

Converting Colors

RGB(214, 139, 212)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(214, 139, 212) contains.

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Color

RGB(214, 139, 212)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D68BD4
RGB	214, 139, 212
RGB Percent	84%, 55%, 83%
CMY	0.1608, 0.4549, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.01, 0.16
HSL	302°, 48%, 69%
HSV	302°, 35%, 84%
XYZ	48.8478, 37.5148, 66.9539
YIQ	169.7470, 21.2670, 38.6030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

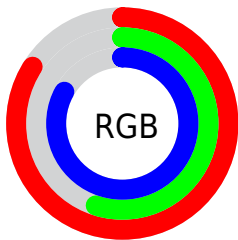
Format	Color
R_{YB}	214, 139, 212
Decimal	14060500
CIE Lab	67.66, 39.89, -25.83
CIE LCh	68, 47.525, 327.079
Yxy	37.5148, 0.3186, 0.2447
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292250580 (0xFFD68BD4)
YUV	169.7470, 20.8307, 38.8099
Hunter-Lab	61.2494, 35.1717, -21.9375

Details

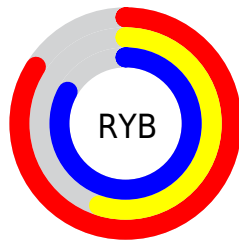
The RGB color **214, 139, 212** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **139, 214, 141**, and the grayscale version is **170, 170, 170**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 194, 255**, and **158, 87, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **214, 118, 211**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **214, 160, 213**.

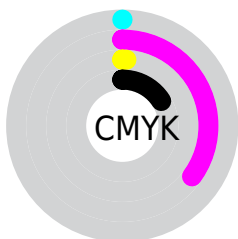
Distribution



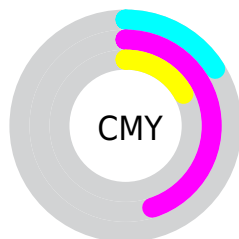
- Red (84%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 214, 139, 212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 214, 139, 212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 214, 139, 212

 214, 139, 212

255, 255, 255

 186, 113, 184

 255, 194, 255

 158, 87, 157

 255, 222, 255

 131, 62, 131

 255, 251, 255

 105, 37, 106


 79, 8, 81

 54, 0, 58


 33, 0, 36


 0, 0, 11


 0, 0, 0

 214, 139, 212


 214, 139, 212

 214, 118, 211


 214, 160, 213

 214, 96, 211

 214, 182, 213

 214, 75, 210


 214, 203, 214

 214, 53, 210


 214, 225, 214

 214, 32, 209

 214, 246, 215

 214, 11, 209

 214, 255, 215

 214, 0, 208

 214, 255, 216

 214, 255, 217

 214, 255, 217

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162, 155, 241



214, 139, 212



241, 129, 171

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214, 139, 212



194, 161, 77



0, 186, 202

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214, 139, 212



139, 214, 141

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 186, 159



214, 139, 212



151, 174, 86

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214, 139, 212



227, 145, 94



99, 182, 117



0, 181, 236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214, 139, 212



246, 130, 142



99, 182, 117



0, 187, 189

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214, 139, 212



255, 227, 254



140, 139, 214



128, 111, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214, 139, 212



255, 148, 252



214, 139, 175



107, 96, 107



171, 0, 166



43, 0, 42

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 139, 212



255, 148, 252



139, 214, 178



107, 96, 107



171, 0, 166



43, 0, 42

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 214, 139, 212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

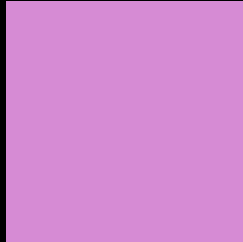
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 214, 139, 212 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

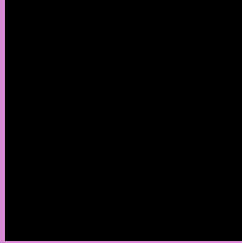
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 214, 139, 212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 214, 139, 212.

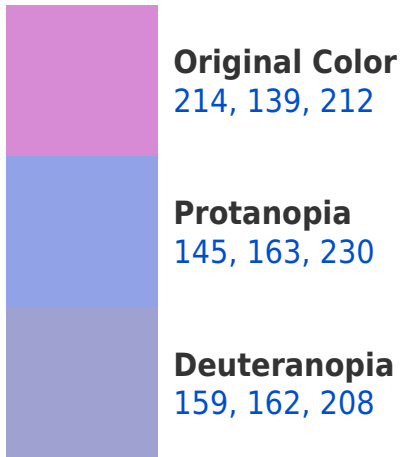


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 214, 139, 212.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





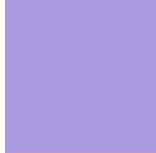
Tritanopia
207, 149, 161

Trichromacy



Original Color

214, 139, 212



Protanomaly

170, 154, 223



Deuteranomaly

179, 154, 209



Tritanomaly

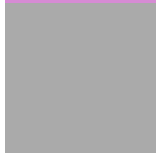
210, 145, 180

Monochromacy



Original Color

214, 139, 212



Achromatopsia

170, 170, 170



Achromatomaly

186, 159, 185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 214, 139, 212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 139, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 139, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 139, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 139, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 214, 139, 212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 139, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 139, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 139, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 139, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 139, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 139,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 214, 139, 212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 139, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
139, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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