

Converting Colors

RGB(218, 152, 158)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(218, 152, 158) contains.

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Color

RGB(218, 152, 158)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	DA989E
RGB	218, 152, 158
RGB Percent	85%, 60%, 62%
CMY	0.1451, 0.4039, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.28, 0.15
HSL	355°, 47%, 73%
HSV	355°, 30%, 85%
XYZ	46.3132, 39.8305, 37.5948
YIQ	172.4180, 37.4100, 15.8580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

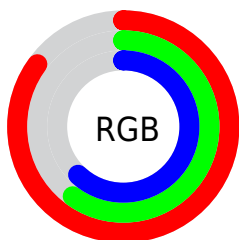
Format	Color
RYB	218, 152, 158
Decimal	14325918
CIELab	69.35, 25.57, 6.84
CIELCh	69, 26.470, 14.984
Yxy	39.8305, 0.3743, 0.3219
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292515998 (0xFFDA989E)
YUV	172.4180, -7.1081, 39.9754
Hunter-Lab	63.1114, 20.5442, 8.8595

Details

The RGB color **218, 152, 158** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **152, 218, 212**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 207, 213**, and **162, 100, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **218, 130, 138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **218, 174, 178**.

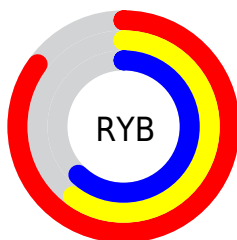
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (60%)

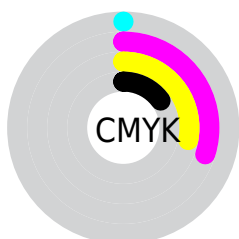
Blue (62%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (62%)

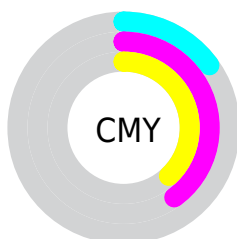


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 218, 152, 158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 218, 152, 158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 218, 152, 158

 218, 152, 158

255, 255, 255

 189, 126, 132

 255, 207, 213

 162, 100, 107

 255, 235, 241

 134, 76, 83

 108, 52, 60

 82, 29, 38

 57, 6, 17

 36, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0

 218, 152, 158


 218, 152, 158

 218, 130, 138


 218, 174, 178

 218, 108, 118

 218, 196, 198

 218, 87, 99


 218, 217, 217

 218, 65, 79

 218, 239, 237

 218, 43, 59

 218, 255, 255

 218, 21, 39

 218, 0, 20

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209, 153, 182



218, 152, 158



213, 156, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218, 152, 158



147, 178, 135



123, 175, 215

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



218, 152, 158



152, 218, 212

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100, 181, 202



218, 152, 158



120, 182, 156

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



218, 152, 158



174, 172, 123



100, 183, 181



156, 167, 215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



218, 152, 158



204, 161, 127



100, 183, 181



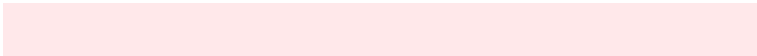
113, 177, 212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



218, 152, 158



255, 232, 234



211, 152, 218



128, 113, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218, 152, 158



255, 163, 172



218, 178, 152



110, 99, 100



173, 0, 16



46, 0, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



218, 152, 158



255, 163, 172



152, 192, 218



110, 99, 100



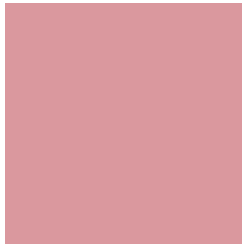
173, 0, 16



46, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 152, 158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

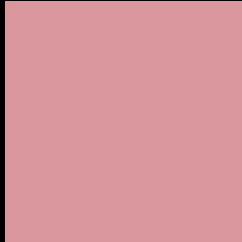
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 152, 158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

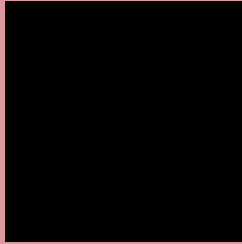
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 218, 152, 158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 152, 158.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 152, 158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

218, 152, 158

Protanopia

173, 169, 167

Deuteranopia





191, 164, 156






Tritanopia

218, 151, 163

Trichromacy

	Original Color 218, 152, 158
	Protanomaly 189, 163, 164
	Deuteranomaly 201, 160, 157
	Tritanomaly 218, 151, 161

Monochromacy

	Original Color 218, 152, 158
	Achromatopsia 172, 172, 172
	Achromatomaly 189, 165, 167

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 218, 152, 158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(218, 152, 158) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 152, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 152, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 152, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 218, 152, 158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 152, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 152, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 152, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 152, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 152, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 152,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 218, 152, 158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 152, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
152, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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