

Converting Colors

RGB(214, 64, 170)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(214, 64, 170) contains.

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Color

RGB(214, 64, 170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D640AA
RGB	214, 64, 170
RGB Percent	84%, 25%, 67%
CMY	0.1608, 0.7490, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.21, 0.16
HSL	318°, 65%, 55%
HSV	318°, 70%, 84%
XYZ	36.8207, 20.8652, 40.1169
YIQ	120.9340, 55.3740, 64.7660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

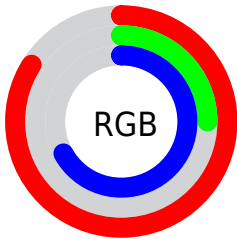
Format	Color
RYB	214, 64, 170
Decimal	14041258
CIELab	52.80, 67.93, -24.76
CIELCh	53, 72.303, 339.978
Yxy	20.8652, 0.3765, 0.2133
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292231338 (0xFFD640AA)
YUV	120.9340, 24.1895, 81.6189
Hunter-Lab	45.6785, 63.9486, -20.0963

Details

The RGB color **214, 64, 170** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **64, 214, 108**, and the grayscale version is **121, 121, 121**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 123, 225**, and **155, 0, 118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **214, 43, 164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **214, 85, 176**.

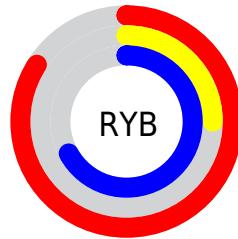
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (25%)

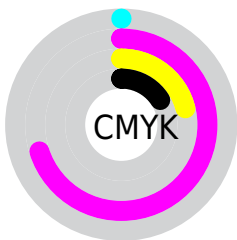
Blue (67%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (67%)

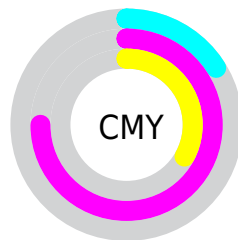


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 214, 64, 170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 214, 64, 170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



214, 64, 170



214, 64, 170

255, 255, 255



184, 27, 143



255, 123, 225



155, 0, 118



255, 152, 254



127, 0, 93



255, 181, 255



98, 0, 69



255, 210, 255



72, 0, 46



255, 240, 255



44, 0, 25



0, 0, 0



214, 64, 170



214, 64, 170



214, 43, 164



214, 85, 176

■ 214, 21, 157

■ 214, 107, 183

■ 214, 0, 151

■ 214, 128, 189

■ 214, 150, 195

■ 214, 171, 201

■ 214, 192, 208

■ 214, 214, 214

■ 214, 235, 220

■ 214, 255, 226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152, 99, 222



214, 64, 170



234, 50, 108

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



214, 64, 170



134, 130, 0



0, 152, 205

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



214, 64, 170



64, 214, 108

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 153, 146



214, 64, 170



62, 144, 1

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



214, 64, 170



185, 107, 0



0, 151, 81



0, 144, 243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



214, 64, 170



229, 65, 68



0, 151, 81



0, 153, 187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



214, 64, 170



255, 201, 239



106, 64, 214



128, 96, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



214, 64, 170



255, 41, 192



214, 64, 97



107, 96, 104



171, 0, 121



43, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 64, 170



255, 41, 192



64, 214, 182



107, 96, 104



171, 0, 121



43, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 214, 64, 170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

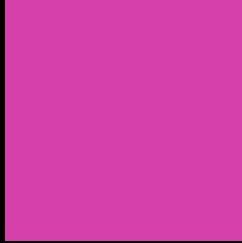
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 214, 64, 170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 214, 64, 170 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 214, 64, 170.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 214, 64, 170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
214, 64, 170

Protanopia
86, 124, 217

Deuteranopia
121, 124, 161



Tritanopia
207, 87, 92

Trichromacy



Original Color

214, 64, 170



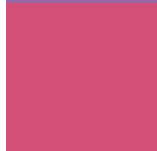
Protanomaly

133, 102, 200



Deuteranomaly

155, 102, 164



Tritanomaly

210, 79, 120

Monochromacy



Original Color

214, 64, 170



Achromatopsia

121, 121, 121



Achromatomaly

155, 100, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 214, 64, 170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 64, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 64, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 64, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 64, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 214, 64, 170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 64, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 64, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 64, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 64, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 64, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 64,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 214, 64, 170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 64, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214, 64,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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