

Converting Colors

RGB(215, 176, 129)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(215, 176, 129) contains.

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Color

RGB(215, 176, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7B081
RGB	215, 176, 129
RGB Percent	84%, 69%, 51%
CMY	0.1569, 0.3098, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.40, 0.16
HSL	33°, 52%, 67%
HSV	33°, 40%, 84%
XYZ	47.5121, 47.0827, 27.3526
YIQ	182.3030, 38.3310, -6.3490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

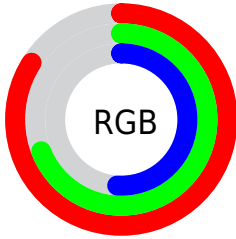
Format	Color
R_{YB}	200, 215, 129
Decimal	14135425
CIE _{Lab}	74.24, 7.84, 29.40
CIE _{LCh}	74, 30.424, 75.063
Yxy	47.0827, 0.3896, 0.3861
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292325505 (0xFFD7B081)
YUV	182.3030, -26.2784, 28.6753
Hunter-Lab	68.6168, 3.5186, 24.3971

Details

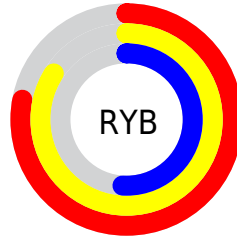
The RGB color **215, 176, 129** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **129, 168, 215**, and the grayscale version is **183, 183, 183**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 232, 182**, and **159, 124, 79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **215, 166, 108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215, 186, 151**.

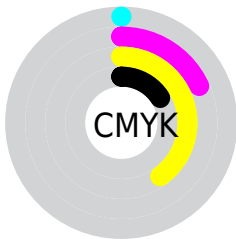
Distribution



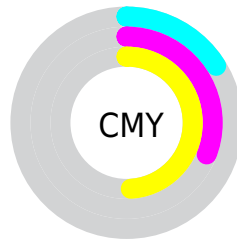
- Red (84%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 215, 176, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 215, 176, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 215, 176, 129

 215, 176, 129


255, 255, 255

 186, 149, 104

 255, 232, 182

 159, 124, 79

 255, 255, 210

 131, 99, 56

 255, 255, 238

 105, 75, 33


 79, 52, 10

 55, 31, 0

 31, 9, 0


 0, 0, 0

 215, 176, 129


 215, 176, 129

 215, 166, 108


 215, 186, 151

 215, 157, 86


 215, 196, 172

 215, 147, 65

 215, 205, 194

 215, 137, 43

 215, 215, 215

 215, 127, 21

 215, 225, 237

 215, 118, 0

 215, 235, 255

 215, 244, 255

 215, 254, 255

 215, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233, 167, 144



215, 176, 129



188, 185, 128

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215, 176, 129



99, 198, 196



204, 171, 222

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215, 176, 129



129, 168, 215

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167, 180, 236



215, 176, 129



98, 196, 221

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215, 176, 129



124, 197, 167



127, 189, 236



229, 163, 198

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215, 176, 129



167, 191, 136



127, 189, 236



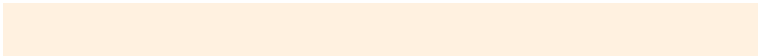
193, 174, 228

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215, 176, 129



255, 241, 224



215, 129, 169



128, 119, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215, 176, 129



255, 199, 133



212, 215, 129



107, 102, 96



171, 93, 0



43, 24, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



129, 168, 215



133, 188, 255



132, 129, 215



96, 101, 107



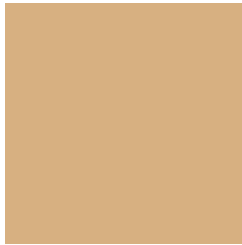
0, 77, 171



0, 20, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 176, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 176, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

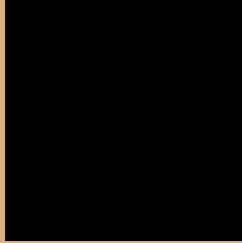
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 215, 176, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 176, 129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 176, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
215, 176, 129

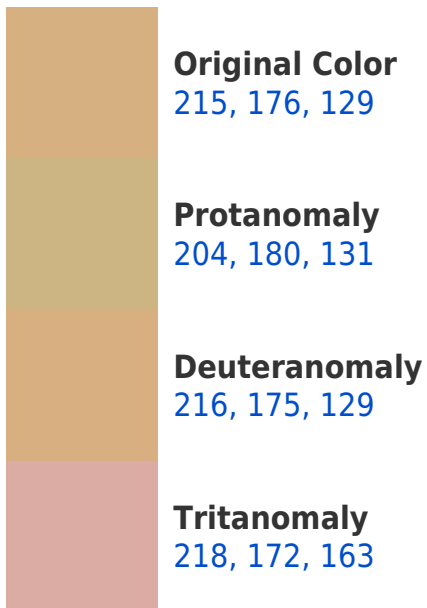
Protanopia
197, 183, 132

Deuteranopia
217, 175, 129



Tritanopia
220, 169, 182

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 215, 176, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 176, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 176, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 176, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 176, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 215, 176, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

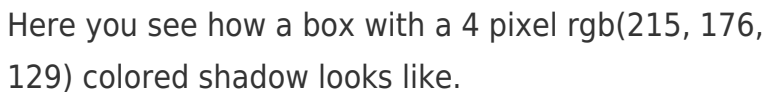
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 176, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 176, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 176, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 176, 129); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 176, 129); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 176, 129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 215, 176, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 176, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
176, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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