

Converting Colors

RGB(217, 171, 171)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(217, 171, 171) contains.

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Color

RGB(217, 171, 171)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9ABAB
RGB	217, 171, 171
RGB Percent	85%, 67%, 67%
CMY	0.1490, 0.3294, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.21, 0.15
HSL	0°, 38%, 76%
HSV	0°, 21%, 85%
XYZ	50.5289, 46.8178, 44.9017
YIQ	184.7540, 27.4160, 9.7520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

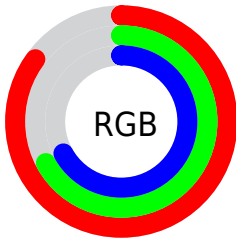
Format	Color
R _Y B	217, 171, 171
Decimal	14265259
CIE Lab	74.07, 16.80, 6.43
CIE LCh	74, 17.989, 20.950
Yxy	46.8178, 0.3552, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292455339 (0xFFD9ABAB)
YUV	184.7540, -6.7807, 28.2797
Hunter-Lab	68.4235, 12.0761, 8.9885

Details

The RGB color **217, 171, 171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **171, 217, 217**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 226, 226**, and **161, 119, 119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **217, 149, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217, 193, 193**.

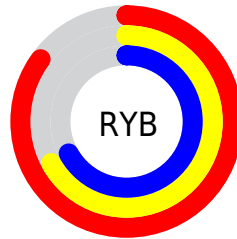
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (67%)

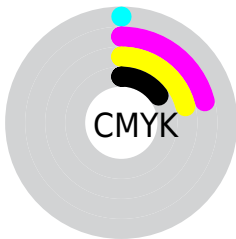
Blue (67%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (67%)

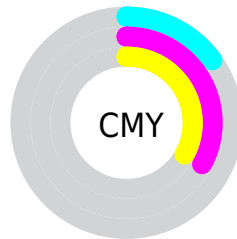


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 217, 171, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 217, 171, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 217, 171, 171

 217, 171, 171

255, 255, 255

 189, 144, 145

 255, 226, 226

 161, 119, 119

255, 255, 255

 135, 94, 94

 109, 70, 71

 84, 47, 48


 59, 26, 27

 39, 1, 0


 0, 0, 0

 217, 171, 171

 217, 171, 171

 217, 149, 149

 217, 193, 193

 217, 128, 128

 217, 214, 214

 217, 106, 106

 217, 236, 236

 217, 84, 84

 217, 255, 255

 217, 63, 63

 217, 41, 41

 217, 19, 19

 217, 0, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212, 171, 188



217, 171, 171



212, 174, 157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



217, 171, 171



164, 189, 161



157, 185, 214

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



217, 171, 171



171, 217, 217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142, 189, 207



217, 171, 171



147, 191, 176

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



217, 171, 171



183, 185, 151



138, 192, 193



179, 180, 213

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



217, 171, 171



205, 177, 151



138, 192, 193



151, 187, 213

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



217, 171, 171



255, 240, 240



217, 171, 217



128, 119, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



217, 171, 171



255, 191, 191



217, 194, 171



110, 99, 99



173, 0, 0



46, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 217, 217



191, 255, 255



171, 194, 217



99, 110, 110



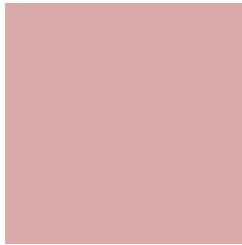
0, 173, 173



0, 46, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 171, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 171, 171 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

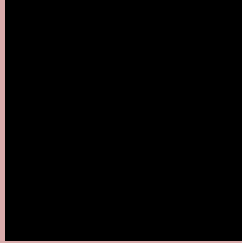
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 217, 171, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 171, 171.

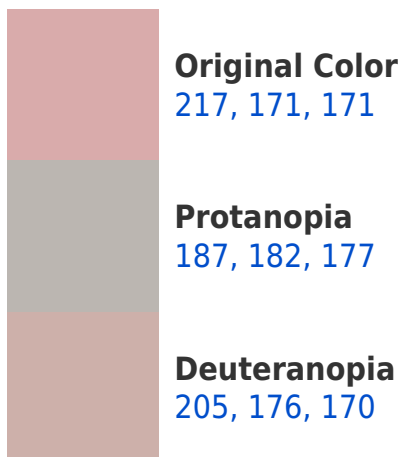



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 171, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
218, 169, 182

Trichromacy



Original Color
217, 171, 171

Protanomaly
198, 178, 175

Deuteranomaly
209, 174, 170

Tritanomaly
218, 170, 178

Monochromacy



Original Color
217, 171, 171

Achromatopsia
185, 185, 185

Achromatomaly
197, 180, 180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 217, 171, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 171, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 171, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 171, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 171, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 217, 171, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 171, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 171, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 171, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 171, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 171, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 171,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 217, 171, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 171, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
171, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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