

Converting Colors

RGB(215, 150, 194)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(215, 150, 194) contains.

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Color

RGB(215, 150, 194)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D796C2
RGB	215, 150, 194
RGB Percent	84%, 59%, 76%
CMY	0.1569, 0.4118, 0.2392
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.10, 0.16
HSL	319°, 45%, 72%
HSV	319°, 30%, 84%
XYZ	48.6683, 40.1548, 56.2245
YIQ	174.4510, 24.6160, 27.4640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

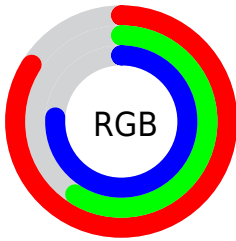
Format	Color
R_{YB}	215, 150, 194
Decimal	14128834
CIE _{Lab}	69.58, 31.13, -12.90
CIE _{LCh}	70, 33.702, 337.488
Yxy	40.1548, 0.3355, 0.2768
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292318914 (0xFFD796C2)
YUV	174.4510, 9.6377, 35.5615
Hunter-Lab	63.3678, 26.1994, -8.2489

Details

The RGB color **215, 150, 194** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **150, 215, 171**, and the grayscale version is **174, 174, 174**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 205, 251**, and **159, 98, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **215, 129, 187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215, 172, 201**.

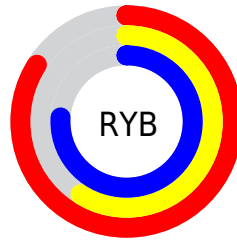
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (59%)

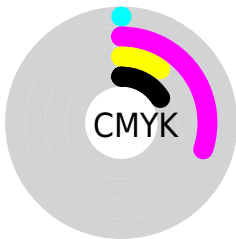
Blue (76%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (76%)

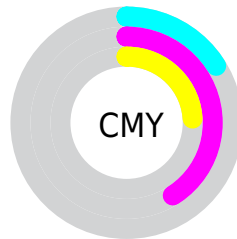


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 215, 150, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 215, 150, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 215, 150, 194

255, 255, 255

 255, 205, 251

 255, 233, 255


 215, 150, 194

 187, 124, 167

 159, 98, 140

 132, 73, 115

 106, 49, 90


 81, 26, 67

 57, 1, 44

 38, 0, 24

 0, 0, 0

 215, 150, 194

 215, 150, 194

■ 215, 129, 187

■ 215, 172, 201

■ 215, 107, 180

■ 215, 193, 208

■ 215, 86, 173

■ 215, 215, 215

■ 215, 64, 166

■ 215, 236, 222

■ 215, 42, 159

■ 215, 255, 229

■ 215, 21, 152

■ 215, 255, 236

■ 215, 0, 146

■ 215, 255, 243

■ 215, 255, 250

■ 215, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184, 159, 219



215, 150, 194



230, 147, 163

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215, 150, 194



183, 171, 109



62, 185, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215, 150, 194



150, 215, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77, 187, 177



215, 150, 194



150, 179, 121

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215, 150, 194



210, 160, 114



113, 185, 146



92, 179, 226

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215, 150, 194



230, 149, 143



113, 185, 146



62, 186, 197

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215, 150, 194



255, 232, 248



171, 150, 215



128, 113, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215, 150, 194



255, 163, 225



215, 150, 162



107, 96, 104



171, 0, 116



43, 0, 29

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215, 150, 194



255, 163, 225



150, 215, 203



107, 96, 104



171, 0, 116



43, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 150, 194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

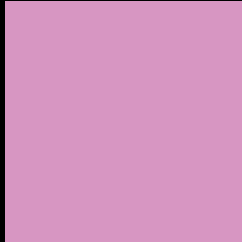
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 150, 194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 215, 150, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 150, 194.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 150, 194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
215, 150, 194

Protanopia
162, 169, 206

Deuteranopia
177, 166, 191



Tritanopia
212, 155, 167

Trichromacy



Original Color

215, 150, 194



Protanomaly

181, 162, 202



Deuteranomaly

191, 160, 192



Tritanomaly

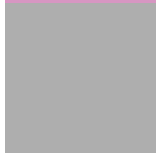
213, 153, 177

Monochromacy



Original Color

215, 150, 194



Achromatopsia

174, 174, 174



Achromatomaly

189, 165, 181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 215, 150, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(215, 150, 194) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 150, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 150, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 150, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 215, 150, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 150, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 150, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 150, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 150, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 150, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 150,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 215, 150, 194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 150, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
150, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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