

# Converting Colors

RGB(213, 219, 221)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(213, 219, 221) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(213, 219, 221)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5DBDD
RGB	213, 219, 221
RGB Percent	84%, 86%, 87%
CMY	0.1647, 0.1412, 0.1333
CMYK	0.04, 0.01, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	195°, 11%, 85%
HSV	195°, 4%, 87%
XYZ	65.8232, 70.0296, 78.4544
YIQ	217.4340, -4.2180, -0.6500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

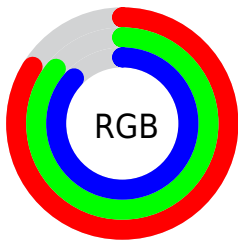
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	213, 216, 221
Decimal	14015453
CIE Lab	87.01, -1.65, -1.70
CIE LCh	87, 2.363, 225.828
Yxy	70.0296, 0.3071, 0.3268
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292205533 (0xFFD5DBDD)
YUV	217.4340, 1.7580, -3.8886
Hunter-Lab	83.6837, -6.0434, 2.9935

# Details

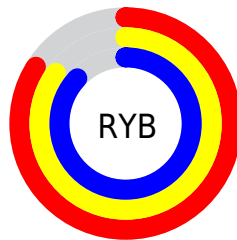
The RGB color **213, 219, 221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **221, 215, 213**, and the grayscale version is **217, 217, 217**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **158, 164, 166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191, 213, 221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **235, 225, 221**.

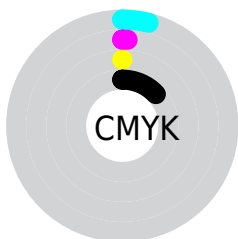
# Distribution



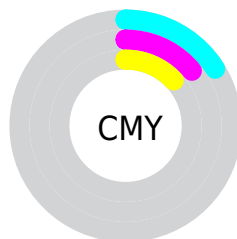
- Red (84%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 213, 219, 221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 213, 219, 221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 213, 219, 221

255, 255, 255

■ 213, 219, 221

■ 185, 191, 193

■ 158, 164, 166

■ 132, 138, 140

■ 107, 112, 114

■ 83, 88, 90

■ 60, 65, 66


■ 38, 43, 44

■ 18, 22, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

 213, 219, 221

 213, 219, 221

 191, 213, 221

 235, 225, 221

 169, 208, 221

 255, 230, 221

 147, 202, 221


 255, 236, 221

 125, 197, 221


 255, 241, 221

 103, 191, 221


 255, 247, 221


 80, 186, 221

 255, 252, 221

 58, 180, 221

 255, 255, 221

 36, 175, 221

 14, 169, 221

# Harmonies

## Analogous

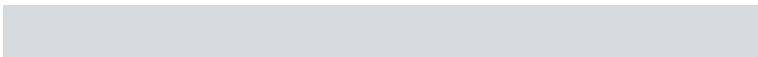
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



213, 219, 219



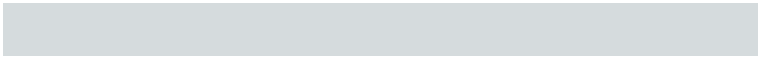
213, 219, 221



215, 218, 222

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213, 219, 221



222, 217, 219



219, 218, 214

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213, 219, 221



221, 215, 213

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



221, 217, 214



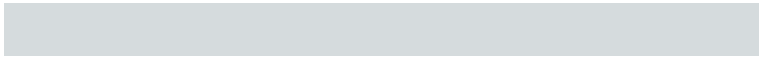
213, 219, 221



223, 216, 217

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213, 219, 221



220, 217, 221



223, 217, 215



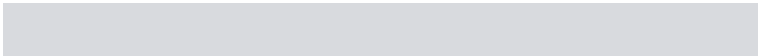
216, 219, 215

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



213, 219, 221



216, 218, 222



223, 217, 215



219, 218, 213



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213, 219, 221



252, 254, 255



213, 221, 215



126, 127, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

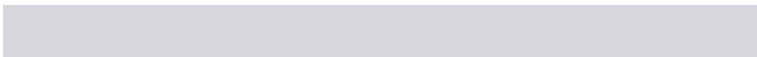
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213, 219, 221



245, 252, 255



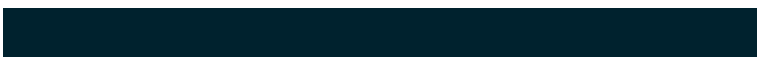
213, 215, 221



104, 108, 110



0, 130, 173



0, 34, 46



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 213, 219



255, 245, 252



221, 219, 213



110, 104, 108



173, 0, 130

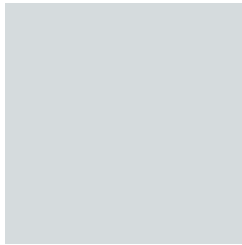


46, 0, 34



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 213, 219, 221 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

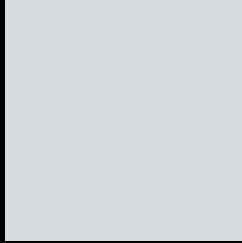
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 213, 219, 221 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

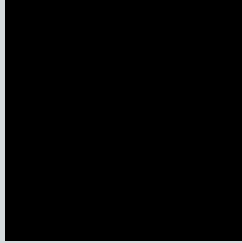
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

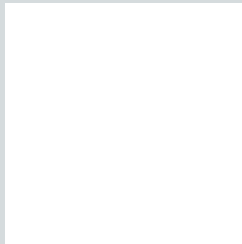
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 213, 219, 221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 213, 219, 221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 213, 219, 221.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
215, 217, 234

# Trichromacy



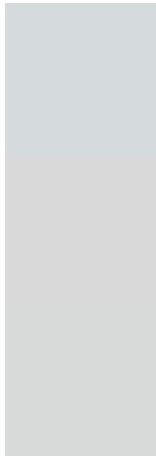
**Original Color**  
213, 219, 221

**Protanomaly**  
218, 218, 220

**Deuteranomaly**  
228, 214, 222

**Tritanomaly**  
214, 218, 229

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
213, 219, 221

**Achromatopsia**  
217, 217, 217

**Achromatomaly**  
216, 218, 218

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 213, 219, 221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(213, 219, 221) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 219, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 219, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 219, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 213, 219, 221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 219, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 219, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 219, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 219, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 219, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 219,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 213, 219, 221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 219, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
219, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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