

Converting Colors

RGB(214, 159, 198)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(214, 159, 198) contains.

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Color

RGB(214, 159, 198)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D69FC6
RGB	214, 159, 198
RGB Percent	84%, 62%, 78%
CMY	0.1608, 0.3765, 0.2235
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.07, 0.16
HSL	317°, 40%, 73%
HSV	317°, 26%, 84%
XYZ	50.3227, 43.1696, 59.1064
YIQ	179.8910, 20.2610, 23.7890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

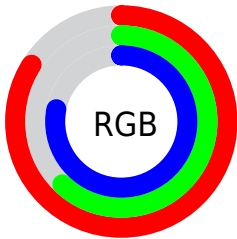
Format	Color
R _Y B	214, 159, 198
Decimal	14065606
CIE Lab	71.67, 26.61, -12.00
CIE LCh	72, 29.185, 335.732
Yxy	43.1696, 0.3298, 0.2829
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292255686 (0xFFD69FC6)
YUV	179.8910, 8.9277, 29.9136
Hunter-Lab	65.7036, 21.7328, -7.3442

Details

The RGB color **214, 159, 198** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **159, 214, 175**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 214, 255**, and **159, 107, 144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **214, 138, 192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **214, 180, 204**.

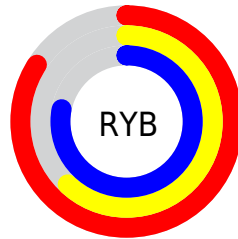
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (62%)

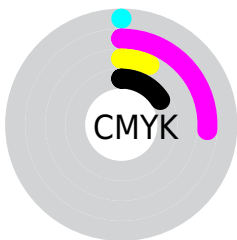
Blue (78%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (78%)

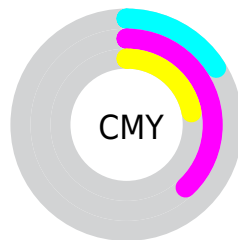


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (16%)


Magenta (38%)


Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 214, 159, 198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 214, 159, 198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 214, 159, 198

 214, 159, 198

255, 255, 255

 186, 133, 171


 255, 214, 255

 159, 107, 144

 255, 243, 255

 132, 82, 118


 106, 58, 94

 81, 35, 70


 57, 12, 48

 37, 0, 27


 0, 0, 0

 214, 159, 198

 214, 159, 198

 214, 138, 192


 214, 180, 204

 214, 116, 186


 214, 202, 210

 214, 95, 179

 214, 223, 217

 214, 73, 173


 214, 245, 223

 214, 52, 167

 214, 255, 229

 214, 31, 161

 214, 255, 235

 214, 9, 154

 214, 255, 242

 214, 0, 152

 214, 255, 248

 214, 255, 254

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



186, 167, 219



214, 159, 198



228, 156, 171

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214, 159, 198



190, 176, 122



93, 189, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214, 159, 198



159, 214, 175

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



103, 190, 180



214, 159, 198



160, 183, 132

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214, 159, 198



213, 167, 128



130, 188, 153



112, 184, 223

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214, 159, 198



229, 157, 154



130, 188, 153



93, 190, 198

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214, 159, 198



255, 235, 249



175, 159, 214



128, 115, 124



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214, 159, 198



255, 176, 232



214, 159, 171



107, 96, 104



171, 0, 121



43, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 159, 198



255, 176, 232



159, 214, 202



107, 96, 104



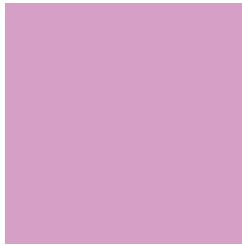
171, 0, 121



43, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 214, 159, 198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

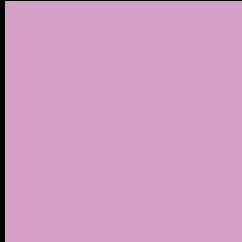
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 214, 159, 198 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

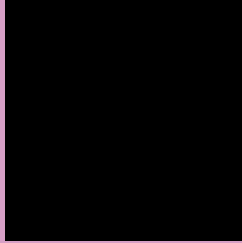
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 214, 159, 198 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 214, 159, 198.

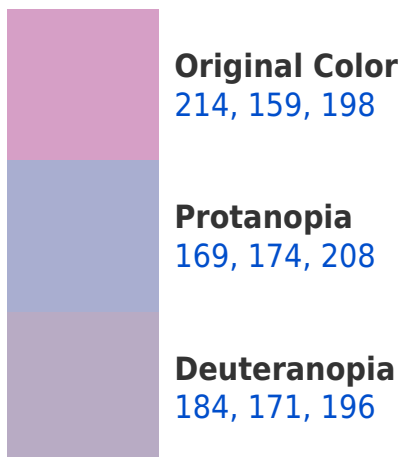



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 214, 159, 198.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
211, 163, 176

Trichromacy



Original Color

214, 159, 198



Protanomaly

185, 169, 204



Deuteranomaly

195, 167, 197



Tritanomaly

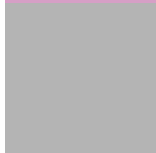
212, 162, 184

Monochromacy



Original Color

214, 159, 198



Achromatopsia

180, 180, 180



Achromatomaly

192, 172, 187

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 214, 159, 198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 159, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 159, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 159, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 159, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 214, 159, 198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 159, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 159, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 159, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 159, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 159, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 159,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 214, 159, 198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 159, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
159, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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