

Converting Colors

RGB(217, 215, 223)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(217, 215, 223) contains.

RGB(217, 215, 223)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(217, 215, 223)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9D7DF
RGB	217, 215, 223
RGB Percent	85%, 84%, 87%
CMY	0.1490, 0.1569, 0.1255
CMYK	0.03, 0.04, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	255°, 11%, 86%
HSV	255°, 4%, 87%
XYZ	66.2350, 68.6803, 79.5777
YIQ	216.5100, -1.3760, 2.9120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

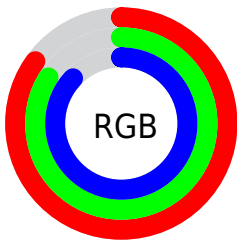
Format	Color
RYB	217, 215, 223
Decimal	14276575
CIELab	86.35, 2.14, -3.69
CIELCh	86, 4.272, 300.126
Yxy	68.6803, 0.3088, 0.3202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292466655 (0xFFD9D7DF)
YUV	216.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297
Hunter-Lab	82.8736, -2.3663, 1.0795

Details

The RGB color **217, 215, 223** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **221, 223, 215**, and the grayscale version is **216, 216, 216**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **162, 160, 168** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **200, 193, 223**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **234, 237, 223**.

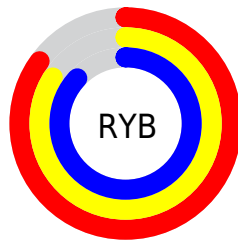
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (84%)

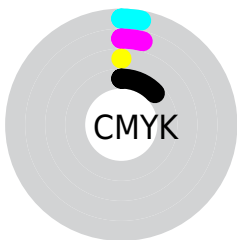
Blue (87%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (87%)

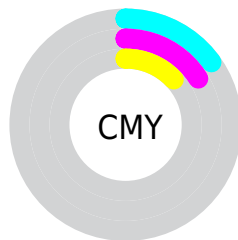


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 217, 215, 223 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 217, 215, 223 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 217, 215, 223

255, 255, 255

■ 217, 215, 223

■ 189, 187, 195

■ 162, 160, 168

■ 136, 134, 141

■ 111, 109, 116

■ 86, 85, 91

■ 63, 61, 68

■ 41, 40, 46

■ 21, 19, 25

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 217, 215, 223

■ 217, 215, 223

■ 200, 193, 223

■ 234, 237, 223

■ 184, 170, 223

■ 250, 255, 223

■ 167, 148, 223

■ 255, 255, 223

■ 150, 126, 223

■ 133, 104, 223

■ 117, 81, 223

■ 100, 59, 223

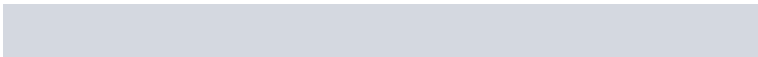
■ 83, 37, 223

■ 66, 14, 223

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212, 216, 224



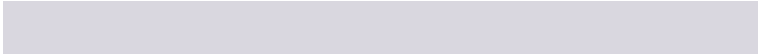
217, 215, 223



222, 214, 220

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



217, 215, 223



223, 214, 209



207, 219, 216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



217, 215, 223



221, 223, 215

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210, 218, 212



217, 215, 223



220, 216, 208

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



217, 215, 223



225, 214, 212



215, 217, 209



206, 218, 220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



217, 215, 223



224, 214, 218



215, 217, 209



208, 218, 214

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



217, 215, 223



253, 252, 255



215, 221, 223



127, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



217, 215, 223



247, 245, 255



221, 215, 223



108, 107, 112



44, 0, 176



12, 0, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



223, 215, 221



255, 245, 252



217, 223, 215



112, 107, 111



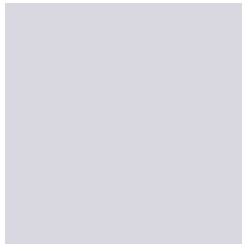
176, 0, 132



48, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 215, 223 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

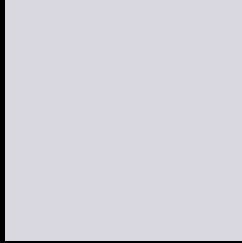
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 215, 223 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

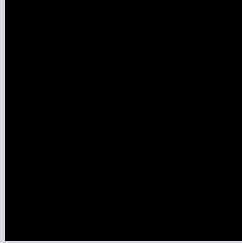
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

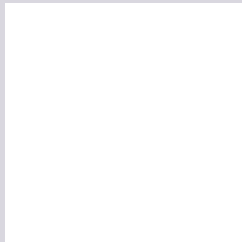
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 217, 215, 223 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 215, 223.

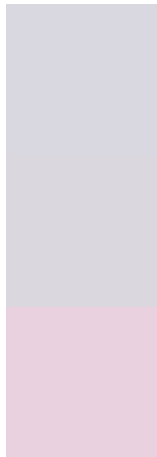


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 215, 223.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
217, 215, 223

Protanopia
218, 215, 223

Deuteranopia
233, 209, 224



Tritanopia
218, 214, 231

Trichromacy



Original Color

217, 215, 223

Protanomaly

218, 215, 223

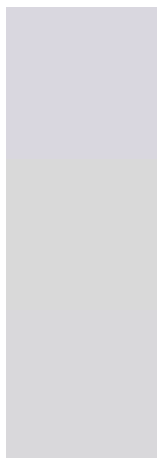
Deuteranomaly

227, 211, 224

Tritanomaly

218, 214, 228

Monochromacy



Original Color

217, 215, 223

Achromatopsia

217, 217, 217

Achromatomaly

217, 216, 219

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 217, 215, 223 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(217, 215, 223) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 215, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 215, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 215, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 217, 215, 223 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 215, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 215, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 215, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 215, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 215, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 215,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 217, 215, 223 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 215, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
215, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor