

Converting Colors

RGB(216, 201, 130)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(216, 201, 130) contains.

RGB(216, 201, 130)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(216, 201, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8C982
RGB	216, 201, 130
RGB Percent	85%, 79%, 51%
CMY	0.1529, 0.2118, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.40, 0.15
HSL	50°, 52%, 68%
HSV	50°, 40%, 85%
XYZ	53.2348, 57.9839, 29.5053
YIQ	197.3910, 31.7310, -18.9010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

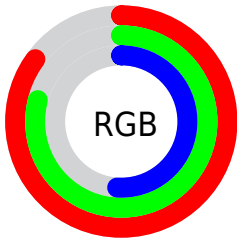
Format	Color
RYB	148, 216, 130
Decimal	14207362
CIELab	80.73, -4.79, 37.35
CIELCh	81, 37.659, 97.305
Yxy	57.9839, 0.3783, 0.4120
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292397442 (0xFFD8C982)
YUV	197.3910, -33.2238, 16.3201
Hunter-Lab	76.1472, -8.4675, 30.3295

Details

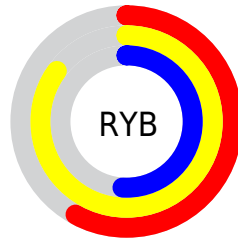
The RGB color **216, 201, 130** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C9C999**. A complement of this color would be **130, 145, 216**, and the grayscale version is **198, 198, 198**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 184**, and **160, 147, 79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **216, 197, 108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216, 205, 152**.

Distribution



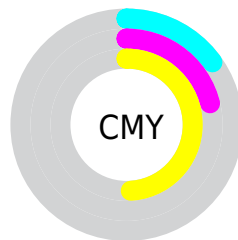
- Red (85%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 216, 201, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 216, 201, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 216, 201, 130

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 184


 255, 255, 212

 255, 255, 240


 216, 201, 130

 188, 174, 104

 160, 147, 79

 133, 122, 55

 106, 97, 31

 81, 73, 5

 57, 51, 0


 32, 30, 0

 0, 5, 0


 0, 0, 0

 216, 201, 130

 216, 201, 130

 216, 197, 108

 216, 205, 152

 216, 193, 87


 216, 209, 173

 216, 190, 65


 216, 212, 195

 216, 186, 44

 216, 216, 216

 216, 182, 22

 216, 220, 238

 216, 178, 0

 216, 224, 255

 216, 178, 0

 216, 227, 255

 216, 231, 255

 216, 235, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



247, 189, 136



216, 201, 130



178, 211, 143

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



216, 201, 130



77, 218, 242



252, 178, 228

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



216, 201, 130



130, 145, 216

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



216, 188, 255



216, 201, 130



111, 211, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



216, 201, 130



95, 220, 208



166, 201, 255



255, 174, 193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



216, 201, 130



150, 216, 161



166, 201, 255



242, 181, 239

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



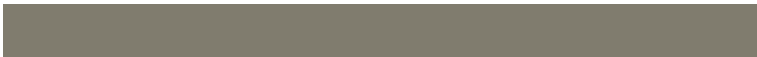
216, 201, 130



255, 250, 224



216, 130, 146



128, 124, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



216, 201, 130



255, 234, 133



189, 216, 130



107, 105, 96



171, 141, 0



43, 36, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



130, 145, 216



133, 154, 255



157, 130, 216



96, 98, 107



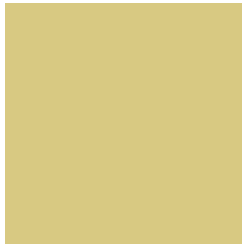
0, 30, 171



0, 8, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 216, 201, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

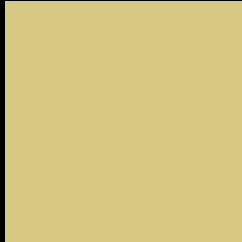
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 216, 201, 130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

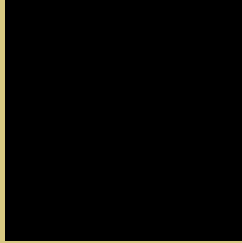
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 216, 201, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 216, 201, 130.

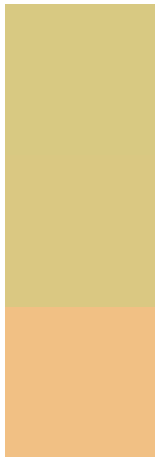


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 216, 201, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
216, 201, 130

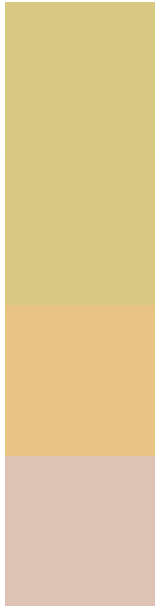
Protanopia
218, 200, 130

Deuteranopia
241, 192, 132



Tritanopia
224, 192, 207

Trichromacy



Original Color
216, 201, 130

Protanomaly
217, 200, 130

Deuteranomaly
232, 195, 131

Tritanomaly
221, 195, 179

Monochromacy



Original Color
216, 201, 130

Achromatopsia
197, 197, 197

Achromatomaly
204, 198, 173

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 216, 201, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 201, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 201, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 201, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 201, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 216, 201, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 201, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 201, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 201, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 201, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 201, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 201,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 216, 201, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 201, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
201, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor