

Converting Colors

RGB(215, 213, 205)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(215, 213, 205) contains.

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Color

RGB(215, 213, 205)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7D5CD
RGB	215, 213, 205
RGB Percent	84%, 84%, 80%
CMY	0.1569, 0.1647, 0.1961
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.05, 0.16
HSL	48°, 11%, 82%
HSV	48°, 5%, 84%
XYZ	62.8380, 66.4434, 67.2705
YIQ	212.6860, 3.7600, -2.0640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

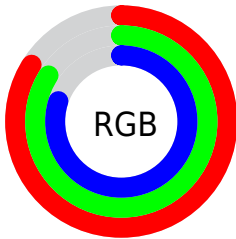
Format	Color
R _Y B	208, 215, 205
Decimal	14144973
CIE Lab	85.22, -0.73, 4.18
CIE LCh	85, 4.243, 99.842
Yxy	66.4434, 0.3197, 0.3380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292335053 (0xFFD7D5CD)
YUV	212.6860, -3.7892, 2.0294
Hunter-Lab	81.5128, -5.0421, 8.1283

Details

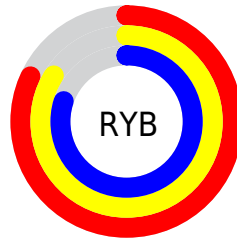
The RGB color **215, 213, 205** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **205, 207, 215**, and the grayscale version is **213, 213, 213**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **160, 158, 151** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **215, 209, 184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **215, 217, 227**.

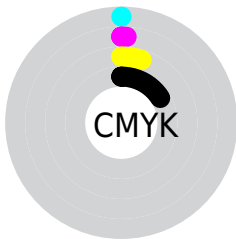
Distribution



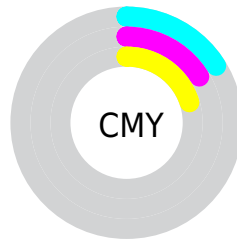
- Red (84%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 215, 213, 205 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 215, 213, 205 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 215, 213, 205

255, 255, 255

■ 215, 213, 205

■ 187, 185, 178

■ 160, 158, 151

■ 134, 132, 125

■ 109, 107, 100

■ 85, 83, 76

■ 61, 60, 54

■ 40, 38, 32

■ 19, 18, 9

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 215, 213, 205

■ 215, 213, 205

■ 215, 209, 184

■ 215, 217, 227

■ 215, 204, 162

■ 215, 222, 248

■ 215, 200, 141

■ 215, 226, 255

■ 215, 196, 119

■ 215, 230, 255

■ 215, 192, 98

■ 215, 234, 255

■ 215, 187, 76

■ 215, 239, 255

■ 215, 183, 55

■ 215, 243, 255

■ 215, 179, 33

■ 215, 247, 255

■ 215, 174, 12

■ 215, 252, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



219, 212, 205



215, 213, 205



210, 214, 207

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215, 213, 205



204, 215, 218



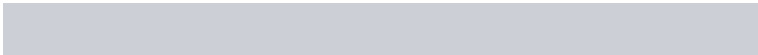
219, 211, 216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215, 213, 205



205, 207, 215

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



215, 211, 219



215, 213, 205



206, 214, 220

Square

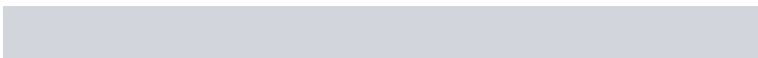
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215, 213, 205



204, 215, 214



211, 213, 221



222, 210, 212

Rectangle

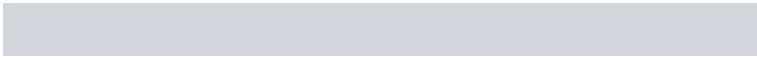
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215, 213, 205



207, 215, 209



211, 213, 221



218, 211, 217

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215, 213, 205



255, 254, 252



215, 205, 207



128, 127, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215, 213, 205



255, 252, 240



212, 215, 205



107, 106, 100



171, 137, 0



43, 35, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



205, 207, 215



240, 243, 255



208, 205, 215



100, 101, 107



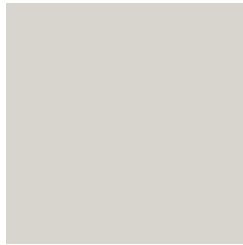
0, 34, 171



0, 9, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 213, 205 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

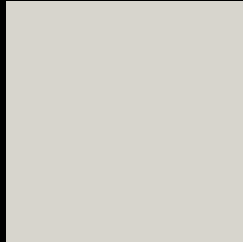
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 213, 205 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

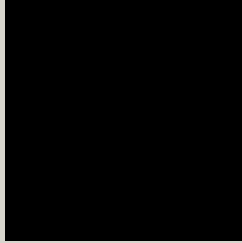
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

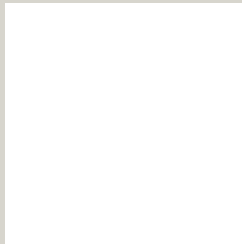
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 215, 213, 205 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 213, 205.

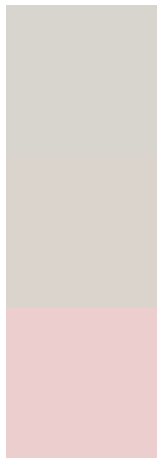


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 213, 205.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
215, 213, 205

Protanopia
219, 212, 204

Deuteranopia
236, 206, 206



Tritanopia
218, 210, 226

Trichromacy



Original Color

215, 213, 205

Protanomaly

218, 212, 204

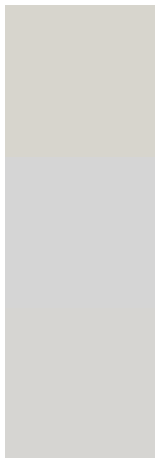
Deuteranomaly

228, 209, 206

Tritanomaly

217, 211, 218

Monochromacy



Original Color

215, 213, 205

Achromatopsia

213, 213, 213

Achromatomaly

214, 213, 210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 215, 213, 205 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(215, 213, 205) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 213, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 213, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 213, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 215, 213, 205 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 213, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 213, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 213, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 213, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 213, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 213,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 215, 213, 205 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 213, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
213, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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