

Converting Colors

RGB(214, 200, 216)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(214, 200, 216) contains.

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Color

RGB(214, 200, 216)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6C8D8
RGB	214, 200, 216
RGB Percent	84%, 78%, 85%
CMY	0.1608, 0.2157, 0.1529
CMYK	0.01, 0.07, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	292°, 17%, 82%
HSV	292°, 7%, 85%
XYZ	60.7805, 60.5626, 73.4520
YIQ	206.0100, 3.2080, 7.9440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

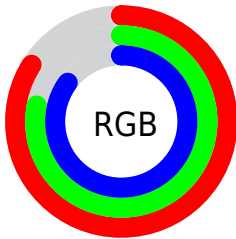
Format	Color
R_{YB}	214, 200, 216
Decimal	14076120
CIE Lab	82.14, 7.74, -6.19
CIE LCh	82, 9.913, 321.330
Yxy	60.5626, 0.3120, 0.3109
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292266200 (0xFFD6C8D8)
YUV	206.0100, 4.9251, 7.0072
Hunter-Lab	77.8220, 3.2237, -1.4853

Details

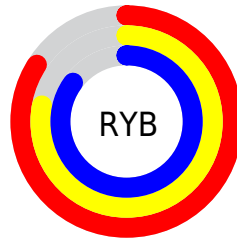
The RGB color **214, 200, 216** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **202, 216, 200**, and the grayscale version is **206, 206, 206**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **159, 146, 161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **211, 178, 216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217, 222, 216**.

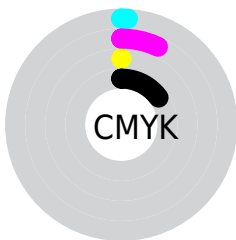
Distribution



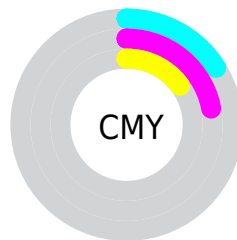
- Red (84%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 214, 200, 216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 214, 200, 216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 214, 200, 216

255, 255, 255

■ 214, 200, 216

■ 186, 173, 188

■ 159, 146, 161

■ 133, 120, 135

■ 108, 96, 110

■ 84, 72, 85

■ 60, 49, 62


■ 39, 28, 40

■ 19, 2, 20

■ 0, 0, 0

 214, 200, 216

 214, 200, 216

 211, 178, 216

 217, 222, 216

 209, 157, 216


 219, 243, 216

 206, 135, 216


 222, 255, 216

 203, 114, 216

 225, 255, 216

 201, 92, 216


 227, 255, 216

 198, 70, 216

 230, 255, 216

 195, 49, 216

 233, 255, 216

 192, 27, 216

 236, 255, 216

 190, 6, 216

 238, 255, 216

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203, 203, 222



214, 200, 216



222, 198, 207

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214, 200, 216



215, 203, 186



181, 210, 211

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214, 200, 216



202, 216, 200

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



185, 210, 201



214, 200, 216



205, 206, 187

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214, 200, 216



222, 200, 190



194, 208, 192



184, 208, 218

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214, 200, 216



224, 198, 201



194, 208, 192



182, 210, 208

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214, 200, 216



254, 250, 255



200, 202, 216



127, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214, 200, 216



252, 232, 255



216, 200, 210



106, 96, 107



149, 0, 171



38, 0, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216, 200, 202



255, 232, 235



200, 216, 206



107, 96, 98



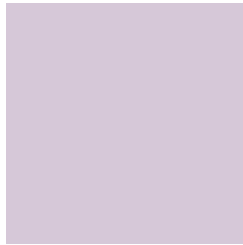
171, 0, 21



43, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 214, 200, 216 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

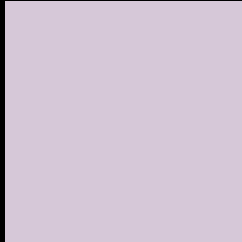
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 214, 200, 216 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

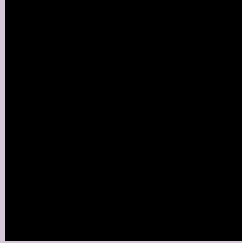
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 214, 200, 216 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 214, 200, 216.

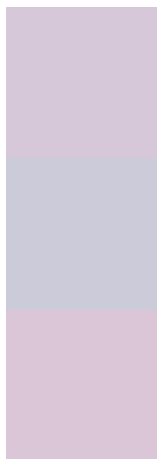


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 214, 200, 216.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

214, 200, 216

Protanopia

204, 203, 218

Deuteranopia

219, 198, 216



Tritanopia
214, 200, 216

Trichromacy



Original Color

214, 200, 216

Protanomaly

208, 202, 217

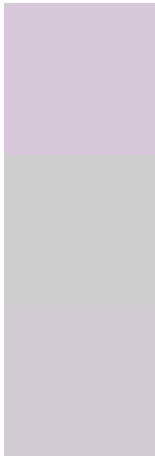
Deuteranomaly

217, 199, 216

Tritanomaly

214, 200, 216

Monochromacy



Original Color

214, 200, 216

Achromatopsia

206, 206, 206

Achromatomaly

209, 204, 210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 214, 200, 216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(214, 200, 216) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 200, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 200, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 200, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 214, 200, 216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 200, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 200, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 200, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 200, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 200, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 200,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 214, 200, 216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 200, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
200, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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