

Converting Colors

RGB(218, 158, 255)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(218, 158, 255) contains.

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Color

RGB(218, 158, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DA9EFF
RGB	218, 158, 255
RGB Percent	85%, 62%, 100%
CMY	0.1451, 0.3804, 0.0000
CMYK	0.15, 0.38, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	277°, 100%, 81%
HSV	277°, 38%, 100%
XYZ	59.1903, 46.5791, 100.4787
YIQ	186.9980, 4.6230, 42.8870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

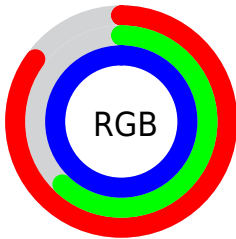
Format	Color
R _Y B	218, 158, 255
Decimal	14327551
CIE Lab	73.92, 39.39, -39.68
CIE LCh	74, 55.916, 314.792
Yxy	46.5791, 0.2870, 0.2258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292517631 (0xFFDA9EFF)
YUV	186.9980, 33.5250, 27.1888
Hunter-Lab	68.2489, 35.3723, -39.5148

Details

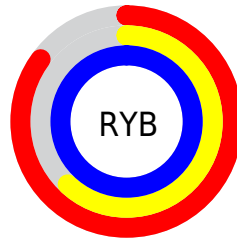
The RGB color **218, 158, 255** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **195, 255, 158**, and the grayscale version is **187, 187, 187**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 213, 255**, and **162, 105, 198** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **208, 132, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **228, 184, 255**.

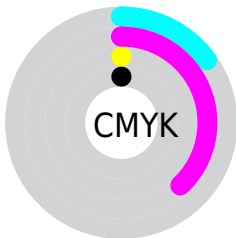
Distribution



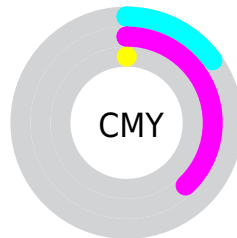
- Red (85%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 218, 158, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 218, 158, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 218, 158, 255

 218, 158, 255

255, 255, 255


 189, 131, 226

 255, 213, 255

 162, 105, 198

 255, 242, 255

 134, 80, 170

 108, 56, 144

 82, 31, 117

 56, 4, 92

 32, 0, 68

 0, 0, 45

 0, 1, 23

■ 218, 158, 255

■ 218, 158, 255

■ 208, 132, 255

■ 228, 184, 255

■ 199, 107, 255

■ 237, 209, 255

■ 189, 82, 255

■ 247, 235, 255

■ 179, 56, 255

255, 255, 255

■ 169, 31, 255

■ 160, 5, 255

■ 158, 0, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140, 178, 255



218, 158, 255



255, 141, 210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



218, 158, 255



233, 170, 80



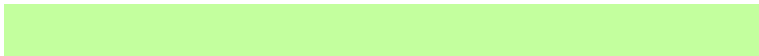
0, 208, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



218, 158, 255



195, 255, 158

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28, 206, 153



218, 158, 255



187, 187, 77

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



218, 158, 255



255, 151, 111



129, 199, 106



0, 204, 253

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



218, 158, 255



255, 137, 175



129, 199, 106



0, 208, 189

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



218, 158, 255



244, 227, 255



158, 195, 255



121, 111, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



218, 158, 255



210, 138, 255



255, 158, 244



123, 115, 128



118, 0, 191



39, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

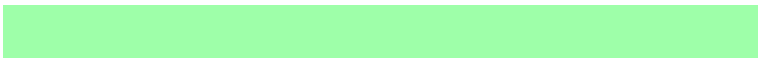
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 158, 195



255, 138, 182



158, 255, 169



128, 115, 120



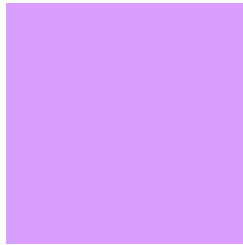
191, 0, 73



64, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 158, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

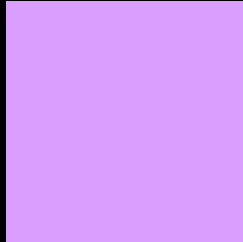
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 218, 158, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 218, 158, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 158, 255.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 218, 158, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
218, 158, 255

Protanopia
158, 180, 255

Deuteranopia
160, 180, 251



Tritanopia
207, 172, 186

Trichromacy



Original Color

218, 158, 255



Protanomaly

180, 172, 255



Deuteranomaly

181, 172, 252

Tritanomaly

211, 167, 211

Monochromacy



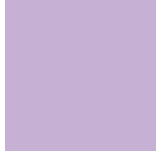
Original Color

218, 158, 255



Achromatopsia

187, 187, 187



Achromatomaly

198, 176, 212

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 218, 158, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 158, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 158, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 158, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 158, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 218, 158, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 158, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 158, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 158, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 158, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 158, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 158,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 218, 158, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 158, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
158, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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