

Converting Colors

RGB(213, 234, 110)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(213, 234, 110) contains.

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Color

RGB(213, 234, 110)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5EA6E
RGB	213, 234, 110
RGB Percent	84%, 92%, 43%
CMY	0.1647, 0.0824, 0.5686
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.53, 0.08
HSL	70°, 75%, 67%
HSV	70°, 53%, 92%
XYZ	59.6779, 74.1176, 25.9126
YIQ	213.5850, 27.2880, -43.0160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

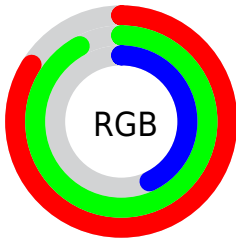
Format	Color
RYB	110, 234, 131
Decimal	14019182
CIELab	88.98, -24.34, 57.06
CIELCh	89, 62.032, 113.105
Yxy	74.1176, 0.3737, 0.4641
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292209262 (0xFFD5EA6E)
YUV	213.5850, -51.0674, -0.5130
Hunter-Lab	86.0916, -26.9257, 42.4184

Details

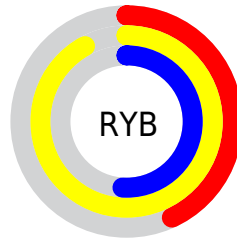
The RGB color **213, 234, 110** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **131, 110, 234**, and the grayscale version is **214, 214, 214**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 165**, and **156, 178, 56** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 234, 87**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217, 234, 133**.

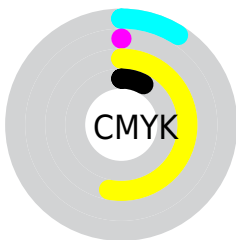
Distribution



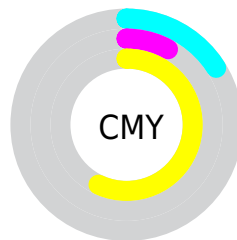
- Red (84%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 213, 234, 110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 213, 234, 110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 213, 234, 110

 213, 234, 110

255, 255, 255

 184, 206, 83


 255, 255, 165

 156, 178, 56

 255, 255, 193

 128, 152, 26


 255, 255, 221

 101, 126, 0

 255, 255, 251

 75, 101, 0

 49, 77, 0

 21, 54, 0

 0, 33, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 213, 234, 110

■ 213, 234, 110

■ 209, 234, 87

■ 217, 234, 133

■ 205, 234, 63

■ 221, 234, 157

■ 201, 234, 40

■ 225, 234, 180

■ 197, 234, 16

■ 229, 234, 204

■ 194, 234, 0

■ 233, 234, 227

■ 237, 234, 250

■ 241, 234, 255

■ 245, 234, 255

■ 249, 234, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 215, 103



213, 234, 110



142, 246, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



213, 234, 110



0, 247, 255



255, 175, 240

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



213, 234, 110



131, 110, 234

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 190, 255



213, 234, 110



72, 234, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



213, 234, 110



0, 253, 255



206, 213, 255



255, 177, 180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



213, 234, 110



72, 251, 187



206, 213, 255



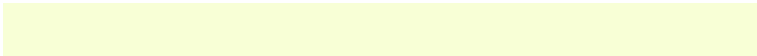
255, 178, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



213, 234, 110



248, 255, 214



234, 131, 110



123, 128, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



213, 234, 110



227, 255, 92



151, 234, 110



115, 117, 106



150, 181, 0



44, 54, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 110, 234



119, 92, 255



193, 110, 234



108, 106, 117



31, 0, 181



9, 0, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 213, 234, 110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 213, 234, 110 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 213, 234, 110 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 213, 234, 110.

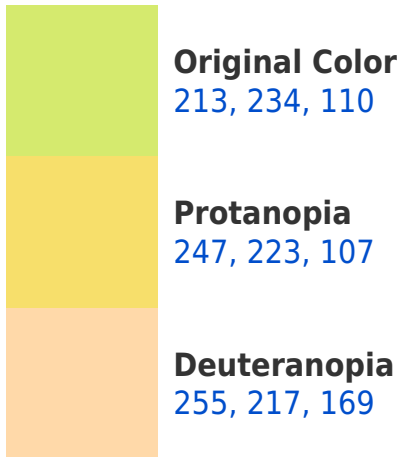


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 213, 234, 110.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

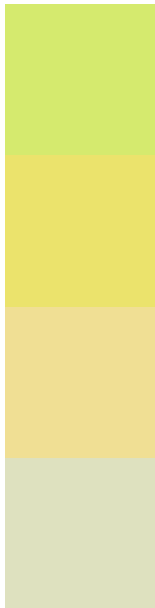
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
227, 220, 238

Trichromacy



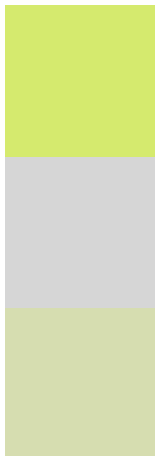
Original Color
213, 234, 110

Protanomaly
235, 227, 108

Deuteranomaly
240, 223, 148

Tritanomaly
222, 225, 191

Monochromacy



Original Color
213, 234, 110

Achromatopsia
214, 214, 214

Achromatomaly
214, 221, 176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 213, 234, 110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 234, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 234, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 234, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 234, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 213, 234, 110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 234, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 234, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 234, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 234, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 234, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 234,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 213, 234, 110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 234, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
234, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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