

# Converting Colors

RGB(217, 196, 171)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(217, 196, 171) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(217, 196, 171)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D9C4AB
RGB	217, 196, 171
RGB Percent	85%, 77%, 67%
CMY	0.1490, 0.2314, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.21, 0.15
HSL	33°, 38%, 76%
HSV	33°, 21%, 85%
XYZ	55.7059, 57.1718, 46.6273
YIQ	199.4290, 20.5410, -3.3230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

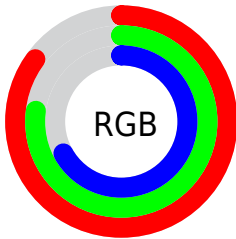
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	210, 217, 171
Decimal	14271659
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	80.28, 3.45, 15.24
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	80, 15.629, 77.255
Yxy	57.1718, 0.3492, 0.3584
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292461739 (0xFFD9C4AB)
YUV	199.4290, -14.0155, 15.4098
Hunter-Lab	75.6121, -0.8143, 16.3664

# Details

The RGB color **217, 196, 171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **171, 192, 217**, and the grayscale version is **200, 200, 200**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 253, 226**, and **162, 142, 119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **217, 186, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217, 206, 193**.

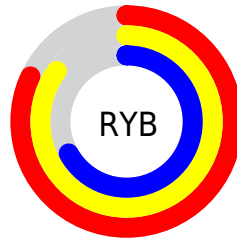
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (77%)

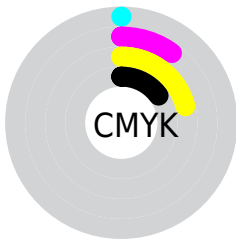
Blue (67%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (67%)

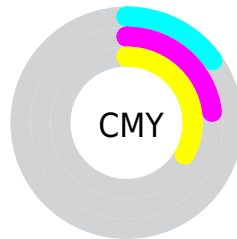


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 217, 196, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 217, 196, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 217, 196, 171

255, 255, 255


 255, 253, 226

 217, 196, 171


 189, 169, 144

 162, 142, 119


 135, 117, 94

 109, 92, 70


 85, 69, 48


 61, 47, 27


 39, 26, 0

 11, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 217, 196, 171

 217, 196, 171

 217, 186, 149

 217, 206, 193

 217, 176, 128

 217, 216, 214

 217, 166, 106

 217, 226, 236

 217, 156, 84

 217, 236, 255


 217, 146, 63

 217, 246, 255

 217, 137, 41

 217, 255, 255

 217, 127, 19

 217, 118, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



227, 192, 178



217, 196, 171



202, 201, 171

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



217, 196, 171



162, 208, 207



212, 193, 219

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



217, 196, 171



171, 192, 217

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194, 198, 227



217, 196, 171



164, 206, 220

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



217, 196, 171



170, 207, 192



176, 202, 227



225, 190, 206

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



217, 196, 171



191, 204, 176



176, 202, 227



206, 194, 222

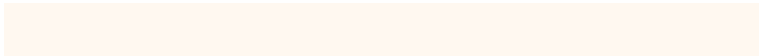


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



217, 196, 171



255, 248, 240



217, 171, 192



128, 123, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

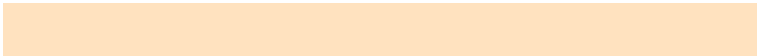


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



217, 196, 171



255, 226, 191



215, 217, 171



110, 105, 99



173, 94, 0



46, 25, 0

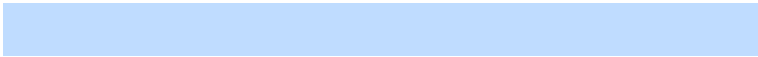


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 192, 217



191, 220, 255



173, 171, 217



99, 104, 110



0, 79, 173

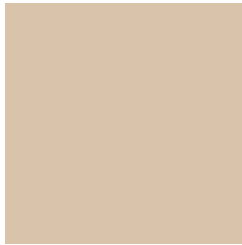


0, 21, 46



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 196, 171 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 196, 171 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

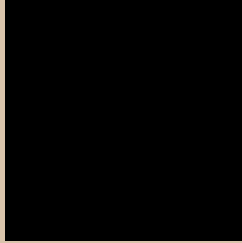
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 217, 196, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 196, 171.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 196, 171.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
217, 196, 171

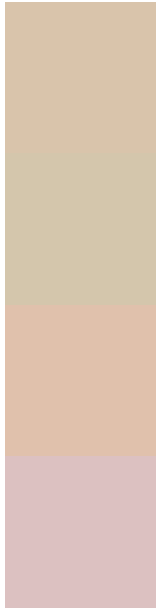
**Protanopia**  
209, 199, 172

**Deuteranopia**  
228, 192, 172



**Tritanopia**  
221, 191, 206

# Trichromacy



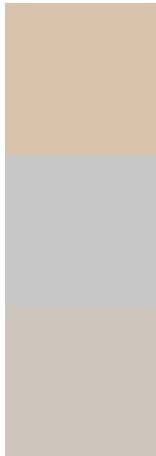
**Original Color**  
217, 196, 171

**Protanomaly**  
212, 198, 172

**Deuteranomaly**  
224, 193, 172

**Tritanomaly**  
220, 193, 193

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
217, 196, 171

**Achromatopsia**  
199, 199, 199

**Achromatomaly**  
206, 198, 189

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 217, 196, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(217, 196, 171) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 196, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 196, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 196, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 217, 196, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 196, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 196, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 196, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 196, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 196, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 196,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 217, 196, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 196, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
196, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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