

Converting Colors

RGB(215, 183, 193)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(215, 183, 193) contains.

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Color

RGB(215, 183, 193)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7B7C1
RGB	215, 183, 193
RGB Percent	84%, 72%, 76%
CMY	0.1569, 0.2824, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.10, 0.16
HSL	341°, 29%, 78%
HSV	341°, 15%, 84%
XYZ	54.5835, 52.1643, 57.6439
YIQ	193.7080, 15.8620, 9.8940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

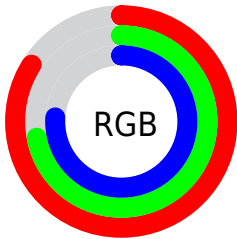
Format	Color
R _Y B	215, 183, 193
Decimal	14137281
CIE Lab	77.38, 13.11, -0.80
CIE LCh	77, 13.130, 356.528
Yxy	52.1643, 0.3320, 0.3173
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292327361 (0xFFD7B7C1)
YUV	193.7080, -0.3490, 18.6731
Hunter-Lab	72.2249, 8.5067, 3.2370

Details

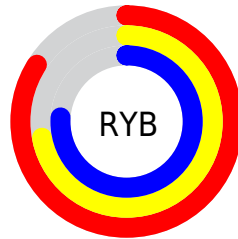
The RGB color **215, 183, 193** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **183, 215, 205**, and the grayscale version is **194, 194, 194**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 239, 249**, and **160, 130, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **215, 162, 178**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215, 205, 208**.

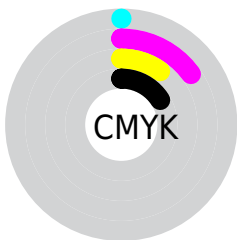
Distribution



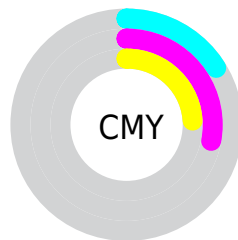
- Red (84%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 215, 183, 193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 215, 183, 193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 215, 183, 193

255, 255, 255

 255, 239, 249

 215, 183, 193


 187, 156, 166


 160, 130, 140

 134, 105, 114

 108, 81, 90

 84, 57, 66

 60, 36, 44

 38, 15, 24

 5, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 215, 183, 193

■ 215, 183, 193

■ 215, 162, 178

■ 215, 205, 208

■ 215, 140, 163

■ 215, 226, 223

■ 215, 118, 149

■ 215, 248, 237

■ 215, 97, 134

■ 215, 255, 252

■ 215, 76, 119

■ 215, 255, 255

■ 215, 54, 104

■ 215, 33, 90

■ 215, 11, 75

■ 215, 0, 67

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



206, 185, 205



215, 183, 193



217, 183, 181

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215, 183, 193



189, 194, 169



165, 196, 211

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215, 183, 193



183, 215, 205

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



160, 198, 201



215, 183, 193



175, 197, 177

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215, 183, 193



203, 190, 167



165, 198, 189



177, 193, 215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215, 183, 193



215, 185, 174



165, 198, 189



162, 197, 208

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215, 183, 193



255, 245, 248



205, 183, 215



128, 121, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215, 183, 193



255, 209, 223



215, 189, 183



107, 96, 100



171, 0, 53



43, 0, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



215, 183, 193



255, 209, 223



183, 209, 215



107, 96, 100



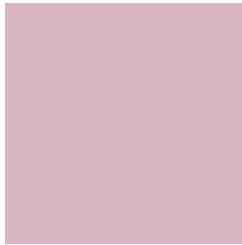
171, 0, 53



43, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 183, 193 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

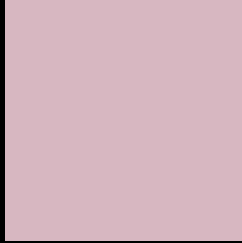
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 183, 193 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 215, 183, 193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 183, 193.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 183, 193.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
215, 183, 193

Protanopia
193, 190, 197

Deuteranopia
209, 185, 193



Tritanopia
215, 182, 197

Trichromacy



Original Color

215, 183, 193

Protanomaly

201, 187, 196

Deuteranomaly

211, 184, 193

Tritanomaly

215, 182, 196

Monochromacy



Original Color

215, 183, 193

Achromatopsia

194, 194, 194

Achromatomaly

202, 190, 194

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 215, 183, 193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 183, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 183, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 183, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 183, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 215, 183, 193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 183, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 183, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 183, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 183, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 183, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 183,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 215, 183, 193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 183, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
183, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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