

# Converting Colors

RGB(216, 178, 111)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(216, 178, 111) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(216, 178, 111)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8B26F
RGB	216, 178, 111
RGB Percent	85%, 70%, 44%
CMY	0.1529, 0.3020, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.49, 0.15
HSL	38°, 57%, 64%
HSV	38°, 49%, 85%
XYZ	47.1085, 47.5874, 21.7413
YIQ	181.7240, 44.1550, -12.7810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

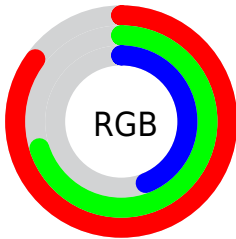
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	171, 216, 111
Decimal	14201455
CIELab	74.56, 5.33, 39.25
CIELCh	75, 39.607, 82.266
Yxy	47.5874, 0.4046, 0.4087
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292391535 (0xFFD8B26F)
YUV	181.7240, -34.8669, 30.0601
Hunter-Lab	68.9836, 1.1753, 29.6023

# Details

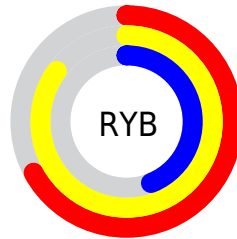
The RGB color **216, 178, 111** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **111, 149, 216**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 234, 164**, and **159, 126, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **216, 170, 89**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216, 186, 133**.

# Distribution



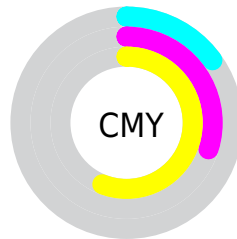
- Red (85%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 216, 178, 111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 216, 178, 111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 216, 178, 111


255, 255, 255

 255, 234, 164

 255, 255, 191


 255, 255, 219

 255, 255, 248

 216, 178, 111

 187, 151, 86

 159, 126, 61

 131, 101, 37

 104, 77, 12


 79, 54, 0

 53, 33, 0

 29, 12, 0

 0, 0, 0

 216, 178, 111

 216, 178, 111

216, 170, 89

216, 186, 133

216, 162, 68

216, 194, 154

216, 155, 46

216, 201, 176

216, 147, 25

216, 209, 197

216, 139, 3

216, 217, 219

216, 138, 0

216, 225, 241

216, 233, 255

216, 241, 255

216, 248, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



243, 165, 127



216, 178, 111



180, 190, 115

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



216, 178, 111



37, 203, 210



220, 164, 228

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



216, 178, 111



111, 149, 216

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174, 177, 251



216, 178, 111



49, 199, 240

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



216, 178, 111



90, 202, 172



114, 190, 255



248, 156, 194

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



216, 178, 111



152, 196, 128



114, 190, 255



207, 169, 238



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



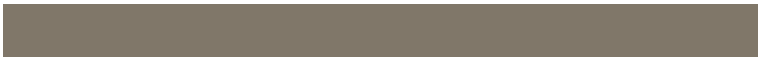
216, 178, 111



255, 241, 217



216, 111, 150



128, 119, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



216, 178, 111



255, 201, 107



202, 216, 111



107, 103, 96



171, 109, 0



43, 28, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111, 149, 216



107, 161, 255



125, 111, 216



96, 100, 107



0, 62, 171

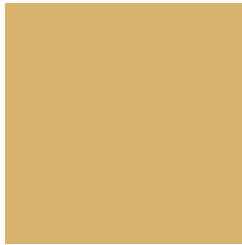


0, 16, 43



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 216, 178, 111 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

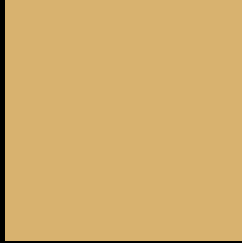
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 216, 178, 111 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 216, 178, 111 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 216, 178, 111.

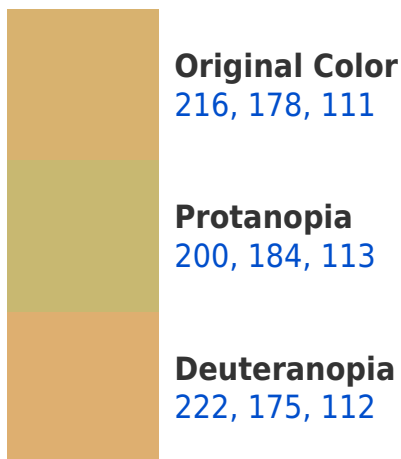



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 216, 178, 111.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
223, 169, 182

# Trichromacy



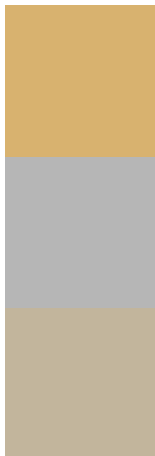
**Original Color**  
216, 178, 111

**Protanomaly**  
206, 182, 112

**Deuteranomaly**  
220, 176, 112

**Tritanomaly**  
220, 172, 156

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
216, 178, 111

**Achromatopsia**  
182, 182, 182

**Achromatomaly**  
194, 181, 156

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 216, 178, 111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 178, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 178, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 178, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 178, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 216, 178, 111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 178, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 178, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 178, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 178, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 178, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 178,  
111) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 216, 178, 111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 178, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
178, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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