

Converting Colors

RGB(215, 193, 99)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(215, 193, 99) contains.

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Color

RGB(215, 193, 99)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7C163
RGB	215, 193, 99
RGB Percent	84%, 76%, 39%
CMY	0.1569, 0.2431, 0.6118
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.54, 0.16
HSL	49°, 59%, 62%
HSV	49°, 54%, 84%
XYZ	49.3464, 53.4879, 19.5277
YIQ	188.8620, 43.2860, -24.5700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

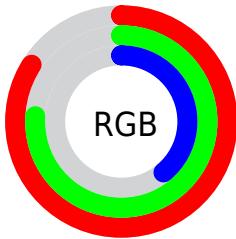
Format	Color
RYB	126, 215, 99
Decimal	14139747
CIELab	78.16, -4.01, 49.56
CIELCh	78, 49.723, 94.626
Yxy	53.4879, 0.4033, 0.4371
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292329827 (0xFFD7C163)
YUV	188.8620, -44.3020, 22.9230
Hunter-Lab	73.1354, -7.5482, 35.3639

Details

The RGB color **215, 193, 99** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **99, 121, 215**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 249, 152**, and **158, 140, 48** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **215, 189, 78**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215, 197, 121**.

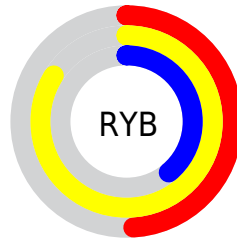
Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (76%)

Blue (39%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (39%)

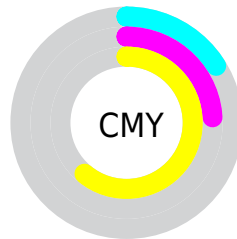


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (16%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 215, 193, 99 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 215, 193, 99 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 215, 193, 99  215, 193, 99


255, 255, 255  186, 166, 73

 255, 249, 152  158, 140, 48

 255, 255, 180  130, 114, 20

 255, 255, 208  103, 90, 0

 255, 255, 236  77, 67, 0

 51, 45, 0

 27, 25, 0

 0, 0, 0

 215, 193, 99  215, 193, 99

■ 215, 189, 78

■ 215, 197, 121

■ 215, 185, 56

■ 215, 201, 142

■ 215, 181, 35

■ 215, 205, 164

■ 215, 177, 13

■ 215, 209, 185

■ 215, 174, 0

■ 215, 213, 207

■ 215, 217, 228

■ 215, 222, 250

■ 215, 226, 255

■ 215, 230, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



254, 177, 110



215, 193, 99



166, 206, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215, 193, 99



0, 216, 244



255, 162, 234

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215, 193, 99



99, 121, 215

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207, 179, 255



215, 193, 99



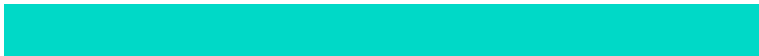
0, 209, 255

Square

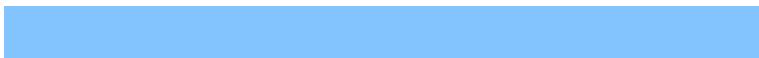
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215, 193, 99



0, 217, 199



131, 196, 255



255, 155, 188

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215, 193, 99



128, 212, 138



131, 196, 255



243, 167, 247

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215, 193, 99



255, 247, 214



215, 99, 122



128, 123, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215, 193, 99



255, 224, 89



180, 215, 99



107, 105, 96



171, 138, 0



43, 35, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99, 121, 215



89, 121, 255



134, 99, 215



96, 98, 107



0, 32, 171



0, 8, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 193, 99 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 193, 99 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 215, 193, 99 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 193, 99.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 193, 99.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


215, 193, 99

Protanopia

213, 194, 99

Deuteranopia

237, 184, 101



Tritanopia
224, 182, 196

Trichromacy



Original Color
215, 193, 99

Protanomaly
214, 194, 99

Deuteranomaly
229, 187, 100

Tritanomaly
221, 186, 161

Monochromacy



Original Color
215, 193, 99

Achromatopsia
189, 189, 189

Achromatomaly
198, 190, 156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 215, 193, 99 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 193, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 193, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 193, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 193, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 215, 193, 99 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 193, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 193, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 193, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 193, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 193, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 193,  
99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 215, 193, 99 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 193, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
193, 99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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