

Converting Colors

RGB(215, 244, 229)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(215, 244, 229) contains.

RGB(215, 244, 229)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(215, 244, 229)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7F4E5
RGB	215, 244, 229
RGB Percent	84%, 96%, 90%
CMY	0.1569, 0.0431, 0.1020
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.06, 0.04
HSL	149°, 57%, 90%
HSV	149°, 12%, 96%
XYZ	74.5179, 84.8056, 86.5703
YIQ	233.6190, -12.4690, -10.8130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

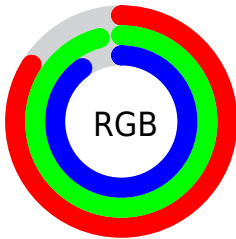
Format	Color
R _Y B	215, 235, 244
Decimal	14152933
CIE Lab	93.80, -12.23, 4.03
CIE LCh	94, 12.873, 161.770
Yxy	84.8056, 0.3030, 0.3449
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292343013 (0xFFD7F4E5)
YUV	233.6190, -2.2772, -16.3289
Hunter-Lab	92.0899, -16.7178, 8.7266

Details

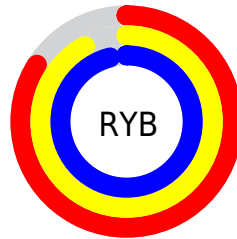
The RGB color **215, 244, 229** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **244, 215, 230**, and the grayscale version is **234, 234, 234**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **160, 188, 174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **191, 244, 216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239, 244, 242**.

Distribution



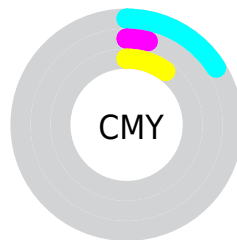
- Red (84%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 215, 244, 229 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 215, 244, 229 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 215, 244, 229

255, 255, 255

■ 215, 244, 229

■ 187, 216, 201

■ 160, 188, 174

■ 134, 161, 147

■ 108, 135, 121

■ 84, 109, 96

■ 60, 85, 73


■ 38, 62, 50

■ 17, 40, 29

■ 0, 20, 4

 215, 244, 229

 215, 244, 229

 191, 244, 216

 239, 244, 242

 166, 244, 204

 255, 244, 254

 142, 244, 191

 255, 244, 255

 117, 244, 179

 93, 244, 166

 69, 244, 153

 44, 244, 141

 20, 244, 128

 0, 244, 118

Harmonies

Analogous

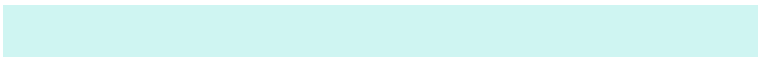
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



228, 242, 218



215, 244, 229



207, 245, 242

Triad

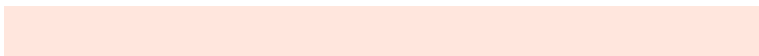
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



215, 244, 229



230, 237, 255



255, 230, 221

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



215, 244, 229



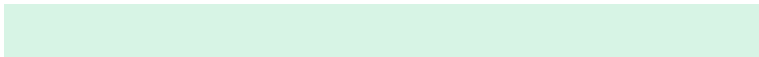
244, 215, 230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 229, 233



215, 244, 229



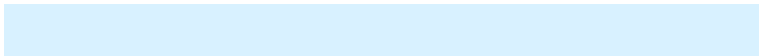
246, 233, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



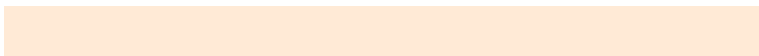
215, 244, 229



216, 241, 255



255, 230, 245



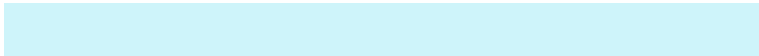
255, 234, 214

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



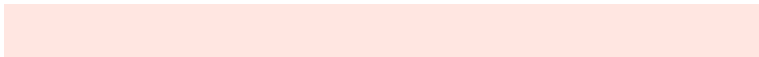
215, 244, 229



206, 244, 250



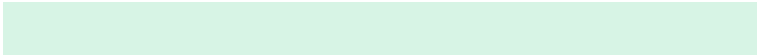
255, 230, 245



255, 230, 225

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



215, 244, 229



245, 255, 250



230, 244, 215



121, 128, 124



0, 0, 0



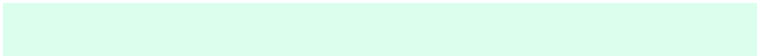
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

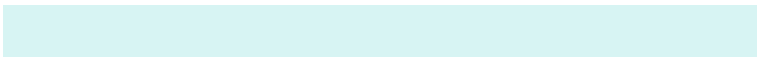
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



215, 244, 229



219, 255, 237



215, 244, 243



110, 122, 116



0, 186, 90



0, 59, 28

Inverse Universe

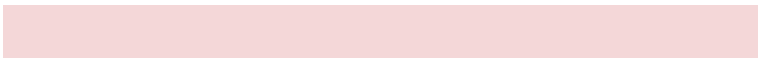
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



244, 215, 230



255, 219, 238



244, 215, 216



122, 110, 116



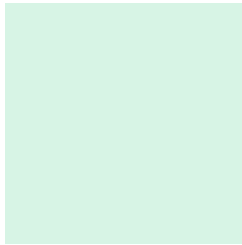
186, 0, 96



59, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 244, 229 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

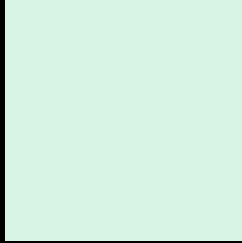
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 215, 244, 229 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

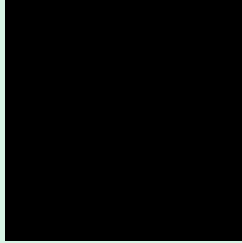
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

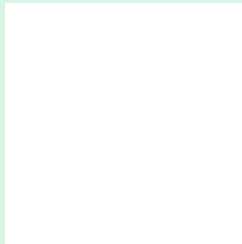
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 215, 244, 229 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 244, 229.

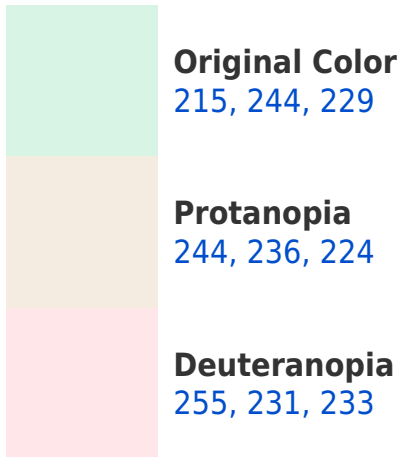


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 215, 244, 229.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

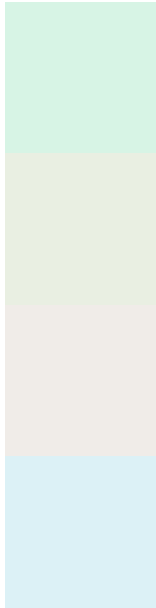




Tritanopia

223, 239, 255

Trichromacy



Original Color

215, 244, 229

Protanomaly

233, 239, 226

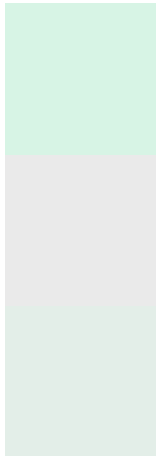
Deuteranomaly

240, 236, 232

Tritanomaly

220, 241, 246

Monochromacy



Original Color

215, 244, 229

Achromatopsia

234, 234, 234

Achromatomaly

227, 238, 232

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 215, 244, 229 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 244, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 244, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 244, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 244, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 215, 244, 229 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 244, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 244, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 244, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 244, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 244, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 244,  
229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 215, 244, 229 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 244, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
244, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor