

Converting Colors

RGB(215, 124, 152)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(215, 124, 152) contains.

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Color

RGB(215, 124, 152)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D77C98
RGB	215, 124, 152
RGB Percent	84%, 49%, 60%
CMY	0.1569, 0.5137, 0.4039
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.29, 0.16
HSL	342°, 53%, 66%
HSV	342°, 42%, 84%
XYZ	40.8995, 31.1294, 33.5587
YIQ	154.4010, 45.2480, 28.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

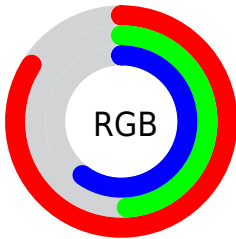
Format	Color
R _Y B	215, 124, 152
Decimal	14122136
CIE Lab	62.62, 38.62, 0.45
CIE LCh	63, 38.620, 0.667
Yxy	31.1294, 0.3874, 0.2948
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292312216 (0xFFD77C98)
YUV	154.4010, -1.1837, 53.1453
Hunter-Lab	55.7937, 33.2101, 3.3940

Details

The RGB color **215, 124, 152** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **124, 215, 187**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 178, 206**, and **158, 73, 101** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **215, 102, 137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215, 146, 167**.

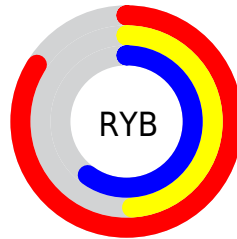
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (49%)

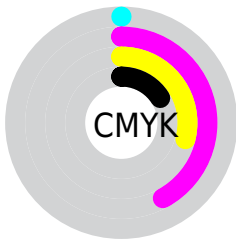
Blue (60%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (60%)

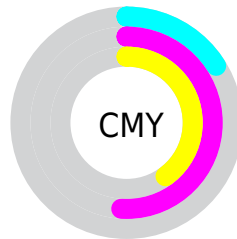


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 215, 124, 152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 215, 124, 152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 215, 124, 152

255, 255, 255

 255, 178, 206

 255, 206, 234

 255, 235, 255

 215, 124, 152

 186, 98, 126

 158, 73, 101

 130, 47, 77

 103, 21, 55

 77, 0, 33

 53, 0, 10

 16, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 215, 124, 152


 215, 124, 152

 215, 102, 137


 215, 146, 167

 215, 81, 122


 215, 167, 182

 215, 59, 107

 215, 189, 197

 215, 38, 92

 215, 210, 212

 215, 16, 78

 215, 232, 226

 215, 0, 66

 215, 253, 241

 215, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



195, 130, 186



215, 124, 152



216, 127, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215, 124, 152



137, 160, 91



0, 164, 210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215, 124, 152



124, 215, 187

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 169, 185



215, 124, 152



95, 166, 117

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215, 124, 152



172, 150, 82



36, 169, 151



99, 155, 220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215, 124, 152



207, 134, 100



36, 169, 151



0, 166, 204

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215, 124, 152



255, 222, 232



186, 124, 215



128, 107, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215, 124, 152



255, 125, 165



215, 141, 124



107, 96, 100



171, 0, 53



43, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215, 124, 152



255, 125, 165



124, 198, 215



107, 96, 100



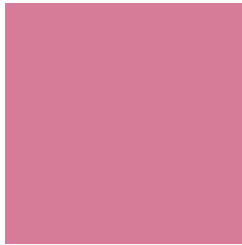
171, 0, 53



43, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 124, 152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

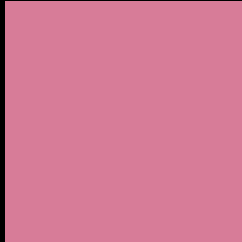
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 124, 152 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 215, 124, 152 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 124, 152.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 124, 152.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
215, 124, 152

Protanopia
150, 151, 168

Deuteranopia
168, 147, 148



Tritanopia
213, 127, 136

Trichromacy



Original Color
215, 124, 152

Protanomaly
174, 141, 162

Deuteranomaly
185, 139, 149

Tritanomaly
214, 126, 142

Monochromacy



Original Color
215, 124, 152

Achromatopsia
154, 154, 154

Achromatomaly
176, 143, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 215, 124, 152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(215, 124, 152) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 124, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 124, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 124, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 215, 124, 152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 124, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 124, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 124, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 124, 152); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 124, 152); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 124, 152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 215, 124, 152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 124, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
124, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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