

Converting Colors

RGB(213, 229, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(213, 229, 108) contains.

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Color

RGB(213, 229, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5E56C
RGB	213, 229, 108
RGB Percent	84%, 90%, 42%
CMY	0.1647, 0.1020, 0.5765
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.53, 0.10
HSL	68°, 70%, 66%
HSV	68°, 53%, 90%
XYZ	58.1667, 71.2675, 24.8776
YIQ	210.4220, 29.3050, -41.0230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

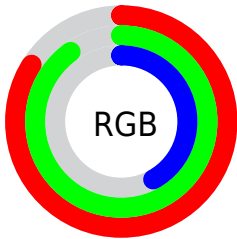
Format	Color
RYB	108, 229, 124
Decimal	14017900
CIELab	87.61, -22.11, 56.38
CIElCh	88, 60.559, 111.415
Yxy	71.2675, 0.3769, 0.4618
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292207980 (0xFFD5E56C)
YUV	210.4220, -50.4940, 2.2609
Hunter-Lab	84.4201, -24.7460, 41.6219

Details

The RGB color **213, 229, 108** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **124, 108, 229**, and the grayscale version is **211, 211, 211**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 162**, and **156, 174, 54** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **210, 229, 85**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216, 229, 131**.

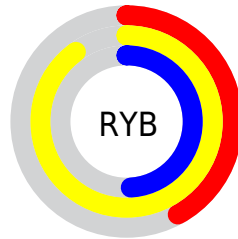
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (90%)

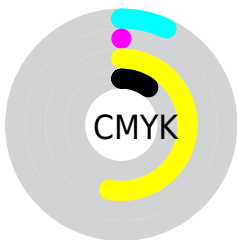
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (49%)

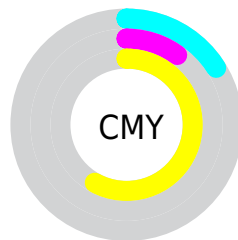


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 213, 229, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 213, 229, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 213, 229, 108

 213, 229, 108

255, 255, 255

 184, 201, 81


 255, 255, 162

 156, 174, 54

 255, 255, 190

 128, 147, 24

 255, 255, 219

 101, 121, 0

 255, 255, 248

 75, 96, 0

 49, 73, 0

 22, 50, 0

 0, 30, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 213, 229, 108

■ 213, 229, 108

■ 210, 229, 85

■ 216, 229, 131

■ 207, 229, 62

■ 219, 229, 154

■ 204, 229, 39

■ 222, 229, 177

■ 201, 229, 16

■ 225, 229, 200

■ 199, 229, 0

■ 228, 229, 223

■ 231, 229, 245

■ 234, 229, 255

■ 237, 229, 255

■ 240, 229, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 211, 103



213, 229, 108



145, 241, 145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213, 229, 108



0, 243, 255



255, 173, 239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213, 229, 108



124, 108, 229

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 189, 255



213, 229, 108



62, 231, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213, 229, 108



0, 249, 255



197, 211, 255



255, 174, 181

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



213, 229, 108



81, 246, 181



197, 211, 255



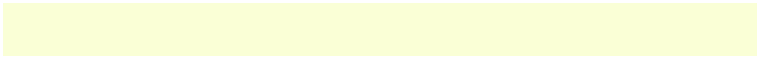
255, 177, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213, 229, 108



250, 255, 214



229, 122, 108



124, 128, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213, 229, 108



234, 255, 94



154, 229, 108



113, 115, 103



155, 179, 0



44, 51, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124, 108, 229



116, 94, 255



183, 108, 229



105, 103, 115



24, 0, 179



7, 0, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 213, 229, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 213, 229, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 213, 229, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 213, 229, 108.

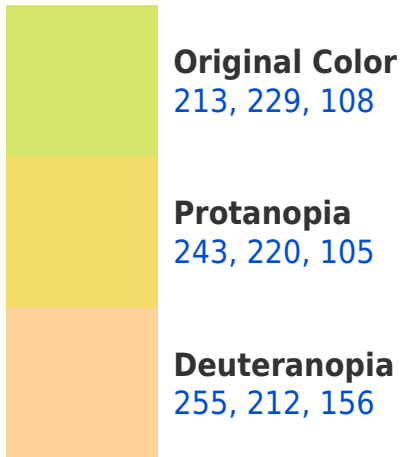


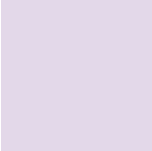
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 213, 229, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

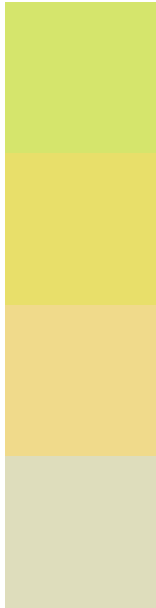
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
227, 216, 233

Trichromacy



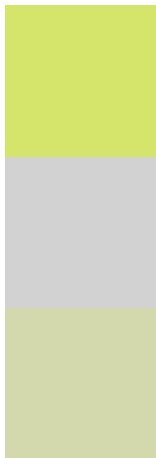
Original Color
213, 229, 108

Protanomaly
232, 223, 106

Deuteranomaly
240, 218, 139

Tritanomaly
222, 221, 188

Monochromacy



Original Color
213, 229, 108

Achromatopsia
210, 210, 210

Achromatomaly
211, 217, 173

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 213, 229, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 229, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 229, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 229, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 229, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 213, 229, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 229, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 229, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 229, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 229, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 229, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 229,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 213, 229, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 229, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
229, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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