

Converting Colors

RGB(217, 221, 249)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(217, 221, 249) contains.

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Color

RGB(217, 221, 249)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9DDF9
RGB	217, 221, 249
RGB Percent	85%, 87%, 98%
CMY	0.1490, 0.1333, 0.0235
CMYK	0.13, 0.11, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	232°, 73%, 91%
HSV	232°, 13%, 98%
XYZ	71.5706, 73.3042, 99.9995
YIQ	222.9960, -11.3720, 7.8600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

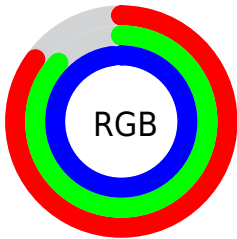
Format	Color
R _Y B	217, 221, 249
Decimal	14278137
CIE Lab	88.59, 4.06, -14.07
CIE LCh	89, 14.646, 286.075
Yxy	73.3042, 0.2923, 0.2994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292468217 (0xFFD9DDF9)
YUV	222.9960, 12.8200, -5.2585
Hunter-Lab	85.6179, -0.6176, -9.3167

Details

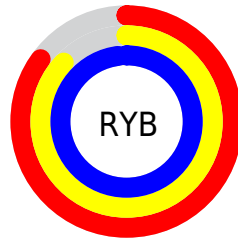
The RGB color **217, 221, 249** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **249, 245, 217**, and the grayscale version is **223, 223, 223**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **162, 166, 193** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **192, 199, 249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **242, 243, 249**.

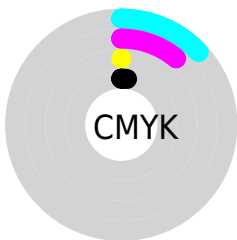
Distribution



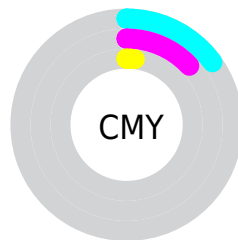
- Red (85%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 217, 221, 249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 217, 221, 249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 217, 221, 249

255, 255, 255

■ 217, 221, 249

■ 189, 193, 220

■ 162, 166, 193

■ 136, 140, 165

■ 110, 114, 139

■ 85, 90, 114

■ 62, 66, 89

■ 39, 44, 66

■ 18, 24, 43

■ 0, 1, 23

■ 217, 221, 249

■ 217, 221, 249

■ 192, 199, 249

■ 242, 243, 249

■ 167, 177, 249

■ 255, 255, 249

■ 142, 156, 249

■ 117, 134, 249

■ 93, 112, 249

■ 68, 90, 249

■ 43, 68, 249

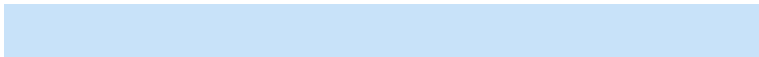
■ 18, 47, 249

■ 0, 31, 249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200, 226, 249



217, 221, 249



234, 217, 242

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



217, 221, 249



250, 215, 203



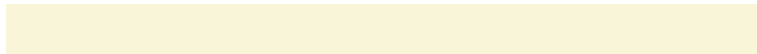
196, 230, 215

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



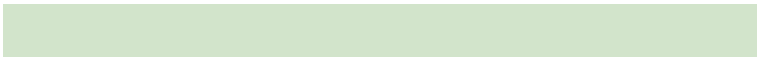
217, 221, 249



249, 245, 217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210, 228, 203



217, 221, 249



240, 219, 196

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



217, 221, 249



252, 213, 215



226, 224, 196



188, 231, 230

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



217, 221, 249



243, 214, 234



226, 224, 196



200, 230, 211

Sweetspot

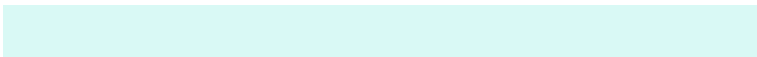
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



217, 221, 249



245, 246, 255



217, 249, 245



121, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



217, 221, 249



217, 222, 255



229, 217, 249



112, 114, 125



0, 24, 189



0, 8, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 217, 221



255, 217, 222



237, 249, 217



125, 112, 114



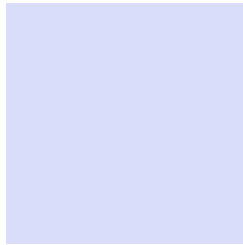
189, 0, 24



61, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 221, 249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

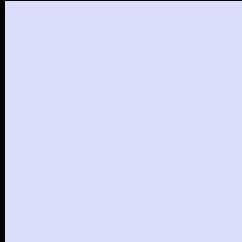
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 217, 221, 249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

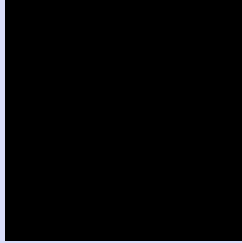
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 217, 221, 249 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 221, 249.

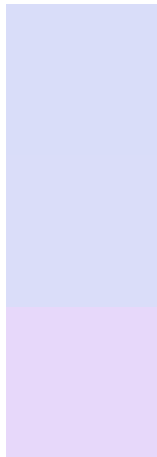


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 217, 221, 249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
217, 221, 249

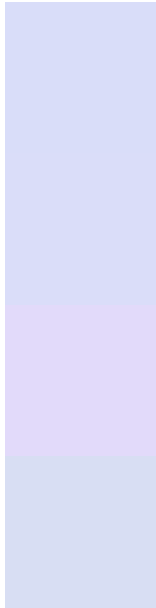
Protanopia
218, 221, 249

Deuteranopia
231, 216, 250



Tritanopia
215, 222, 240

Trichromacy



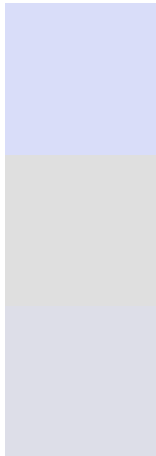
Original Color
217, 221, 249

Protanomaly
218, 221, 249

Deuteranomaly
226, 218, 250

Tritanomaly
216, 222, 243

Monochromacy



Original Color
217, 221, 249

Achromatopsia
223, 223, 223

Achromatomaly
221, 222, 232

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 217, 221, 249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 221, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 221, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 221, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 221, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 217, 221, 249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

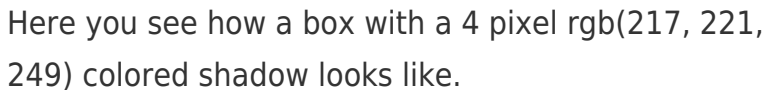
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 221, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 221, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 221, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 221, 249); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 221, 249); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 221, 249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 217, 221, 249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 221, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
221, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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