

Converting Colors

RGB(217, 197, 104)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(217, 197, 104) contains.

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Color

RGB(217, 197, 104)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9C568
RGB	217, 197, 104
RGB Percent	85%, 77%, 41%
CMY	0.1490, 0.2275, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.52, 0.15
HSL	49°, 60%, 63%
HSV	49°, 52%, 85%
XYZ	51.0802, 55.6837, 21.1525
YIQ	192.3780, 41.7730, -24.6830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

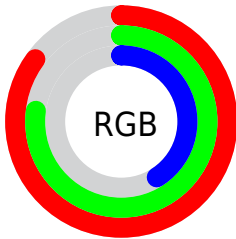
Format	Color
RYB	128, 217, 104
Decimal	14271848
CIELab	79.43, -4.84, 48.71
CIELCh	79, 48.948, 95.672
Yxy	55.6837, 0.3993, 0.4353
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292461928 (0xFFD9C568)
YUV	192.3780, -43.5704, 21.5935
Hunter-Lab	74.6215, -8.4001, 35.4285

Details

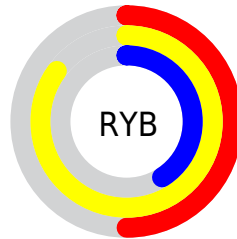
The RGB color **217, 197, 104** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **104, 124, 217**, and the grayscale version is **193, 193, 193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 253, 157**, and **160, 143, 53** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **217, 193, 82**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217, 201, 126**.

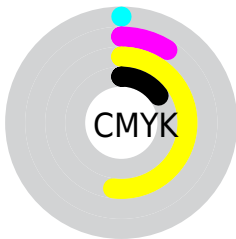
Distribution



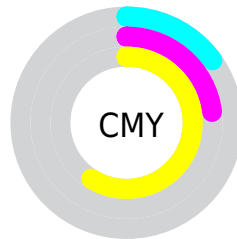
- Red (85%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 217, 197, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 217, 197, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 217, 197, 104

255, 255, 255

 255, 253, 157

 255, 255, 185

 255, 255, 213

 255, 255, 242

 217, 197, 104

 188, 170, 78

 160, 143, 53

 132, 118, 26


 105, 94, 0


 79, 70, 0

 53, 48, 0

 29, 28, 0

 0, 0, 0

 217, 197, 104

 217, 197, 104

■ 217, 193, 82

■ 217, 201, 126

■ 217, 189, 61

■ 217, 205, 147

■ 217, 185, 39

■ 217, 209, 169

■ 217, 182, 17

■ 217, 212, 191

■ 217, 179, 0

■ 217, 216, 213

■ 217, 220, 234

■ 217, 224, 255

■ 217, 228, 255

■ 217, 232, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 181, 114



217, 197, 104



169, 210, 121

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



217, 197, 104



0, 219, 249



255, 166, 235

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



217, 197, 104



104, 124, 217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



213, 182, 255



217, 197, 104



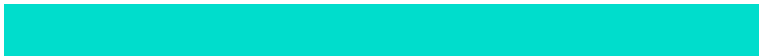
0, 212, 255

Square

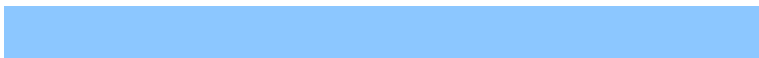
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



217, 197, 104



0, 221, 204



140, 199, 255



255, 160, 190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



217, 197, 104



131, 215, 144



140, 199, 255



248, 171, 249

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



217, 197, 104



255, 248, 214



217, 104, 125



128, 123, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



217, 197, 104



255, 227, 97



181, 217, 104



110, 108, 99



173, 143, 0



46, 38, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



104, 124, 217



97, 125, 255



140, 104, 217



99, 101, 110



0, 31, 173



0, 8, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 197, 104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 197, 104 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 217, 197, 104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 197, 104.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 197, 104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
217, 197, 104

Protanopia
217, 197, 104

Deuteranopia
241, 188, 106



Tritanopia
226, 186, 201

Trichromacy



Original Color
217, 197, 104

Protanomaly
217, 197, 104

Deuteranomaly
232, 191, 105

Tritanomaly
223, 190, 166

Monochromacy



Original Color
217, 197, 104

Achromatopsia
192, 192, 192

Achromatomaly
201, 194, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 217, 197, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 197, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 197, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 197, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 197, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 217, 197, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 197, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 197, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 197, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 197, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 197, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 197,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 217, 197, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 197, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
197, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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