

Converting Colors

RGB(215, 216, 244)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(215, 216, 244) contains.

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Color

RGB(215, 216, 244)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7D8F4
RGB	215, 216, 244
RGB Percent	84%, 85%, 96%
CMY	0.1569, 0.1529, 0.0431
CMYK	0.12, 0.11, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	238°, 57%, 90%
HSV	238°, 12%, 96%
XYZ	68.9093, 70.0905, 95.4849
YIQ	218.8930, -9.5840, 8.4960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

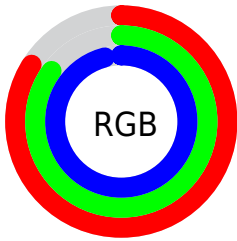
Format	Color
R _Y B	215, 216, 244
Decimal	14145780
CIE Lab	87.04, 5.03, -13.78
CIE LCh	87, 14.668, 290.067
Yxy	70.0905, 0.2939, 0.2989
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292335860 (0xFFD7D8F4)
YUV	218.8930, 12.3778, -3.4142
Hunter-Lab	83.7200, 0.4119, -9.0177

Details

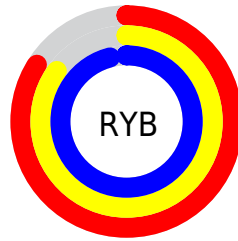
The RGB color **215, 216, 244** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **244, 243, 215**, and the grayscale version is **219, 219, 219**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **160, 161, 188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191, 192, 244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239, 240, 244**.

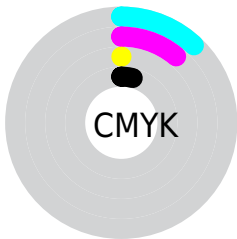
Distribution



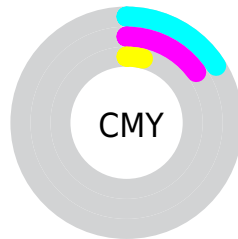
- Red (84%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 215, 216, 244 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 215, 216, 244 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 215, 216, 244

255, 255, 255

■ 215, 216, 244

■ 187, 188, 216

■ 160, 161, 188

■ 134, 135, 161

■ 108, 110, 135

■ 84, 85, 109

■ 60, 62, 85

■ 38, 41, 62

■ 17, 20, 40

■ 0, 1, 19

■ 215, 216, 244

■ 215, 216, 244

■ 191, 192, 244

■ 239, 240, 244

■ 166, 169, 244

■ 255, 255, 244

■ 142, 145, 244

■ 117, 122, 244

■ 93, 98, 244

■ 69, 75, 244

■ 44, 51, 244

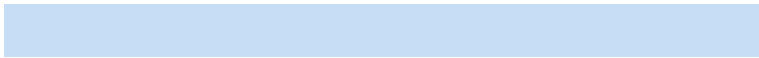
■ 20, 28, 244

■ 0, 8, 244

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



198, 221, 245



215, 216, 244



232, 212, 236

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215, 216, 244



245, 211, 197



190, 226, 213

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215, 216, 244



244, 243, 215

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



203, 224, 200



215, 216, 244



234, 215, 191

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



215, 216, 244



248, 209, 209



219, 220, 192



183, 226, 227

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215, 216, 244



240, 210, 228



219, 220, 192



194, 225, 208

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215, 216, 244



245, 245, 255



215, 244, 243



121, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215, 216, 244



219, 221, 255



228, 215, 244



110, 111, 122



0, 6, 186



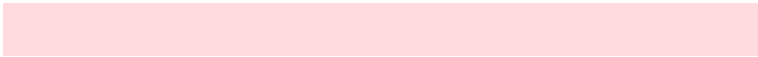
0, 2, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



244, 215, 216



255, 219, 221



231, 244, 215



122, 110, 111



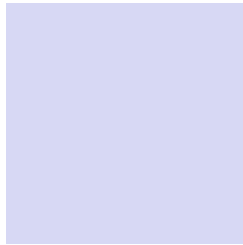
186, 0, 6



59, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 216, 244 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

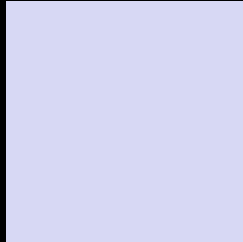
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 216, 244 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

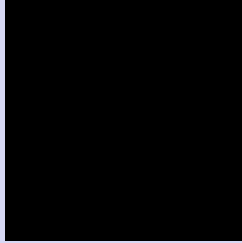
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 215, 216, 244 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 216, 244.

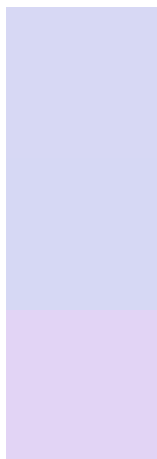


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 216, 244.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
215, 216, 244

Protanopia
214, 216, 244

Deuteranopia
226, 212, 245



Tritanopia
213, 218, 235

Trichromacy



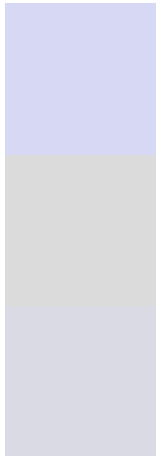
Original Color
215, 216, 244

Protanomaly
214, 216, 244

Deuteranomaly
222, 213, 245

Tritanomaly
214, 217, 238

Monochromacy



Original Color
215, 216, 244

Achromatopsia
219, 219, 219

Achromatomaly
218, 218, 228

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 215, 216, 244 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 216, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 216, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 216, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 216, 244) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 215, 216, 244 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 216, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 216, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 216, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 216, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 216, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 216,  
244) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 215, 216, 244 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 216, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
216, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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