

Converting Colors

RGB(216, 205, 215)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(216, 205, 215) contains.

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Color

RGB(216, 205, 215)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8CDD7
RGB	216, 205, 215
RGB Percent	85%, 80%, 84%
CMY	0.1529, 0.1961, 0.1569
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	305°, 12%, 83%
HSV	305°, 5%, 85%
XYZ	62.4160, 63.1679, 73.1929
YIQ	209.4290, 3.3460, 5.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

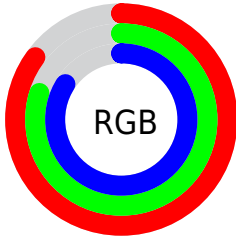
Format	Color
R _Y B	216, 205, 215
Decimal	14208471
CIE Lab	83.53, 5.59, -3.60
CIE LCh	84, 6.645, 327.245
Yxy	63.1679, 0.3140, 0.3178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292398551 (0xFFD8CDD7)
YUV	209.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628
Hunter-Lab	79.4782, 1.0930, 1.0335

Details

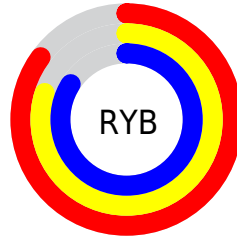
The RGB color **216, 205, 215** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **205, 216, 206**, and the grayscale version is **209, 209, 209**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **161, 151, 160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **216, 183, 213**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **216, 227, 217**.

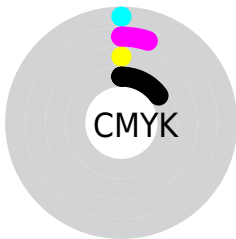
Distribution



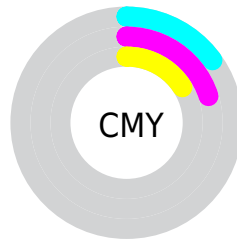
- Red (85%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 216, 205, 215 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 216, 205, 215 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 216, 205, 215

255, 255, 255

■ 216, 205, 215

■ 188, 178, 187

■ 161, 151, 160

■ 135, 125, 134

■ 110, 100, 109

■ 85, 76, 85

■ 62, 53, 61


■ 40, 32, 40

■ 20, 9, 19

■ 0, 0, 0

 216, 205, 215

 216, 205, 215

 216, 183, 213


 216, 227, 217

 216, 162, 211

 216, 248, 219

 216, 140, 209


 216, 255, 221

 216, 119, 207

 216, 255, 223

 216, 97, 205

 216, 255, 225

 216, 75, 203


 216, 255, 227

 216, 54, 201

 216, 255, 229

 216, 32, 199

 216, 255, 231

 216, 11, 197

 216, 255, 233

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209, 207, 219



216, 205, 215



221, 204, 209

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



216, 205, 215



214, 207, 196



193, 212, 214

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



216, 205, 215



205, 216, 206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195, 212, 207



216, 205, 215



207, 210, 197

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



216, 205, 215



220, 206, 198



200, 211, 201



195, 211, 218

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



216, 205, 215



222, 204, 205



200, 211, 201



193, 212, 212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



216, 205, 215



255, 250, 255



206, 205, 216



128, 125, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



216, 205, 215



255, 240, 254



216, 205, 210



107, 100, 106



171, 0, 155



43, 0, 39

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216, 205, 215



255, 240, 254



205, 216, 211



107, 100, 106



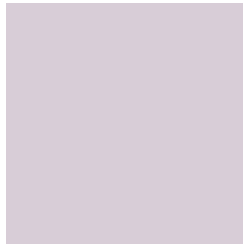
171, 0, 155



43, 0, 39

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 216, 205, 215 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

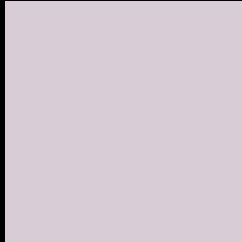
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 216, 205, 215 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

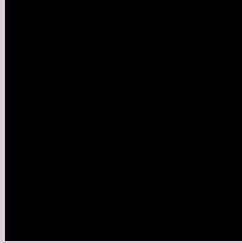
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

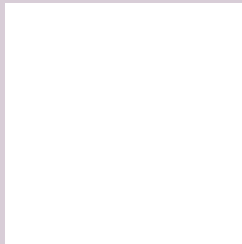
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 216, 205, 215 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 216, 205, 215.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 216, 205, 215.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

	Original Color 216, 205, 215
	Protanopia 210, 207, 216
	Deuteranopia 225, 202, 216



Tritanopia
217, 204, 220

Trichromacy



Original Color

216, 205, 215

Protanomaly

212, 206, 216

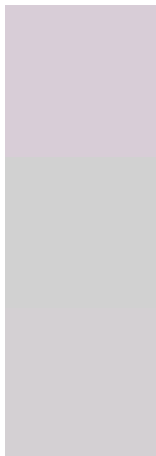
Deuteranomaly

222, 203, 216

Tritanomaly

217, 204, 218

Monochromacy



Original Color

216, 205, 215

Achromatopsia

209, 209, 209

Achromatomaly

212, 208, 211

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 216, 205, 215 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(216, 205, 215) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 205, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 205, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 205, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 216, 205, 215 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

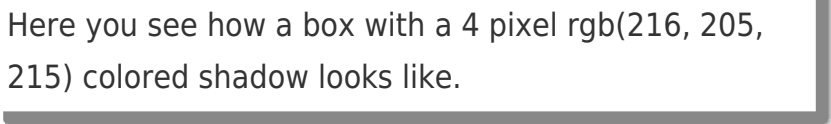
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 205, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 205, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 205, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 205, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 205, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 205,  
215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 216, 205, 215 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 205, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
205, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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