

# Converting Colors

RGB(215, 244, 217)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(215, 244, 217) contains.

<b>RGB(215, 244, 217)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(215, 244, 217)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7F4D9
RGB	215, 244, 217
RGB Percent	84%, 96%, 85%
CMY	0.1569, 0.0431, 0.1490
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.11, 0.04
HSL	124°, 57%, 90%
HSV	124°, 12%, 96%
XYZ	72.8994, 84.1582, 78.0476
YIQ	232.2510, -8.6170, -14.5450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

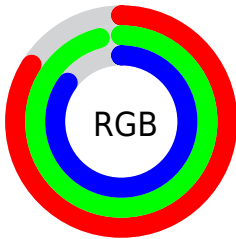
Format	Color
RYB	215, 242, 244
Decimal	14152921
CIELab	93.52, -14.38, 9.84
CIElCh	94, 17.424, 145.632
Yxy	84.1582, 0.3101, 0.3580
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292343001 (0xFFD7F4D9)
YUV	232.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291
Hunter-Lab	91.7378, -18.6961, 13.7744

# Details

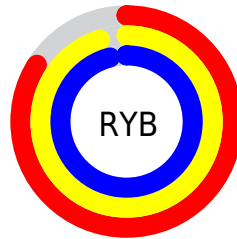
The RGB color **215, 244, 217** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **244, 215, 242**, and the grayscale version is **232, 232, 232**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **160, 188, 162** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191, 244, 194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239, 244, 240**.

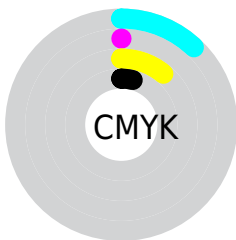
# Distribution



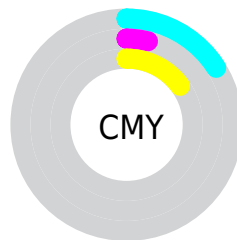
- Red (84%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 215, 244, 217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 215, 244, 217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 215, 244, 217

255, 255, 255

■ 215, 244, 217

■ 187, 216, 189

■ 160, 188, 162

■ 134, 161, 136

■ 108, 134, 111

■ 84, 109, 86

■ 60, 85, 63

■ 38, 61, 41

■ 16, 39, 20

■ 0, 20, 0

 215, 244, 217

 215, 244, 217

 191, 244, 194

 239, 244, 240

 166, 244, 172

 255, 244, 255

 142, 244, 149

 117, 244, 126

 93, 244, 103

 69, 244, 81

 44, 244, 58

 20, 244, 35

 0, 244, 17

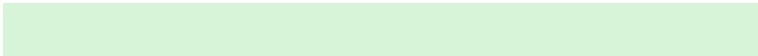
# Harmonies

## Analogous

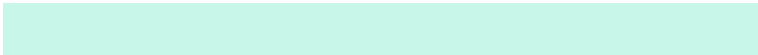
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



234, 240, 206



215, 244, 217



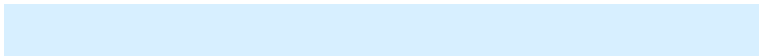
200, 246, 233

# Triad

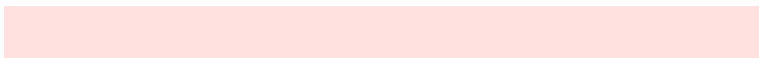
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215, 244, 217



215, 239, 255



255, 226, 223

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215, 244, 217



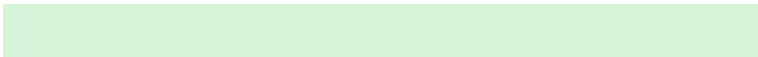
244, 215, 242

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 225, 239



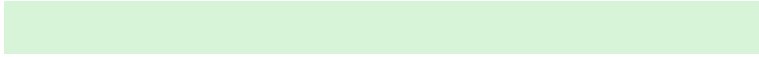
215, 244, 217



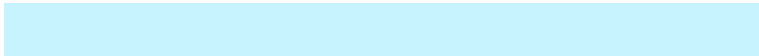
237, 233, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



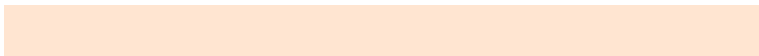
215, 244, 217



199, 243, 255



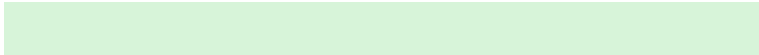
255, 228, 255



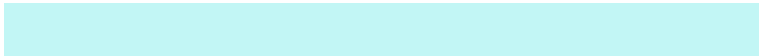
255, 229, 209

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



215, 244, 217



194, 246, 245



255, 228, 255

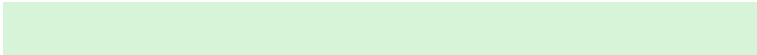


255, 225, 228



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215, 244, 217



245, 255, 246



242, 244, 215



121, 128, 122



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

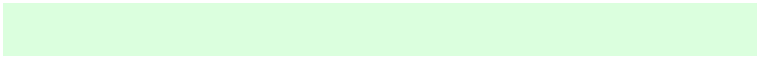


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215, 244, 217



219, 255, 222



215, 244, 231



110, 122, 111



0, 186, 13



0, 59, 4



# Inverse Universe

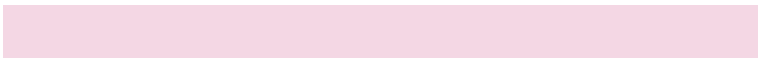
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



244, 215, 242



255, 219, 253



244, 215, 228



122, 110, 122



186, 0, 173

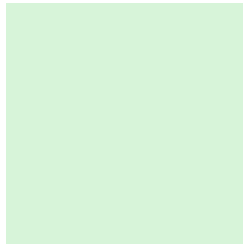


59, 0, 55



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 244, 217 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

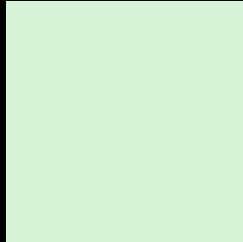
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 244, 217 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

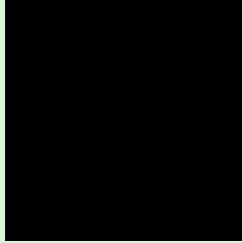
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

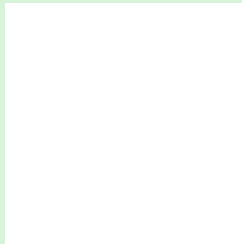
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 215, 244, 217 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 244, 217.

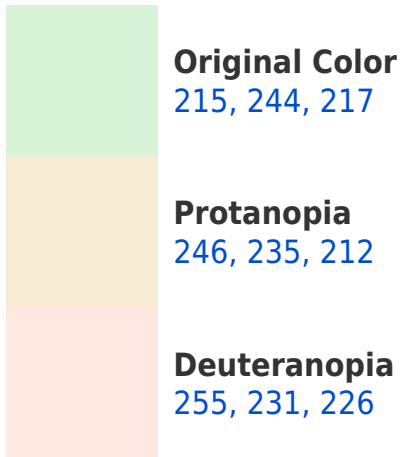


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 244, 217.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





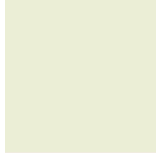
**Tritanopia**  
223, 238, 255

# Trichromacy



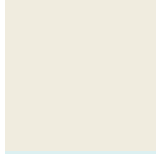
**Original Color**

215, 244, 217



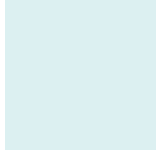
**Protanomaly**

235, 238, 214



**Deuteranomaly**

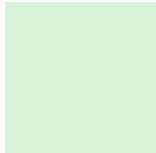
240, 236, 223



**Tritanomaly**

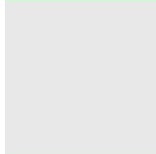
220, 240, 241

# Monochromacy



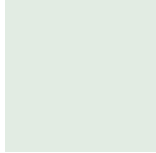
**Original Color**

215, 244, 217



**Achromatopsia**

232, 232, 232



**Achromatomaly**

226, 236, 227

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 215, 244, 217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 244, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 244, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 244, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 244, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 215, 244, 217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 244, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 244, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 244, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 244, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 244, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 244,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 215, 244, 217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 244, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
244, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor