

Converting Colors

RGB(217, 204, 138)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(217, 204, 138) contains.

RGB(217, 204, 138)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(217, 204, 138)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9CC8A
RGB	217, 204, 138
RGB Percent	85%, 80%, 54%
CMY	0.1490, 0.2000, 0.4588
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.36, 0.15
HSL	50°, 51%, 70%
HSV	50°, 36%, 85%
XYZ	54.7956, 59.7724, 32.6940
YIQ	200.3630, 28.9340, -17.7700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

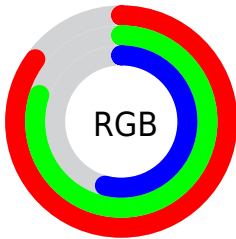
Format	Color
RYB	154, 217, 138
Decimal	14273674
CIELab	81.71, -5.04, 34.55
CIELCh	82, 34.913, 98.305
Yxy	59.7724, 0.3721, 0.4059
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292463754 (0xFFD9CC8A)
YUV	200.3630, -30.7450, 14.5906
Hunter-Lab	77.3126, -8.7846, 29.0463

Details

The RGB color **217, 204, 138** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C9C999**. A complement of this color would be **138, 151, 217**, and the grayscale version is **201, 201, 201**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 192**, and **161, 150, 87** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **217, 200, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217, 208, 160**.

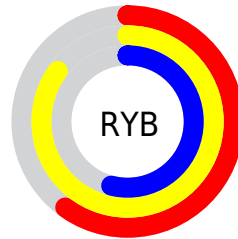
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (80%)

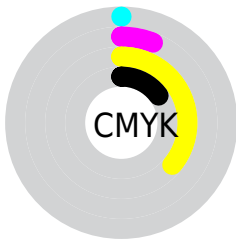
Blue (54%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (54%)

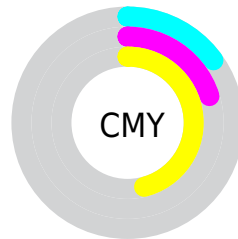


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 217, 204, 138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 217, 204, 138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 217, 204, 138

255, 255, 255


 255, 255, 192

 255, 255, 220

 255, 255, 249

 217, 204, 138

 189, 177, 112

 161, 150, 87

 134, 124, 63

 108, 99, 39

 82, 76, 15

 58, 53, 0

 34, 32, 0

 0, 10, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 217, 204, 138

■ 217, 204, 138

■ 217, 200, 116

■ 217, 208, 160

■ 217, 197, 95

■ 217, 211, 181

■ 217, 193, 73

■ 217, 215, 203

■ 217, 190, 51

■ 217, 218, 225

■ 217, 186, 30

■ 217, 222, 246

■ 217, 183, 8

■ 217, 225, 255

■ 217, 181, 0

■ 217, 229, 255

■ 217, 233, 255

■ 217, 236, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



247, 193, 143



217, 204, 138



181, 213, 151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



217, 204, 138



97, 219, 243



252, 182, 228

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



217, 204, 138



138, 151, 217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



219, 191, 255



217, 204, 138



126, 213, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



217, 204, 138



108, 221, 211



174, 203, 255



255, 179, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



217, 204, 138



155, 218, 168



174, 203, 255



243, 185, 238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



217, 204, 138



255, 250, 227



217, 138, 151



128, 125, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



217, 204, 138



255, 237, 143



191, 217, 138



110, 108, 99



173, 145, 0



46, 38, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



138, 151, 217



143, 161, 255



164, 138, 217



99, 100, 110



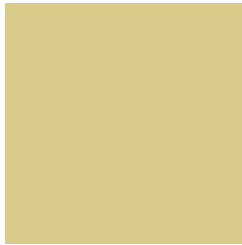
0, 29, 173



0, 8, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 204, 138 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 204, 138 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

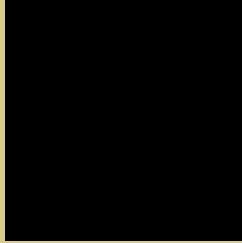
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 217, 204, 138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 204, 138.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 204, 138.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
217, 204, 138

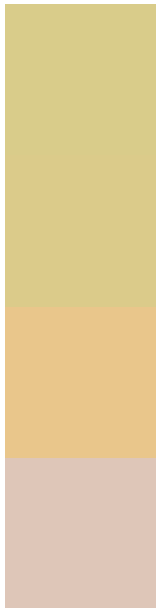
Protanopia
220, 203, 138

Deuteranopia
242, 194, 140



Tritanopia
225, 195, 210

Trichromacy



Original Color

217, 204, 138

Protanomaly

219, 203, 138

Deuteranomaly

233, 198, 139

Tritanomaly

222, 198, 184

Monochromacy



Original Color

217, 204, 138

Achromatopsia

200, 200, 200

Achromatomaly

206, 201, 177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 217, 204, 138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 204, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 204, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 204, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 204, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 217, 204, 138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 204, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 204, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 204, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 204, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 204, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 204,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 217, 204, 138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 204, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
204, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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