255

 213, 187, 28

 213, 229, 255

 213, 184, 7

 213, 232, 255

 213, 183, 0

 213, 235, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



228, 203, 178



213, 208, 177



195, 213, 184

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213, 208, 177



169, 215, 227



233, 198, 217

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213, 208, 177



177, 182, 213

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



218, 201, 230



213, 208, 177



180, 211, 236

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213, 208, 177



169, 216, 213



198, 206, 237



240, 197, 201

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



213, 208, 177



184, 215, 192



198, 206, 237



228, 199, 222

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213, 208, 177



255, 253, 242



213, 177, 182



128, 126, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213, 208, 177



255, 248, 204



200, 213, 177



107, 106, 96



171, 147, 0



43, 37, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 182, 213



204, 211, 255



190, 177, 213



96, 98, 107



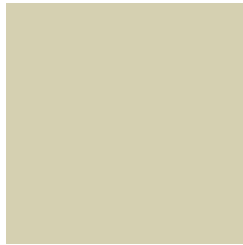
0, 24, 171



0, 6, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 213, 208, 177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

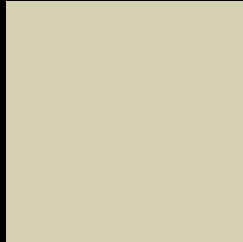
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 213, 208, 177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

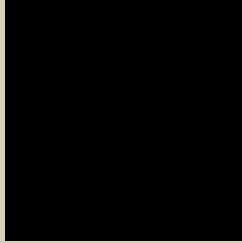
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

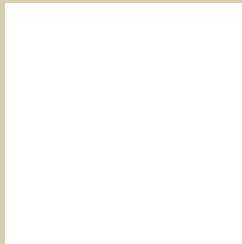
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 213, 208, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 213, 208, 177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 213, 208, 177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
213, 208, 177

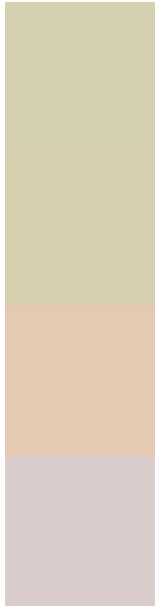
Protanopia
218, 207, 176

Deuteranopia
237, 199, 179



Tritanopia
219, 202, 218

Trichromacy



Original Color

213, 208, 177

Protanomaly

216, 207, 176

Deuteranomaly

228, 202, 178

Tritanomaly

217, 204, 203

Monochromacy



Original Color

213, 208, 177

Achromatopsia

206, 206, 206

Achromatomaly

209, 207, 195

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 213, 208, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 208, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 208, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 208, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 208, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 213, 208, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 208, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 208, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 208, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 208, 177); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 208, 177); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 208, 177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 213, 208, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 208, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
208, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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