

# Converting Colors

RGB(216, 217, 213)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(216, 217, 213) contains.

<b>RGB(216, 217, 213)</b> .....	3
<i>Conversions</i> .....	4
<i>Details</i> .....	6
<i>Harmonies</i> .....	11
<i>Previews</i> .....	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> .....	26
<i>CSS Examples</i> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(216, 217, 213)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8D9D5
RGB	216, 217, 213
RGB Percent	85%, 85%, 84%
CMY	0.1529, 0.1490, 0.1647
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.02, 0.15
HSL	75°, 5%, 84%
HSV	75°, 2%, 85%
XYZ	65.1420, 69.0287, 72.8413
YIQ	216.2450, 0.6880, -1.4560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

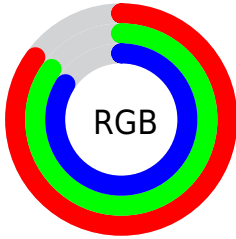
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	213, 217, 214
Decimal	14211541
CIE Lab	86.52, -1.05, 1.84
CIE LCh	87, 2.117, 119.812
Yxy	69.0287, 0.3147, 0.3335
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292401621 (0xFFD8D9D5)
YUV	216.2450, -1.5998, -0.2149
Hunter-Lab	83.0835, -5.4425, 6.1775

# Details

The RGB color **216, 217, 213** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **214, 213, 217**, and the grayscale version is **216, 216, 216**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **161, 162, 158** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **211, 217, 191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **221, 217, 235**.

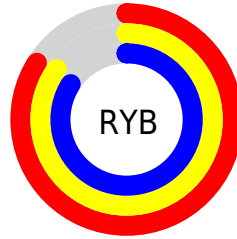
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (85%)

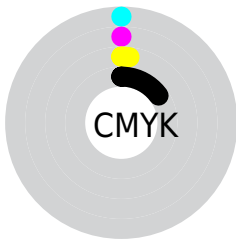
Blue (84%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (84%)

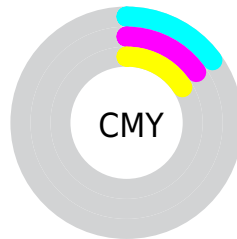


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 216, 217, 213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 216, 217, 213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 216, 217, 213

255, 255, 255

■ 216, 217, 213

■ 188, 189, 185

■ 161, 162, 158

■ 135, 136, 132

■ 110, 111, 107

■ 85, 86, 83

■ 62, 63, 60

■ 40, 41, 38

■ 20, 21, 18

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 216, 217, 213

■ 216, 217, 213

■ 211, 217, 191

■ 221, 217, 235

■ 205, 217, 170

■ 227, 217, 255

■ 200, 217, 148

■ 232, 217, 255

■ 194, 217, 126

■ 238, 217, 255

■ 189, 217, 105

■ 243, 217, 255

■ 183, 217, 83

■ 249, 217, 255

■ 178, 217, 61

■ 254, 217, 255

■ 173, 217, 39

■ 255, 217, 255

■ 167, 217, 18

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



218, 216, 213



216, 217, 213



214, 218, 214

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



216, 217, 213



213, 217, 220



221, 215, 217

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



216, 217, 213



214, 213, 217

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



219, 215, 219



216, 217, 213



215, 217, 220

# Square

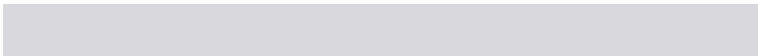
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



216, 217, 213



212, 218, 218



217, 216, 220



221, 215, 215

# Rectangle

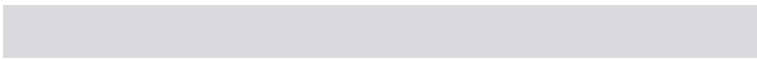
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



216, 217, 213



213, 218, 216



217, 216, 220



220, 215, 217



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



216, 217, 213



254, 255, 252



217, 214, 213



127, 128, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



216, 217, 213



254, 255, 250



214, 217, 213



109, 110, 107



130, 173, 0

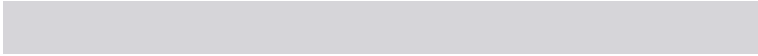


34, 46, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 213, 217



251, 250, 255



216, 213, 217



108, 107, 110



43, 0, 173

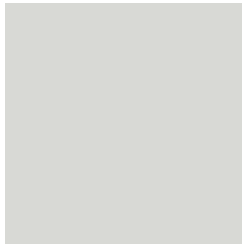


11, 0, 46



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 216, 217, 213 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

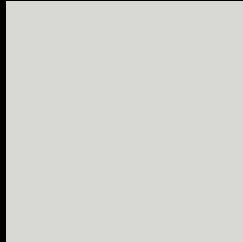
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 216, 217, 213 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

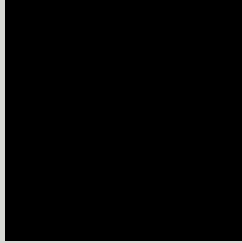
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

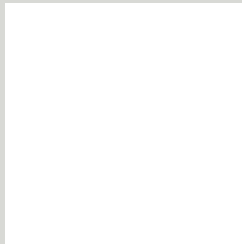
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 216, 217, 213 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 216, 217, 213.

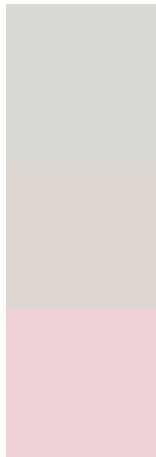


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 216, 217, 213.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
216, 217, 213

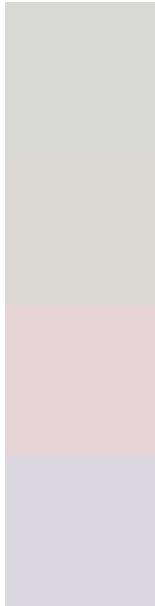
**Protanopia**  
221, 215, 212

**Deuteranopia**  
238, 209, 215



**Tritanopia**  
219, 214, 231

# Trichromacy



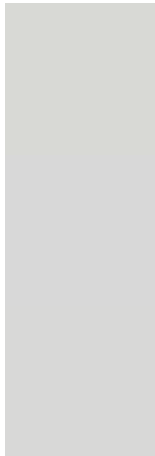
**Original Color**  
216, 217, 213

**Protanomaly**  
219, 216, 212

**Deuteranomaly**  
230, 212, 214

**Tritanomaly**  
218, 215, 224

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
216, 217, 213

**Achromatopsia**  
216, 216, 216

**Achromatomaly**  
216, 216, 215

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 216, 217, 213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(216, 217, 213) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 217, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 217, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 217, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 216, 217, 213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

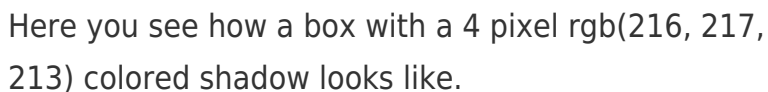
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 217, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 217, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 217, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 217, 213); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 217, 213); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 217, 213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 216, 217, 213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 217, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
217, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor