

Converting Colors

RGB(217, 21, 137)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(217, 21, 137) contains.

RGB(217, 21, 137)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(217, 21, 137)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D91589
RGB	217, 21, 137
RGB Percent	85%, 8%, 54%
CMY	0.1490, 0.9176, 0.4627
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.37, 0.15
HSL	324°, 82%, 47%
HSV	324°, 90%, 85%
XYZ	33.3988, 17.0942, 25.2061
YIQ	92.8280, 79.5800, 77.6280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

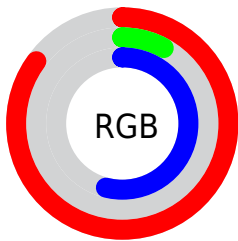
Format	Color
R_{YB}	217, 21, 137
Decimal	14226825
CIE _{Lab}	48.38, 75.34, -11.81
CIE _{LCh}	48, 76.258, 351.093
Yxy	17.0942, 0.4412, 0.2258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292416905 (0xFFD91589)
YUV	92.8280, 21.7768, 108.8988
Hunter-Lab	41.3451, 71.8392, -7.2046

Details

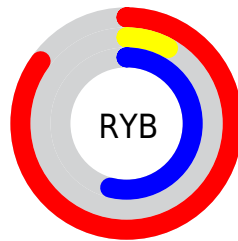
The RGB color **217, 21, 137** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3399**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **21, 217, 101**, and the grayscale version is **93, 93, 93**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 97, 190**, and **156, 0, 87** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **217, 0, 128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **217, 43, 146**.

Distribution



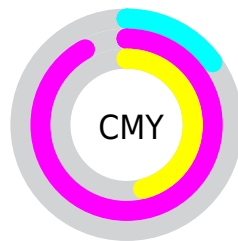
- Red (85%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 217, 21, 137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 217, 21, 137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



217, 21, 137



217, 21, 137

255, 255, 255



186, 0, 112



255, 97, 190



156, 0, 87



255, 128, 218



127, 0, 64



255, 157, 247



97, 0, 42



255, 187, 255



70, 0, 21



255, 217, 255



39, 0, 1



255, 247, 255



0, 0, 0



217, 21, 137



217, 21, 137



217, 0, 128



217, 43, 146

■ 217, 64, 155

■ 217, 86, 164

■ 217, 108, 172

■ 217, 130, 181

■ 217, 151, 190

■ 217, 173, 199

■ 217, 195, 208

■ 217, 216, 217

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171, 70, 197



217, 21, 137



224, 28, 73

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



217, 21, 137



96, 125, 0



0, 139, 215

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



217, 21, 137



21, 217, 101

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 142, 160



217, 21, 137



0, 136, 17

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



217, 21, 137



156, 105, 0



0, 141, 93



0, 129, 244

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



217, 21, 137



211, 60, 31



0, 141, 93



0, 141, 199

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



217, 21, 137



255, 186, 227



99, 21, 217



128, 87, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



217, 21, 137



255, 0, 151



217, 21, 41



110, 99, 105



173, 0, 103



46, 0, 27

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



217, 21, 137



255, 0, 151



21, 217, 197



110, 99, 105



173, 0, 103



46, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 21, 137 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

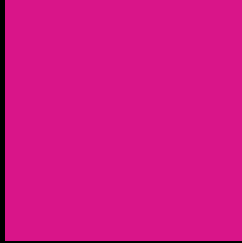
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 21, 137 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 217, 21, 137 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 21, 137.

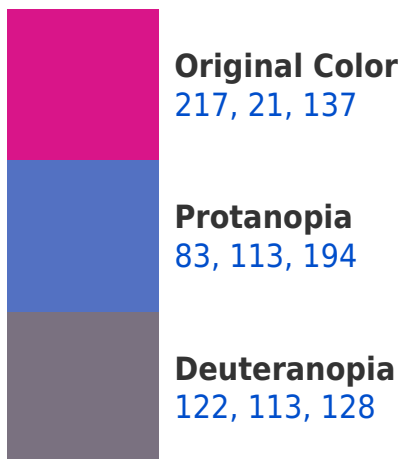


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 21, 137.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
212, 57, 59

Trichromacy



Original Color

217, 21, 137



Protanomaly

132, 80, 173



Deuteranomaly

157, 80, 131



Tritanomaly

214, 44, 87

Monochromacy



Original Color

217, 21, 137



Achromatopsia

93, 93, 93



Achromatomaly

138, 67, 109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 217, 21, 137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 21, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 21, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 21, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 21, 137) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 217, 21, 137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 21, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 21, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 21, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 21, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 21, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 21,  
137) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 217, 21, 137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 21, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217, 21,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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